

711 Fifth Avenue, New York, N.Y.

BROADCASTERS' NEWS BULLETIN

Issued by

THE NATIONAL ASSOCIATION OF BROADCASTERS

NATIONAL PRESS BUILDING ♦ ♦ ♦ WASHINGTON, D. C.

PHILIP G. LOUCKS, Managing Director

November 26, 1932

NOV 28 1932

A UNITED INDUSTRY

The National Association of Broadcasters emerged from the St. Louis Convention a stronger and more effective organization.

More than three hundred broadcasters attended the sessions. Members and non-members, representatives of nationwide networks and regional networks, large and small stations were in attendance. The actions of the meeting were those of a united industry.

In no small way the program mapped out at St. Louis constitutes a declaration of independence for the broadcasting industry.

The vigorous action taken on the copyright matter was but one of the steps taken by the industry to serve notice on the world that the broadcasters intend to meet their problems with a determination to solve them and to mobilize all of their resources and power against unfair attacks.

Consideration is now being given to ways and means of financing the program and at the same time plans are being made to greatly increase the Association's membership.

The Association has embarked upon a new era of its existence. It will continue to go forward during the next year and with the support of a united industry its 1933 program cannot fail.

RESOLUTIONS ADOPTED AT ST. LOUIS

Following are the formal resolutions adopted by the NAB at the St. Louis Convention. In addition to these resolutions there were more than a score of motions adopted during the three-day session. These motions cannot be reported until a complete copy of the transcript is available.

RESOLUTION NO. I

RESOLVED, that the National Association of Broadcasters, recognizing the self-sacrificing and devoted service during the past year of its President, Harry Shaw, hereby records its appreciation of his work, the high quality of which is evidenced by the growth of this Association both in membership and in activity during his administration.

RESOLUTION NO. II

RESOLVED, by the National Association of Broadcasters, that this Association extend its profound thanks to Commissioner Harold A. LaFount for his splendid address delivered before this organization at the St. Louis meeting.

RESOLUTION NO. III

RESOLVED, by the National Association of Broadcasters, that this Association extend its thanks to the Hon. Victor Miller, Mayor of St. Louis, and to the City of St. Louis, for the hospitality extended to the National Association of Broadcasters during its Tenth Annual Convention, November 14 to 16, 1932.

RESOLUTION NO. IV

RESOLVED, by the National Association of Broadcasters, that this organization extend its appreciation to Congressman Claiborne for the excellent address delivered before this convention at the Chase Hotel in St. Louis.

RESOLUTION NO. V

RESOLVED, by the National Association of Broadcasters, that the thanks of this Association be extended to the radio stations and the radio trade associations of St. Louis and to the officials of the Hotel Chase for the royal entertainment extended to members of this Association upon the occasion of our Tenth Annual Convention held in that city, November 14 to 16, 1932.

RESOLUTION NO. VI

RESOLVED, by the National Association of Broadcasters, that
WHEREAS, many changes are clearly necessary in the constitution and by-laws of this Association, the President of the organization is hereby authorized and

directed to appoint a committee to devise ways and means of changing such constitution and by-laws and to provide, among other things, for the re-organization of the Board of Directors to allow for equitable geographical representation, and also as to clear channel, regional channel and local station representation, and that the Board of Directors be further directed to prepare plans for revising the scale of dues for members of this Association, said revision to be based on volume of gross business or any other feasible and equitable plan, and to take the steps necessary to put such plan into operation.

RESOLUTION NO. VII

RESOLVED, by the National Association of Broadcasters, that since it is necessary that the Managing Director of this organization be conversant with all the problems facing radio broadcasters of the United States, the Managing Director hereby is appointed an ex-officio member of any and all committees and that the power to call meetings of all subcommittees shall reside in the office of the Managing Director.

RESOLUTION NO. VIII

RESOLVED, that pending a revision of the by-laws, the Managing Director be authorized to accept active memberships from stations whose gross business for the preceding twelve months has been less than \$30,000 at \$60 per annum.

