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No. 783

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ADVOCATES LAW CHANGED SO FCC NOT JUDGE AND PROSECUTOR

The Federal Communications Commission is one of the most perfect and complete amalgams of executive, legislative and judicial powers in the Federal Government, in the opinion of Louis G. Caldwell.

"Under the standard of 'public interest, convenience, or necessity', it makes the rules to which a broadcaster must conform, it acts as prosecutor, and sits as judge on the cases in which it is also the prosecutor", Mr. Caldwell asserted.

"Here let me mention an astounding paradox. The Commission has repeatedly held that it does not have the power to make any regulations governing the contents of programs or even advertising because of the prohibition against censorship in Section 29. Figuratively, in the same breath, it has warned broadcasters that it will take such matters into account in determining whether it will renew licenses. In other words, after listening to a mass of evidence adduced without formulated issues, the Commission will give an ex post facto judgment as to what should have been the rule the broadcaster should have known enough to abide by.

"Bad as would be the regulation-making power which the Commission disclaims, it would at least afford a measure of certainty as to the duties of the licensee. The strange thing is that both the power to renew licenses and the power to make regulations are governed by exactly the same phrase in the statute, 'public interest, convenience or necessity', but the phrase has a chameleon-like character."

Even without resorting to Section 29 forbidding censorship, Mr. Caldwell was confident that the phrase "public interest, convenience or necessity" will not bear the interpretation put upon it by the Commission in connection with renewal of licenses. He argued that perfectly good precedents can be found in decisions of the Supreme Court to show that it must be given a more restricted meaning, analogous to that given similar phrases in public utility statutes.

"It was never intended as a cloak for censorship. Yet that is exactly what it is being used for", Mr. Caldwell continued. "Those who are not familiar with the Commission's decisions would be chocked at the application of this standard to particular cases in which, as the result of defamatory utterances milder on the whole than those involved in the Minnesota Gag Law Case, broadcasting stations have been forever silenced.

"What are the results? One immediate and important consequence is that this state of the law forces the broadcasters themselves, or at least the more timorous among them, to exercise what some of you complain of as a private censorship over the speeches of those who use their microphones. This tendency is further encouraged by the prohibition against obscene, indecent or profane language on the Radio Act, and by the position taken by the Nebraska Supreme Court which held a broadcaster liable for defamation occurring in a political speech which it was forbidden to censor by Section 18 of the Radio Act."

Another important consequence is that the guaranty of free speech has ceased to keep pace with the progress of science, Mr. Caldwell declared. It still exists for the obsolescent public platform but not for great means of mass communication which is replacing it. This, in his opinion, is but another way of saying that freedom of speech has failed to keep abreast of freedom of the press, and the latter henceforth must carry the torch alone.

"I know of no justification for such consequences. The only justifications I have heard vanish like the Arabs when the facts are frankly faced", the speaker concluded. "I wish time permitted me to discuss in detail the remedies that seem called for. I have not given up hope, of course, that some day broadcasting will achieve a victory comparable to the Minnesota Gag Law Case. The present state of its rights is like the majority opinion in the Milwaukee Leader Case. It is interesting to note that in the cases both of the press and broadcasting, the defeats for liberty of expression have occurred in rulings by administrative officials enjoying a broad combination of executive, legislative and judicial powers, on one side the Postmaster General and on the other the Federal Radio Commission.

The statute should be amended if necessary. The Commission should issue licenses for the maximum period of three years permitted by statute. It should cease using proceedings on applications for renewal of license for discipline of licensees, and should employ revocation proceedings in which it will have the burden of alleging and proving specific misconduct. More important than all this, the law should be changed so that it would cease to be the judge in a case in which it is also the prosecutor."

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RAYBURN LIKELY TO HEAD HOUSE COMMUNICATIONS COMMITTEE

Representative Sam Rayburn out as a candidate for Speaker of the House of Representatives, appears to assure his again serving as Chairman of the Interstate Commerce Committee, which will have jurisdiction over communications matters in the House. Mr. Rayburn was the co-author of the 1934 Communications Act.

Rayburn's withdrawal from the Speakership race apparently left Representative Joseph W. Byrns, of Tennessee, victor in the field. The matter will be decided at a caucus January 2.

The Rayburn announcement was not entirely unexpected. There had been rumors of withdrawal ever since his return to Washington. His statement followed withdrawal of Representative John E. Rankin, of Mississippi, from the contest and precipitation of a rough and tumble scramble for the floor leadership.

The Rayburn statement was brief. "I am no longer a candidate for Speaker", he said. "There are no alibis. Under the circumstances, I cannot be elected."

Rayburn made a determined campaign for the speakership, with the reputed support of Prof. Raymond Moley, friend of the President, and some Administration officials. His chances began to wane as soon as the White House made definitely clear that the President would take no part.

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SAM PICKARD, COLUMBIA V-P, IN AUTO ACCIDENT

Sam Pickard, Vice-President of the Columbia Broadcasting System, and Mrs. Pickard, were victims of an automobile accident in New York Monday night. While both were painfully hurt and a facial operation was necessary in the case of Mr. Pickard, it is not believed the injuries to either are of a permanent nature. They are now at the United Hospital at Port Chester, N. Y. Harry C. Butcher, Washington manager of Columbia, who visited them, reports that both are doing nicely.

