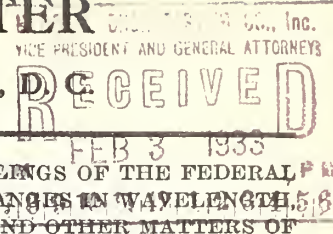


HEINL RADIO BUSINESS LETTER

INSURANCE BUILDING

WASHINGTON, D. C.



ISSUED TWICE A WEEK AND CONTAINING THE LATEST INFORMATION REGARDING THE RULINGS OF THE FEDERAL RADIO COMMISSION, RADIO LEGISLATION, DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE REGULATIONS, CHANGES IN WAVELENGTH, CALL LETTERS AND POWER, PATENTS, EXPORTS, FEDERAL TRADE COMMISSION RULINGS AND OTHER MATTERS OF INTEREST TO BROADCASTERS AND MANUFACTURERS. :: :: **CONFIDENTIAL—NOT FOR PUBLICATION.** :: ::

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No.596

SUBSCRIPTION PRICE, \$10. PER MONTH. NO CONTRACT REQUIRED.

LAFOUNT MOVES TO CHECK CHAIN GROWTH

While the Federal Radio Commission has regulated nearly every other phase of radio broadcasting, up to now the addition of radio stations to the chains had escaped attention. Commissioner Harold A. Lafount thinks it is time to check the growth of the chains. There are two reasons - one is that there is too much duplication of programs and the other is that these frequent affiliations tend to make the networks a monopoly.

The following order was proposed by Commissioner Lafount:

"No broadcasting station licensed by this Commission and not now presenting identical programs simultaneously with other stations connected by wire, and generally known as chain or network, shall be added to the said chain or network without the consent of this Commission."

* * * * *

"A program shall not be broadcast simultaneously over two or more stations in the same city without the consent of the Federal Radio Commission".

No action has been taken by the Commission on these proposals. It is expected they will be discussed at the Commission meeting tomorrow (Friday) or on next Tuesday at the latest.

There are now 88 stations regularly affiliated with the National Broadcasting Company and 87 stations on the Columbia Broadcasting System chain, exclusive of Canadian members over which this Government has no control.

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REORGANIZED FIELD DIVISION RECORD

The reorganized Field Division of the Federal Radio Commission is making a fine record according to a statement just released.

"When the Radio Division of the Department of Commerce was transferred to the Commission under the Economy Act and the President's executive order, the Field Force was completely reorganized", the statement reads, "eliminating much overlapping, and effecting substantial savings by reducing the personnel, office rents, and duplications of files and correspondence. Tabulation of the work being done by the Field Force justifies the hopes and expectations of the Commission.

"Besides accomplishing a vast amount of routine work, including much correspondence, many personal interviews, etc., the Field Division has just reported that during the first six months of the present fiscal year it has performed the following duties:

"Made 8,855 station inspections, including ship, broadcast, amateur and aircraft stations. Conducted 9,222 examinations for operators' licenses. Made 40,959 frequency measurements. Issued 11,780 operators' licenses."

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BROADCASTING NET DROPS UNDER 1931

Total income of the National Broadcasting Company for 1932, announced yesterday (Wednesday) at the annual meeting of the network's advisory council, showed a \$500,000 decrease under that of 1931.

The figure for the year, as given by the president, M. H. Aylesworth, in his annual report, was \$29,000,000. The report for 1931 showed the total was \$29,500,000. This is the first decrease which has been noted.

Mr. Aylesworth announced the election of Melvin A. Traylor, president of the First National Bank, Chicago, to the advisory council. His report reviewed the work of the chain.

The advisory council is composed of Newton D. Baker, Paul D. Cravath, Henry Sloane Coffin, Walter Damrosch, John W. Davis, Francis D. Farrell, William Green. General James G. Harbord, Robert M. Hutchins, Morgan J. O'Brien, Henry S. Pritchett, Elihu Root, Mrs. John D. Sherman, Felix M. Warburg and Owen D. Young.

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WHO WILL REPRESENT RADIO ON NEW MERGED COMMISSION?

The proposed merging of the present Radio and Power Commissions into a Federal Communications and Power Commission, as provided in a bill just introduced in the House, has started lively conjecture as to how many Commissioners will lose out and who, on the present Federal Radio Commission, will represent radio on the new Commission.