RESOLUTION NO. IX

RESOLVED, by the members of the National Association of Broadcasters, in convention assembled, that we believe the composers and publishers of music are entitled to fair compensation, measured in proportion to the actual use of their compositions, and we hereby pledge ourselves to each other, to the National Association of Broadcasters, and to the broadcasting industry, to make a firm and united effort to obtain a fair and equitable solution for the copyright problem, and to secure for the industry, for the independent composers and the public -- if need be, by legislation, litigation or otherwise -- protection against any organization which may undertake to levy an arbitrary and extortionate tribute upon the users of music under the pretence of a copyright monopoly.

RESOLUTION NO. X

RESOLVED, that the membership of the National Association of Broadcasters authorize the Board of Directors to consider the establishment, under the supervision of the Board of Directors, of a non-profit, cooperative corporation to be known as Radio Program Foundation or some such name, with power to use the name and the authority of the National Association of Broadcasters to obtain subscriptions for the necessary capital therefor; it being expressly provided that the treasury of the National Association of Broadcasters shall assume no financial liabilities in such enterprise.

TEXT OF COPYRIGHT MOTION

The text of the motion presented to the St. Louis meeting by I. D. Levy of Philadelphia, Pa. under which Oswald F. Schuette assumes complete charge of NAB copyright activities, is as follows:

"I move that Mr. Schuette be named director general, or some equivalent name, of the National Association of Broadcasters, with the absolute power, subject only to change by a director general if such person be appointed, of the type of John W. Davis, Al Smith or Newton Baker, with power, first, to negotiate, after advice but with absolute control and decision, a contract with the American Society on behalf of the NAB; second, if, after consideration upon legislative matters, Mr. Schuette decides certain action shall be taken in that direction, he shall have the absolute power, subject, of course, to restriction only by the director general, as I have stated, to go ahead with his legislative program; and, third, to take all necessary legal action to bring about and effect a proper relationship between the American Society and the National Association of Broadcasters, even if it goes to the extent of going to the courts for the dissolution of that organization."

The motion was unanimously adopted by the Convention with the understanding that those voting for it obligate themselves to contribute toward the success of the campaign outlined in the motion.

- - - -

BUREAU RULES ON POWER TAX

Sustaining its earlier ruling, the Bureau of Internal Revenue has held that electrical energy consumed by broadcasting stations operated for commercial or entertainment purposes is subject to the three per cent tax imposed under Section 616 of the Revenue Act of 1932. However, the Bureau has ruled, where a broadcasting station is owned and operated by an educational or religious institution and is used exclusively for the purpose of broadcasting educational or religious programs in connection with such institutions, electrical energy consumed in such operations is not subject to the tax.

The letter addressed to the Association from Commissioner David Burnet is as follows:

"Reference is made to your letter of August 11, 1932, and to a conference held in this office relative to the application of Section 616 of the Revenue Act of 1932 on electrical energy consumed by broadcasting companies.

"After a careful consideration of all the evidence submitted, it was held that the electrical energy furnished to radio broadcasting stations and offices engaged in commercial advertising through the medium of furnishing entertainment to the public is commercial in its scope and is subject to the tax imposed by section 616 of the above-mentioned Act.

"The case has been reviewed and this office is still of the opinion the holding that the energy consumed is commercial in its scope and taxable, is in accordance with the law and regulations. The previous decision stated in office letter of September 9, 1932, is therefore reaffirmed."

- - - -

BETTER RECEPTION REPORTED

Better reception has resulted from the 50-cycle deviation order, the Federal Radio Commission declared in a statement this week. The statement in part follows:

"The Commission is gratified to be able to announce that the general reception of broadcast stations has been materially improved by the new regulations requiring all stations to maintain the frequency within 50 cycles of the assignment. This improvement is apparent to listeners by the absence of audible heterodyne or squeals in the reception of stations on duplicated channels. Before the enactment of the 50-cycle rule, listeners residing within the order of 8 or 10 miles from a 250-watt station may have received objectionable heterodyne or squeals from other stations on that channel but by the new frequency maintenance, this heterodyne or squeal is entirely eliminated permitting the stations to service that area and 12 to 15 miles away very satisfactorily whereas the previous service was unsatisfactory or materially impaired.

"These benefits have been brought about in the broadcast industry, first by Rule 144 which requires all stations to maintain the frequency within 50 cycles of the assignment, and second by Rule 145 which requires an approved frequency monitor to assist in maintaining the station within 50 cycles of the assignment. It is not considered possible that stations could maintain the frequency within the 50-cycle requirement without this separate monitor.

"As of November 15, nearly all of the 615 broadcast stations had installed approved monitors and all except 23 of these had obtained a check of the calibration of the monitor with a reliable standard and determined that its accuracy met the requirements of the Commission. The 51 stations that had not installed monitors by November 15 may be divided into the following classes: Stations that had an extension of the working of Rule 145 to November 30, 1932, on the basis that they had ordered an approved monitor with promise of delivery and installation prior to that date. There are 14 stations in this class.

"The second group consists of stations that have been given an extension of Rule 145 to November 30, 1932, on the basis that they have ordered frequency monitors that have not been approved but are now undergoing test at the Bureau of Standards. Nine stations are in this class.

"The third group consists of the irregularities in cases where suspensions of the working of Rule 145 have been granted due to the renewal of license of the station having been set for hearing, heard, or stations operating under stay orders of the court, also certain of these stations have neither ordered monitors nor have they operated since the Rule became effective. All stations in this class must procure monitors before they may resume operation or upon the decision in cases of litigation before operation may be resumed. In this class there are 28 stations.

"There are 23 stations that have installed approved frequency monitors but have not submitted data to the Commission on a satisfactory check against a standard to show the calibration or accuracy meets with the required specifications of the Commission.

BETTER RECEPTION REPORTED (Continued)

"The records show that many of the monitors drifted in frequency after having once been calibrated and, therefore, a regular routine check of the accuracy or calibration of the monitor is necessary to insure operation within the required limits. In approving the frequency monitors, the Commission realized that after installation many monitors might drift and it is expected that the licensees of all broadcast stations will provide for regular checks of the monitor. There are several ways in which this may be done.

"The simplest way is to arrange a check of the frequency of the station with some commercial standard and set the frequency exactly by the monitor and then have the commercial standard check. This gives an accurate indication of the calibration.

"Another and desirable way is to provide equipment so that the calibration may be made from the standard signals transmitted by WWV of the Bureau of Standards at Washington, D. C. These signals are transmitted on regular schedule for this purpose.

"Heretofore the Commission has permitted its monitoring stations to check for the licensees of broadcast stations, however, due to the limited appropriation and personnel it is necessary to limit this service and monitoring stations will not be permitted to make commercial checks for licensees of broadcast stations except under representation that it is impossible for such stations to obtain a check with any other source. Under such circumstances the Commission will permit its monitoring stations to make the checks.

"It is considered that this check should be made once a week or two weeks until it is definitely determined that there is no drift in the frequency of the monitor, and after such determination the checks of the calibration of the frequency should be made at less frequent intervals.

"There is a pitfall that several deviators have fallen into and that is the monitor becomes defective due to such causes as the heater tube failing or frequency drifting due to other causes and the operator changes frequency of station to agree with the monitor when so far as may be determined there is nothing to indicate that the station is wrong and the monitor right. Under all such circumstances, the suspicion of the operator should immediately be aroused and he should check with an external source to determine which is incorrect, the station monitor or the transmitting equipment before blindly depending upon the monitor's accuracy. This has given rise to many deviations and the Commission cannot continue to accept such explanations unless due precaution is taken to determine that the monitor has not drifted.