The author of the bill which would create the new Commission is Representative Sam Rayburn, of Texas, chairman of the Interstate and Foreign Commerce Committee, who declares he has discussed the matter with President-elect Roosevelt and that the latter has given it his hearty support. Chairman Rayburn said he doubted if the bill could be passed this session but that he would re-introduce it at the next session of Congress at which time he felt confident it would become a law. The bill provides for five Commissioners at \$10,000 annual salary each to replace the five members of the present

Federal Radio Commission and the five members of the present Power Commission. Each of the ten now receives \$10,000 annually.

"We can cut the expenses in half with the new Commission", Representative Rayburn observed.

The Commission would take over from the Interstate Commerce Commission the supervision of all interstate communications lines. This would include the fixing of rates.

It would seem, insofar as communications are concerned, the jurisdiction of the new Commission would naturally fall into four divisions - radio, telegraph, telephone and cable. Therefore, if communications dominated, and each of its branches was placed upon an equal basis, one Commissioner would represent radio, another telegraph, a third telephone and a fourth, cable.

This would leave a fifth Commissioner to represent power. However, it might well be imagined that two Commissioners would be assigned to power representation and three to communications, or vice versa, depending upon the relative importance of communications and power in the eyes of President-elect Roosevelt and those who are in charge of the legislation.

It would seem reasonable to suppose that at least one man would be appointed to the Commission especially for his radio qualifications. Who he might be raises another question. The new bill says that not more than three members of the new Commission shall be from one party. Of course three of the members will be Democrats, but if one or more members are appointed to the Commission for their radio qualifications, will these appointees be Democrats or Republicans?

If a single Democratic appointee is to be made to represent radio, a good guess as to a survivor from the present Federal Radio Commission would be Commissioner E. O. Sykes, of Mississippi. Judge Sykes is the only member of the original Radio Commission appointed by former President Coolidge. Through his long service with the Commission, he would appear to have every qualification for the position.

Of equal importance is the fact that he is a Democrat with the backing of Senator Pat Harrison, of Mississippi, who is expected to be very strong in the next administration.

Representative Rayburn was governed by parliamentary strategy in introducing the new Communications and Power bill: it made no mention of the Radio or Power Commissions, for if they had been abolished or grouped with the proposed commission the measure would have been assigned to some committee other than Interstate and Foreign Commerce for a report. As introduced, the bill was submitted to Mr. Rayburn's committee, where he has complete charge of it. If it dies there at the end of this session, Mr. Rayburn will re-introduce it as soon as the special session has convened.

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OWEN D. YOUNG STRESSES WISE USE OF RADIO FACILITIES

Addressing the sixth annual meeting of the Advisory Council of the National Broadcasting Company, Owen D. Young, chairman, declared:

"At our first meeting in 1927 I expressed the belief that the purposes of the National Broadcasting Company could only be served in the long run through the wisest use of its facilities in the public interest. It seemed to me that this called for the advice and guidance on questions of public policy of able men of diversified experience, coming from different parts of the country. I invited you to serve not only because nothing could impair the objectives sought by the National Broadcasting Company so quickly and effectively as misuse of its facilities, but also because nothing could be of greater injury to the public than such misuse. * *

"Recent demonstration of the service which radio can render to all nations in the field of their common interest is encouraging. Certainly the problems that lie just ahead present a challenge the like of which so-called international broadcasting has not yet seen. If these problems require cooperation, if the base of all cooperation be understanding, if understanding can be advanced by mutual discussion, then these broadcasts have a real service to perform.

"From the viewpoint of the American people, the wise use of broadcasting facilities in the public interest is far more important today than it was when this Council was created."

Mr. Young recalled his statement, made in 1927, that the NBC was set up to provide programs good enough, selective enough and distributed widely enough so that our homes could not afford to be without radio sets.

Attention was called to the fact that there were no complaints pending for consideration by the Council at the Wednesday meeting.

Robert M. Hutchins, president of the University of Chicago and chairman of the committee on education, reviewed, in a submitted report, how broadcasting has become a great cooperating force in education in this country. He said that in his opinion network broadcasting adapted itself admirably to adult education.

"I cannot refrain from raising the question of the public's obligation to participate in financing educational programs", said Mr. Hutchins. "By way of illustration, the total budget of the National Advisory Council on Radio in Education, for all purposes, bears to the industry's contribution of time and facilities, the ratio of 1 to 8. Certainly, when every dollar contributed for educational purposes will do the work of eight, it should not be too much to hope for really adequate support.