"Also, it appears that but few of the stations deviating to a major extent are using the auxiliary aural checks as specified in the Commission's letters announcing approved frequency monitors and as a result such stations have not been able to make satisfactory explanations. This condition cannot continue without further action being taken by the Commission. These Rules have been in effect since June 22, 1932, and heretofore the Commission has been lenient on deviators due to the fact that it has considered that a certain length of time was necessary for the operators to become familiar with the routine of operation, but this time is rapidly drawing to a close.

November 26, 1932

WMT DISMISSES APPEALS

The Court of Appeals of the District of Columbia on Saturday dismissed the appeals of the Waterloo Broadcasting Company (WMT) from decisions of the Radio Commission authorizing Station KSO to move into Des Moines and denying the application of Station WMT to move from Waterloo into Des Moines.

Station WNYC was granted additional time by the same Court to file its briefs in its appeal and Station KOMO was granted until December 31 to file its briefs in its appeal.

- - -

PHONOGRAPH RECORD RESTRICTION

Phonograph records bearing the notation "not licensed for radio broadcast" have been put on sale by several manufacturers. As a result numerous inquiries have been received from members as to the validity of this notice under the Copyright Law. To these questions, Oswald F. Schuette, Director of NAB Copyright Activities has replied:

"The manufacturers of phonograph records have no legal right, in my opinion, to impose any such restriction on the use of records, either under the Copyright Law or otherwise. Merely to print the notice, 'not licensed for radio broadcast' on a record can have no binding force on a purchaser of such record."

Stations experiencing any difficulties on this account are asked to communicate with Mr. Schuette.

- - -

ADVERTISERS REPORT INCREASES

One-half of the member companies of the Association of National Advertisers who attended the annual meeting of the Association at Atlantic City last week reported that their total sales in units during the last three months had increased. Sixteen and one-half percent reported a decrease, while about 10 per cent said that their sales volume had remained at the same level. Some of them attributed their advance to seasonal influences. Forty per cent, however, stated that it was due to improved conditions in their particular trades.

Thirty-five per cent of the reporting companies will increase their appropriations for next year over those for the present year, thirty-five per cent expect to spend the same amount and the rest plan to decrease appropriations, it was reported. Representatives of member companies agreed that more than 300 million dollars worth, an increase of some 33 per cent over 1932, will be spent in advertising next year.

- - - -

PROTESTS NEW WOR LOCATION

The Southern Radio Corporation, a wholly owned subsidiary of the Standard Oil Company of New Jersey, filed a protest this week with the Radio Commission against the locating of the new 50,000 watt transmitter of Station WOR, Newark, N. J. at Tremley, Linden, N. J.

The company states that it now has two stations at that place, WMU and WMV, engaged in "public correspondence" with radio stations in Bolivia and that the locating of the new transmitter there "will interfere with and interrupt the general public radio service now being rendered by said stations WMU and WMV."

Under the rules of the Commission the case automatically goes to hearing. No date has yet been set.

- - -

WRHM GRANTED LICENSE RENEWAL

The Radio Commission this week sustained Examiner Ralph L. Walker in his Report No. 395 in which he recommended that Station WRHM, Minneapolis, Minn. be granted a license renewal. The station operates with 1,000 watts power on frequency 1250 kilocycles. It operates during all hours not allocated for use by stations WCAL, KFMX and WLB-WGMS. The Commission denied the application of the station to operate unlimited time.

The Commission in its opinion, also, granted license renewals to Stations WCAL, KFMX and WLB-WGMS. The opinion states that all four stations are rendering a generally good service but that station WRHM "is precluded from rendering a complete broadcast service, encountering some difficulty in arranging its program schedule, and it is undoubtedly true that the assignment of unlimited time to WRHM would benefit that station." However, the Commission points out that Minneapolis now receives good service from at least three stations other than WRHM "and it does not appear that there is any substantial need in that area for the additional service that might be rendered by that station should its unlimited time operation be authorized, or that such service would be materially different from that now received."

- - -

INSURANCE BROADCASTS ILLEGAL

The Court of General Sessions of New York County this week held that a New York radio station may not broadcast advertising messages for a foreign insurance company not licensed to do business in that state when the purpose of the broadcast is to assist in the solicitation or procurement of insurance from residents of the State. An action was instituted by Attorney General Bennett in behalf of the State Insurance Department against the International Broadcasting Corporation (WOV) for broadcasting advertisements for the Union Mutual Life Company of Des Moines, Iowa, which is not authorized to do business in New York. Violations of the penal law and section 50 of the insurance law were alleged.

The defense of the broadcaster that the State could not interfere with its operation because of the interstate nature of broadcasting was summarily dismissed by Judge Levine. He said he would not permit "a foreign insurance company to enter this State, unless properly qualified, by resorting to the devices of employing as an agency in the transaction of its business in this State."

- - -

November 26, 1932

HEARING CALENDAR

The following hearings and arguments are scheduled for the week commencing Monday, November 28, 1932. Hearings and arguments begin at 10 a.m.

MONDAY, NOVEMBER 28, 1932

Docket #1653	NEW	Peoples Broadcasting Corp. Jacksonville, Florida	C. P.	1370 kc, 100 W. day-time. (Requests half facilities of WMBR).
Docket #1661	WMBR	F. J. Reynolds Tampa, Florida	Renewal	1370 kc, 100 W. unlimited time.

TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 29, 1932

Docket #1879	KTAR	KTAR Broadcasting Co. Phoenix, Arizona	Mod. Lic.	620 kc, 1 KW, unlimited time.
--------------	------	---	-----------	-------------------------------

Present Assignment: 620 kc, 500 W., 1 KW
LS, unlimited time.

WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 30, 1932

ORAL ARGUMENT BEFORE COMMISSION EN BANC

Docket #1516	WORC- WEPS	Alfred Frank Kliendienst Worcester, Massachusetts	C. P.	1350 kc, 250 W. unlimited time. (Requests facilities of WAWZ, WMSG, WBNX, WCDA).
--------------	---------------	--	-------	--

Present Assignment: 1200 kc, 100 W., unlimited time.

Docket #1513	WAWZ	Pillar of Fire Zarephath, New Jersey	Renewal	1350 kc, 250 W. Shares with WCDA, WBNX & WMSG.
--------------	------	---	---------	--

Docket #1547	WCDA	Italian Educational Brdcstg. Co., New York, N. Y.	Renewal	1350 kc, 250 W. Shares with WBNX, WMSG & WAWZ.
--------------	------	---	---------	--

Docket #1602	WMSG	Madison Square Garden Broadcasting Co., New York, N.Y.	Renewal	1350 kc, 250 W. Shares with WAWZ, WBNX & WCDA
--------------	------	--	---------	---

Docket #1603	WBNX	Standard Cahill Co., Inc. New York, N. Y.	Renewal	1350 kc, 250 W. Shares with WCDA, WMSG & WAWZ.
--------------	------	--	---------	--

November 26, 1932

HEARING CALENDAR (continued)

FRIDAY, DECEMBER 2, 1932

Docket #1530	WKRC	WKRC, Inc. Cincinnati, Ohio	Renewal 550 kc, 500 W. 1 KW LS Unlimited time.
Docket #1617	WAAT	Bremer Broadcasting Corp. Jersey City, New Jersey	Mod. Lic. 940 kc, 500 W., day- time to 6 p.m., EST. Present Assignment: 940 kc, 300 W., day- time to 6 p.m., EST.
Docket #1618	WAAT	Bremer Broadcasting Corp. Jersey City, New Jersey	C. P. 940 kc, 500 W. day- time to 6 p.m., EST. (Requests authority to install new transmitter

- - -

APPLICATIONS FOR LICENSE RENEWAL

During the current week the Commission has received the following applications for license renewals: WEBR, Buffalo, New York; KGCR, Watertown, South Dakota; KGEF, Shownee, Oklahoma; KGFI, Corpus Christi, Texas; KICA, Clovis, New Mexico; KUJ, Walla Walla, Washington; WPFB, Hattiesburg, Mississippi; WBHS, Huntsville, Alabama; WCFL, Chicago, Illinois; and WMAS, Springfield, Massachusetts.