THIRD NETWORK MAY START ON FEBRUARY 15.

Plans for a third network are said to be maturing with Ed Wynn, Broadway comedian, as the titular head, and with the reported financial backing of five unnamed Detroit "millionaires". Among the groups involved are Wynn's Amalgamated Broadcasting System, Inc., the Kunsky-Trendle (WXYZ) group and possibly Station WMCA, New York.

Operation is said to be a matter of couple of weeks only, with February 15 as the likely starting date for the group.

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WHAT ABOUT ROXY?

Harold B. Franklin, president of the RKO Theatres Company, said that S. L. Rothafel would return to his post as managing director of the two theatres in Radio City when he had fully recovered from his illness.

The same day Mr. Franklin made the above statement, Walter Winchell wrote:

"It will be denied, but Roxy accepted a settlement of \$75,000 Tuesday".

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NAB SECURES COOPERATION OF TWO PUBLISHERS

The M. M. Cole Publishing Company, 2611 Indiana Avenue, Chicago, Ill. and The Superior Music Co., Inc., 745 Seventh Avenue, New York have given their consent to the National Association of Broadcasters for the use of any or all of the publications of either company. Neither is a member of the American Society of Composers.

In an accompanying bulletin, Oswald F. Schuette asks cooperating broadcasters to apply to the publishing houses for catalogues and adds: "I shall be pleased to receive reports from broadcasting stations concerning the use of this music. I shall also be pleased to receive reports from stations concerning other publishing houses that are willing to make their music available to broadcasting stations."

In another paragraph, Mr. Schuette writes: "From time to time various stations have sent me copies of correspondence with the ASCAP. This information has been of great value in protecting the interests of these stations as well as those of other stations similarly situated. Such ASCAP correspondence has shed interesting light on the methods by which royalty contracts have been obtained."

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RADIO COMMITTEE FOR INAUGURAL NAMED

The Radio Committee in charge of arrangements for the Inaugural will be headed by Herbert L. Pettey, radio director of the Democratic National Committee during the recent campaign. Other members of the committee are Frank M. Russell, vice president of the NBC; Harry C. Butcher, CBS; M. A. Leese, Station WMAL; Le Roy Mark; Station WOL; Maj. Jos. T. Clement, RCA Victor Co.; James Chinn, Radio Editor, Washington Star; Don Craig, Jr., Radio Editor, Daily News; Lillian Cutlip, Radio Editor, Washington Herald; Stanley Bigelow, Radio Editor, Washington Times; Martin Codel, editor of Broadcasting magazine; Sol Taishoff, managing editor, Broadcasting magazine; T. W. Brahany and Robert D. Heintz, Radio Editor, Washington Post.

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RADIO CITY GAVE EMPLOYMENT TO 56,000

James McMullin, writing in "The National Whirligig", syndicated newspaper feature of the McClure Newspaper Syndicate of New York, has this to say:

"Radio city sponsors are proud of their record of employing more than 56,000 people directly or indirectly in connection with their building construction program. This is their answer to criticism of Mr. Rockefeller's mammoth operation.

"The original space contract in Radio City for the RCA group (including National Broadcasting and Radio-Keith-Orpheum) was not four million square feet as reported here recently. It did amount to 100 per cent of two buildings, 75 per cent of another and 36 per cent of a fourth. The last named is the largest building and commitment therein amounted to 725,000 square feet. Final reductions on the total space adjustment have not been worked out but are plenty drastic."

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R.C.A. BRIEFS FILED

Briefs were filed in United States District Court at Wilmington, Del. last Monday on the petition of the Torquay Company for the reopening and modification of the consent decree obtained by the Government against the Radio Corporation of America and other companies.

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Production of electricity for public use in the United States decreased $9\frac{1}{2}$ per cent in 1932.

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ALL INTERNATIONAL RADIO COMMITTEE OFFICERS REELECTED

The International Committee on Radio, American Section, re-elected the following officers for 1933:

Senator Wallace H. White, Jr., of Maine, president; John W. Guider, Washington attorney, vice president; Howard S. LeRoy, Washington attorney, treasurer; and Paul M. Segal, Washington attorney, secretary.

The executive council was re-elected also. Members are William R. Vallance, State Department, chairman; A. L. Ashby, vice president of the NBC; Col. Thad H. Brown, Federal Radio Commissioner; Louis G. Caldwell, Washington attorney; Dr. J. H. Dellinger, chief of the radio section, Bureau of Standards; and F. P. Guthrie, manager of the Radio Corporation offices in Washington.