- - -

LICENSE APPLICATIONS

During the current week the Commission received the following application for license for which construction permit has already been issued: KSL, Salt Lake City, Utah.

- - -

RECOMMENDS WCAM RENEWAL

Examiner R. H. Hyde, this week handed down his report No. 433 dealing with several Philadelphia and Camden, New Jersey, stations.

He recommended that Station WCAM, of the City of Camden, New Jersey, be granted a license renewal. This station operates on a frequency of 1280 kilocycles, and shares time with WOAX and WCAP. He also recommended the renewal of license for Station WHAT, Philadelphia which operates one-third time on a frequency of 1310 kilocycles, sharing with Station WTEL and subject to the further condition that WTEL and WHAT are not to operate while WCAM is operating.

He recommended that the applications of WTEL, Philadelphia be denied. This station asked (1) that certain additional hours not used by WCAM and WHAT be granted to it and (2) a modification of its license to provide a division of time with WCAM and WHAT.

- - -

November 26, 1932.

MISCELLANEOUS COMMISSION ACTION

During the current week the Commission took the following miscellaneous action:

WFBC	Virgil V. Evans Knoxville, Tennessee	Action taken April 15, 1932, granting application to move station from Knoxville to Greenville, S. C. made final.
KWKH	Hello World Broadcasting Corp. Shreveport, Louisiana	Granted motion for continuance of hearing involving application for renewal of license set for November 28, because of application of WWL for the facilities of KWKH. The new date for the hearing has not been set.
WEHC	Emory & Henry College Emory, Virginia	Application to move from Emory to Charlottesville, Virginia, set for hearing because of protest of WLVA, Lynchburg, Virginia. On November 3 the Commission granted this application subject to rule which provides for hearing in the event a protest is filed within 20 days.
WENC	Americus Broadcast Company Americus, Georgia	Denied request that Commission reconsider previous request to operate unlimited time during night for period of 60 days with 50 watts.

- - -

SET FOR HEARING

During the current week the Commission has set the following cases for hearing:

WMT	Waterloo Broadcasting Company Waterloo, Iowa	Renewal of license set for hearing because facilities have been applied for.
NEW	Jas. P. Hart, Donald W. Parsons, D/B as The Gateway Broadcasting Company, Roanoke, Virginia	Requests C. P. for new station, 1410 kc, 250 watts, share with WHIS. (Facilities of WRBX).
WTFI	Liberty Broadcasting Company Athens, Georgia	Requests C. P. to move transmitter and studio from Athens, Georgia, to Greenville, S. C., change frequency from 1450 to 1360 kc, and make changes in eqpt.
WCSC	The S. C. Broadcasting Co. Inc. Charleston, South Carolina	Requests Mod. of Lic. to change frequency from 1360 to 1450 kc.
NEW	All Southern Radio Corporation Jacksonville, Florida	Requests C. P. for new station, 1120 kc, 500 watts, night, 1 KW, LS, unlimited time. (Facilities of WRUF).
NEW	Otis Hill Hilo, T. H.	Requests C. P. for new station; 1150 kc 50 watts, unlimited time.

- - -

November 26, 1932.

APPLICATIONS RETURNED

During the current week the Commission has returned the following applications to the applicants:

3-ML-B-1078	WENC	H. P. Everett, Linwood Morris, R. T. Crabb D/B as Americus Broadcast Company, Americus, Georgia	Modification of license to change power and hours from 100 watts Daytime to 50 watts night, 100 watts local sunset, Unlimited hours (6a & d).
4-PB-2721	NEW	Harold Bourell & Larry Thomas D/B as The Hutchinson Brdcastg. Corporation, Hutchinson, Kans.	Construction permit for new sta- tion to use 1500 kc - 200 watts Daytime (6a, c & d).
4-PB-2695	NEW	Capitol Radio Transmitting & Detection Corporation Joplin, Missouri	Construction permit for new sta- tion to use 1420 kc - 100 watts - Unlimited time. Requests fac. WMBH, Joplin, Mo. (6a, c & d).

The following applications for renewal have been returned to the applicants as they were not in proper form for Commission consideration.

KGFI	Eagle Broadcasting Company, Inc. Corpus Christi, Texas
KFBL	Otto Leese & Robert Leese D/B as Leese Brothers Everett, Washington
WRAX	WRAX Broadcasting Company, Inc. Philadelphia, Pennsylvania
WMAS	Albert S. Moffat Springfield, Massachusetts

- - -

LICENSE RENEWALS GRANTED

During the current week the Commission granted license renewals for the regular period to the following stations: WABI, Bangor, Maine, WBBL, Richmond, Virginia, WBOW, Terre Haute, Ind., WCAT, Rapid City, S. D., WCBS, Springfield, Ill., WHBY, Green Bay, Wis., WHET, Troy, Ala., WJBC, LaSalle, Ill., KFGQ, Boone, Iowa, KFPW, Fort Smith, Ark., KGBX, Springfield, Mo., and KGY, Olympia, Washington.

The following stations were granted temporary licenses, subject to such action as the Commission may take on their pending applications for renewal: WHAT, Phila. Pa., WIL, St. Louis, WJBY, Gadsden, Ala., WMBS, Galesburg, Ill., KFWF, St. Louis, Mo. KRMD, Shreveport, La., KWEA, Shreveport, Louisiana.

WCAX	Burlington Daily News, Inc. Burlington, Vermont	Granted renewal of license, 1200 kc, 100 W. hours of operation: Daily except Sun- days: Noon to 1:30 PM, EST.; Monday, Wed. and Friday: 6 to 9 PM, EST.
WJBW	Chas. C. Carlson New Orleans, Louisiana	Granted temporary renewal of license and designated said application for hearing.

November 26, 1932.

APPLICATIONS GRANTED

During the current week the Commission granted the following applications subject to the provisions of Rules 44 and 45 providing that proper protests may be filed within twenty days from the date of action.

<u>CALL</u>	<u>NAME OF APPLICANT</u>	<u>NATURE OF APPLICATION</u>
<u>FIRST ZONE</u>		
None		
<u>SECOND ZONE</u>		
None		
<u>THIRD ZONE</u>		
KRMD	Radio Station KRMD, Inc. Shreveport, Louisiana	Granted special authority to operate from 4 to 5 PM, CST, daily except Saturday and Sunday to 3 AM, EST, December 1.
<u>FOURTH ZONE</u>		
None		
<u>FIFTH ZONE</u>		
KTW	First Presb. Church of Seattle Seattle, Washington	Granted 3 months renewal of license 1220 kc, 1 KW; hours of operation: Sundays and holidays: Sun. 11 AM to 1 PM; 3 to 4:30 PM; 7 to 9:30 PM.
KTFI	Radio Broadcasting Corporation Twin Falls, Idaho	Authorized to file appearance with Commission not later than Nov. 26, 1932. Copy of appearance must also be in hands of KGKX on said date.

- - -

APPLICATIONS DISMISSED

During the current week the Commission has dismissed the following applications, at the request of the applicants, heretofore set for hearing:

NEW	Greenville News-Piedmont Company Greenville, South Carolina	C. P. 590 kc, 250 W. 500 W. LS, Unlimited time.
NEW	Wilton E. Hall Anderson, South Carolina	C. P. 1200 kc, 100 W. Unlimited time.

- - -

November 26, 1932.