The January meeting, held in the University Club, was addressed by Judge E. O. Sykes, chairman of the American delegation to the Madrid Conference, and Dr. C. B. Jolliffe, also a delegate.

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WHERE'S THE FIRE?

To answer the automatic question that arises in one's mind every time he hears the siren of speeding fire trucks, WLBF, Kansas City, Kan., has inaugurated a policy of reporting the location of every fire within a few seconds after the alarm is received.

"The idea occurred to Herb Hollister, manager of WLBF, and was indorsed by Olander Lynd, Kansas City fire chief", Broadcasting Magazine sets forth. "A private telephone line was forthwith installed to link the fire headquarters and WLBF studios.

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COLUMBIA'S RENEWED CONTRACTS

P. Lorillard Co. (Old Gold Cigarettes), Agency:
Lennen & Mitchell, Inc. Musical Program - Wednesday, 10:00-10:30 p.m. Basic network, Don Lee, South Atlantic, plus 18.

Miracul Wax Co. Anfenger Advertising Agency.
"The Magic Tenor" and the Roundtowners Quartet - Thursday, 11:30-11:45 a.m., Basic network, Don Lee, plus 9.

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DECISIONS OF THE FEDERAL RADIO COMMISSION

Applications Granted

WRNY, Aviation Radio Station, Inc., New York, granted consent to voluntary assignment of license to Marcus Loew Booking Agency; WTBO, The Interstate Broadcasting System, Cumberland, Md., granted consent to voluntary assignment of license to Associated Broadcasting Corp.; WPRO-WPAW, Cherry & Webb Broadcasting Co., Providence, R.I., granted construction permit to move transmitter and studio from Cranston, R.I. to Providence, R.I.; WDGY, Dr. George W. Young, Minneapolis, Minn., granted CP to move transmitter within the building; WHBC, Edward P. Graham, Canton, Ohio, granted mod. of CP extending commencement date from March 22, 1932 to Jan. 18, 1933, and completion date from June 22, 1932 to Feb. 18, 1933;

WJBO, Baton Rouge Broadcasting Co., Inc., Baton Rouge, La., granted mod. of CP approving transmitter location at Heidelberg Hotel, Baton Rouge, and extending commencement date from Feb. 1, 1933 to March 1, 1933 and completion date to May 31; WCFL, Chicago Federation of Labor, Chicago, Ill., granted mod. of CP extending completion date from March 27 to Sept. 1, 1933; KSO, Iowa Broadcasting Co., Des Moines, Ia., granted authority to determine licensed power by direct measurement of antenna input in compliance with Rule 137;

WJW, Mansfield Broadcasting Assn., Akron, Ohio, granted consent to vol. assign. of license to WJW, Inc.; KREG, J.S. Edwards, Santa Ana, Calif., granted consent to voluntary assignment of CP to The Voice of the Orange Empire, Int., Ltd.; WTAG, Worcester Telegram Publishing Co., Inc., Worcester, Mass., granted mod. of lic. to increase day power from 250 w. to 500 w.; KWEA, Hello World Broadcasting Corp., Shreveport, La., authority to remain silent pending action on CP and renewal applications granted to March 1; KFEQ, Scroggin & Co. Bank, St. Joseph, Mo., granted authority to operate from 2 to 3 a.m., CST, on Feb. 4, 1933; WRAK, Clarence R. Cummins, Williamsport, Pa., granted renewal of license, 1370 kc., 100 w., shares with WJEQ; also granted consent to vol. assign. of license to WRAK, Inc.; WJEQ, Sun-Gazette Broadcasting Co., Williamsport, Pa., granted consent to vol. assignment of license to WRAK, Inc.; WMAL, M. A. Leese Radio Corp., Washington, D.C., eqpt. test period extended 10 days from Jan. 23; WCAC, Connecticut Agricultural College, Storrs, Conn., granted spec. auth. to operate from 8 to 9:30 p.m. EST Feb. 4. Station WICC to remain silent; KICA, Southwest Broadcasting Co., Clovis, N. Mex., granted ren. of license for term Feb. 1 to July 1, 1933;

Westinghouse E. & M. Co., Chicopee Falls, Mass., granted spec. exp. license to use transmitter already constructed, now licensed under call WLXAK, 322 kc., 100 w.;