APPLICATIONS RECEIVED

During the current week the Commission has received the following applications:

<u>FRC FILE</u>	<u>CALL</u>	<u>NAME OF APPLICANT</u>	<u>NATURE OF APPLICATION</u>
<u>FIRST ZONE</u>			
1-PB-2746	WICC	Bridgeport Broadcasting Station, Inc. Bridgeport, Connecticut	Construction permit to move transmitter from Easton to Pleasure Beach, Bridgeport, Conn. This application supersedes 1-PB-2710 cons. permit to move transmitter to Stratford, Connecticut.
<u>SECOND ZONE</u>			
2-ML-B-1092	WBEO	The Lake Superior Broadcasting Company Marquette, Michigan	Modification of license for change in Specified hours of operation.
2-MP-B-381	WNBW	WNBW, Inc. Carbondale, Pennsylvania	Modification of construction permit issued 8-18-32 change location transmitter and studio to Scranton Pa., new transmitter, extend dates of commencement & completion.
2-ML-B-1071	WNBW	WNBW, Inc. Carbondale, Pennsylvania	Modification of license to change Main studio to Hotel Casey, Adams and Lackawanna Avenues, Scranton, Pennsylvania.
<u>THIRD ZONE</u>			
3-Z-B-65	WSMB	WSMB, Inc. New Orleans, Louisiana	Determine operating power by direct antenna measurement.
3-ML-B-1090	WHBT	Joe K. Jernigan, Cyril W. Reddoch, Julian C. Smith & John T. Hubbard, D/B as Troy Broadcasting Company, Troy, Alabama	Modification of license to change hours of operation from Daytime to Daytime and 7 P. M. to 8 P. M. Sundays.
Granting of this application would increase the quota. The Third Zone is over quota but the State is under quota.			
3-PB-2560A	WJBY	Gadsden Broadcasting Co, Inc. Gadsden, Alabama	Construction permit to change location of studio and transmitter to 112 N. 8th Street and make changes in equipment-Amended to change equipment.

November 26, 1932.

APPLICATIONS RECEIVED (Continued)

<u>FRC</u>	<u>FILE</u>	<u>CALL</u>	<u>NAME OF APPLICANT</u>	<u>NATURE OF APPLICATION</u>
<u>THIRD ZONE</u> (Continued)				
3-ML-B-1089	WBAP		Carter Publications, Inc. Fort Worth, Texas	Modification of license to autho. use of WFAA's 50 KW transmitter at Grapevine, Texas, and increase operating power from 10 to 50 KW.

These two stations, WBAP and WFAA share time on the 800 kilocycle clear channel. WFAA already operates with 50,000 watts. WBAP could also use 50,000 watts instead of 10,000 watts as far as interference is concerned.

FOURTH ZONE

None

FIFTH ZONE

5-Z-B-66	KSL		Radio Service Corporation of Utah, Salt Lake City, Utah	Determine operating power by direct antenna measurement.
5-PB-2745	KFBK		James McClatchy Company Sacramento, California	Construction permit to install new transmitter, change frequency and power from 1310 kc-100 watts to 1430 kc - 1 KW - Request facili- ties of KTM, Los Angeles and KELW, Burbank, California.

The nearest station on the proposed new frequency of 1430 kilocycles is KECA, Los Angeles, California, which is 390 miles distant. Engineers of the Commission recommend a separation of 1,000 miles. Should the application be granted it would not increase the quota, because the facilities of other California stations are requested.

- - -

ASSOCIATE INSPECTOR SUSPENDED

Pending an investigation of unannounced charges G. C. Llewellyn, associate inspector of the Atlanta, Ga., office of the Radio Commission and Miss Gladys Fagan, his clerk, have been suspended. While admitting the suspension, officials of the Commission refuse to discuss the case. Commission officials emphasized the fact that the complaints may be without foundation which will come to light following an investigation. They have been given 15 days in which to submit a reply after which they will either be reinstated or dismissed.

These suspensions follow those of Inspector Van Nostrand and his secretary in the same office, both of whom were suspended for 90 days. No decision has been reached in this latter case.

- - -