Buffalo Broadcasting Corp., Buffalo, N.Y., granted gen. exp. CP, 70,000 kc., 10 w., also gen. exp. CP, 80,000 kc., 1.5 w.; WAEI, Aviation Radio, Inc., Detroit, Mich., granted aviation aero. pt. to pt. CP, 2698 kc., 2938 unlt'd; 5,825 day only, 400 w.; WSDG, Aviation Radio, Inc., Chicago, granted aviation aeronautical CP to move transmitter from New Hangar to Century Hangar, Municipal Airport, Chicago;

KGZB, City of Houston, Houston, Tex., granted CP for police service, 1712 kc., 200 w.; WPFH, City of Highland Park, Ill., Police Dept., granted CP to change location of transmitter locally in Highland Park and install new equipment with power of 50 w.; KTK, Globe Wireless, Ltd., Mussel Rock, Calif., granted mod. of public coastal-coastal telegraph license to delete transmitter 0-500, serial No. 1; also granted mod. of lic. to delete on transmitter, Composite VT, no serial number; KSM, Globe Wireless, Ltd., Cypress, Calif., granted ren. of public coastal-coastal telegraph in accordance with present license which expires Feb. 1; also mod. of lic. to discontinue one transmitter MC 201;

WNO, Michigan Wireless Telegraph Co., Alpena, Mich.; WCV, Wyandotte, Mich., granted ren. of marine relay license, frequencies 143, 410, 425, 454, 163 operating; 163 kc. working; two transmitters 500 w. each; W8XO, The Crosley Radio Corp., Mason, Ohio, granted mod. of CP extending completion date from Feb. 6 to Aug. 7; W9XE, United States Radio & Television Corp., Marion, Ind., granted mod. of CP extending commencement date to Feb. 1 and completion date to April 30; KHFYB, Pan American Airways, Inc., granted mod. of license to use frequency 333 as a direction finding frequency in obtaining bearings from Miami, and granted increase in power from 12 to 25 w.; KEZ, RCA Communications, Inc., Bolinas, Calif., granted mod. of fixed public pt. to pt. telegraph license to include Buenos Aires as an additional point of communication; W2XAU, Lawrence C. F. Horle, Newark, N.J., granted gen. exp. license, frequencies 51,400 and 60,000-200,000 kc., 2 w.;

W3XAN, Radio Service Engineering Laboratories, Harrisburg, Pa. granted gen. exp. license, 4797.5, 8655, 12,862.5 kc., 100 w.; WPFC, City of Muskegon, Muskegon, Mich., granted license for police service, 2442 kc., 50 w.; KGZM, City of El Paso, Tex., granted license for police service, 2414 kc., 100 w.; KIEJ, W. N. Growden, Poorman, Alaska, granted fixed public pt. to pt. telegraph license, 2994 kc., 50 w., to communicate with Ruby, Alaska; KGTX, Aeronautical Radio, Inc., Pocatello, Idaho, granted aviation aeronautical license, frequencies 2906, 3072.5, 3082.5, *5510, *5540, 5672.5, 5692.5 kc., 400 w.; KIER, Modesto Irrigation District, portable in Stanislaus and Tuolumne counties, Calif., granted spec. emergency license, 3190 kc., 7.5 w.; WGK, Radiomarine Corp. of America, Blue Ash, Ohio, granted ren. of public coastal-coastal telegraph license, to operate daily 7 to 10 a.m. 1 to 4 p.m., 7 to 11 p.m., plus such additional hrs. as traffic necessitates; ren. of lic. to be in conformity with present license which expires Feb. 1.

Pacific Alaska Airways, Inc., 14 planes, granted aviation aircraft licenses for 14 planes, freqs. 333, 500, 1708, 2870, 3082.5, 8220, 12,330 and 16,440 kc., 12 w.; Transcontinental and Western Air; Pennsylvania Air Lines, Inc., Western Air Express, Inc., granted licenses for seven planes, 2906, 3105, 3072.5, 3088, 4967.5, 4987.5, *5510, *5540, 5672.5 and 5692.5 kc., 50 w. (*Available until March 1); WCC, Radiomarine Corp. of America, Marion, Mass; WSA, New London, Conn; KPH, Bolinas, Calif.; KPK, Torrance, Calif.; KPK, Portland, Oreg., granted ren. of marine relay license and public coastal telegraph license;

KUP, Examiner Printing Co., San Francisco, Calif., granted ren. of mobile press license in exact accordance with present license; WSV, Radiomarine Corp. of America, Savannah, Ga., KPH, Bolinas, Calif., granted ren. of public coastal telegraph lic. same freqs. as in existing license; KDAF and KDBO, Tropical Radio Tel. Co., New Orleans, La., granted 60-day auth. to operate station KDAF and KDBO aboard vessels "Coppename" and "Suriname", as first and third class, pending receipt of formal application.

Set For Hearing

WBEN, Inc., Buffalo, N.Y. CP for experimental visual broadcasting service; KGBX, Inc., Springfield, Mo. CP to change frequency from 1310 to 1340 kc., and increase power from 100 to 250 w. (Facilities of KGIZ); WDBO, Orlando Broadcasting Co., Inc., Orlando, Fla., mod. of lic. to increase power from 250 to 500 w. night, 1 kw. day (facilities of WRUF);

Applications Dismissed

The following applications were dismissed at request of applicants:

WHIS, Daily Telegraph Printing Co., Bluefield, W.Va. mod. of lic. 1410 kc., 250 w., share with WRBX; also mod. of license, 1410 kc., 250 w., unlt'd.; WSAN, Allentown Call Pub. Co., Inc., Allentown, Pa., mod. of lic. 1440 kc., 500 w. exp. shares with WCBA; WCBA, B. Bryan Musselman, Allentown, Pa., mod. of lic., 500 w., exp. 1440 kc., share with WSAN; All Southern Radio Corp., Jacksonville, Fla., CP, 1120 kc., 500 w., 1 kw., LS, unlimited time; facilities of WRUF.

Miscellaneous

WMCA, Knickerbocker Broadcasting Co., Inc., and the Central New York Broadcasting Corp., New York City, the Commission overruled the demurrer to notice of appearance and statement of facts to be proved; denied the motion to dismiss in Docket 1855; granted a continuance of hearing for period of 60 days from Jan. 24.

Marine Relay Licenses

The Commission granted the following applications for renewal of marine relay licenses:

Central Radio Telegraph Co., Rogers City, Mich.; City of Seattle, Harbor Dept., Seattle, Wash.; Inland Waterways Corp., Memphis, Tenn., and Minneapolis, Minn.; Mackay Radio & Telegraph Co., Hillsboro, Oreg., Rockland, Me., and Sayville, N.Y.; Tropical Radio Telegraph Co., WFB, Hingham, Mass.; WIO, Ft. Morgan, Ala.; WAX, Hialeah, Fla.; WNN, Mobile, Ala.; WNU, New Orleans, Globe Wireless, Ltd., KSA, Edmonds, Wash.; KYG, Kaena Point, T.H.; KKB, Sherwood, Oreg.; WPN, Garden City NY and KSM, Cypress, Calif.;

Radiomarine Corp. of America, WBL, Buffalo; WRL, Duluth; WGO, Chicago; WCY, W. Dover, Ohio; KJV, Baytown, Tex.; WPA, Port Arthur, Tex.; WGV, Galveston, Tex.; WNY, Brooklyn, NY; WCM, Chatham, Mass.; and WOE, Palm Beach, Fla.

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BELIEVES EDUCATIONAL STATIONS LICENSE EXEMPT

The point is raised by L. D. Coffman, of Minneapolis, president of the University of Minnesota, as to whether or not educational stations, not selling time, are constitutionally exempt from the license fee which Congress proposes to levy on broadcasting stations.

"May I call your attention to Senator Dill's bill which provides for somewhat heavy license fees for educational broadcasting stations", Mr. Coffman wrote Senator Thomas D. Schall, of Minnesota. "It is estimated that under this provision a number of radio stations owned by educational institutions will have to pay annual license fees ranging from \$300 to \$450 each. It occurs to me that the imposition of such license fees by the Federal Government on State institutions may involve a constitutional question.

"We base our objection to it primarily, however, on the ground that radio broadcasting by colleges and universities is an educational function and not a money-making enterprise. The university radio station here broadcasts informative programs on agriculture, economics, behavior problems of children, modern languages, music, etc. We are unable to see why such activities should have imposed upon them burdensome penalties. Many of the educational broadcasting stations will find the payment of this fee a financial hardship, and will probably have to withdraw from the broadcasting field altogether. We should like to see this provision removed from the bill and trust that we may count on your influence toward that end. "

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