According to Mr. Butcher, Mr. and Mrs. Pickard, in a new Buick, had driven down from their home in Rye, to New York City, to take Mr. and Mrs. Charles Myers, of Station KOIN, Portland, Ore., to the theatre. After the performance, the Pickards drove Mr. and Mrs. Myers to their hotel and started back home. Mrs. Pickard was driving and Mr. Pickard sat beside her on the front seat. They were closely following a street car at 135th Street and Lenox Avenue at about 1 o'clock in the morning. The street car stopped suddenly and a truck at their side prevented turning out with the result that the Pickard automobile crashed into the street car.

Mr. Pickard was hurled through the wind-shield glass and badly cut about the head. Luckily his hat was pulled down and his eyes and a part of his head were thus protected. Plastic surgeons later had Mr. Pickard on the operating table for about 5½ hours. Mrs. Pickard suffered a broken knee-cap and the loss of several teeth.

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PRESS-RADIO FOLD-UP PREDICTED

The future of the Press-Radio program is reported in extreme doubt in persistent rumors that have been going through the industry for the last few weeks. General dissatisfaction with the program, both on the inside of P-R, in the newspaper factions involved, and the outside, the broadcasters are said to be the principal factors involved.

"The story is that the program will be dropped within the near future or else changed radically", Billboard Magazine relates. "However, James Barrett, P-R manager, stated that he knew nothing about the reports.

"Internal dissatisfaction with P-R is credited mainly to the United Press. As was the case with the Hearst news services, UP was collecting heavily from radio stations for news service before the present setup was put through. Naturally that revenue went out the window when the broadcasters and publishers agreed on P-R. UP is now said to be champing at the bit again to go after that income. Another unverified report is that Universal Service and INS will shortly start feeding all Hearst stations feature stories, especially prepared for the outlets. This, obviously, could soon be changed to a direct news service.

"Another factor, but as yet under cover, is the Havas news agency, a French government subsidized organization. Latter service, it is said, has lost considerable revenue formerly earned in this country and is aching to get into the radio field directly. Havas now supplies Herb Moore's Trans-Radio with European matter. Havas is also said to have assumed an indirect interest in T-R, helping to pay for recent advertisements bought by the last-named service.

"If P-R were to blow up, it probably could not develop until early next year, after the Associated Press meeting, since any action taken involving AP must be okehed by the Board of Directors. Final word on the UP angle would be up to Roy Howard. It is said UP wants the method changed so that it can go back into the radio news selling field.

"P-R now has about 222 stations and T-R 150."

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BROADCAST ADVERTISING PROBABLY 15% GREATER THAN 1933

Broadcast advertising volume in October was the most promising in recent months. Total time sales amounted to \$7,377,084, in again of 39.3% above September. Regional networks continued their remarkable growth of business of recent months, while national network volume rose 77.0% as against September. National spot broadcast advertising increased 60.0% during the month, and local volume 27.8%.

Broadcast advertising during October of the current year was 28.5% greater than during the same period of 1933. National network advertising was 39.5% greater than during the same period of last year. Regional network advertising was materially higher in volume, while national spot business showed an increase of 17.3% over last October. National network advertising during the current month totaled \$4,527,002, a figure 5.5% greater than March, 1932, the previous peak of network advertising.

Following an unfavorable showing in recent months, local broadcast advertising in October finally exceeded that of the same period of the preceding year, rising to 7.0% above October, 1933.

If present trends are maintained, which seems probable, total broadcast advertising for the year should be approximately 15% greater than 1933, though still somewhat below the 1931 high for the medium.

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BROADCASTERS TO MEET IN COLORADO IN JULY

Colorado has been decided upon as the place of the next annual meeting of the National Association of Broadcasters. This was the decision of the Board of Directors of the Association who met in New York last Wednesday and Thursday. The annual meeting will be held in either Denver or Colorado Springs during the early part of July. The city and the exact date has been left to the Executive Committee.

As the principal work of the forthcoming year, the National Association of Broadcasters will endeavor to organize a committee in every State. The Chairman of the State Committees will be a member of a National Committee. Philip G. Loucks, Managing Director, was ordered to concentrate upon this work and to visit the various States in order to speed up the organization. As a result of this, Mr. Loucks expects to put in a considerable amount of time during the next few months travelling.

State Committees of the NAB organized experimentally in New York and more recently in Alabama, are reported to have been highly successful as a result of which State organization will be undertaken by the Association on a nation-wide scale.

Owing to the illness of Joseph Hostettler, of Cleveland, copyright counsel, copyright matters which the directors expected to take up were deferred. The Copyright Committee was authorized to receive Mr. Hostettler's report at a later date and given power to act. Five new members of the Association were elected bringing the membership up to 375.

The following committees were appointed for the coming year:

COMMITTEE OF FIVE - Arthur B. Church, Chairman, KMBC, Kansas City, Mo.; Walter J. Damm, Station WTMJ, Milwaukee, Wis.; John Karol, Columbia Broadcasting System, New York City; Ed Kobak, National Broadcasting Co., New York City; John V. L. Hogan, Station W2XR, New York City.

COPYRIGHT COMMITTEE - A. J. McCosker, Station WOR, New York City; Isaac D. Levy, Station WCAU, Philadelphia, Pa.; Frank M. Russell, Station WRC, Washington, D. C.; I. Z. Buckwalter, Station WGAL, Lancaster, Pa.; Walter J. Damm, Station WTMJ, Milwaukee, Wis.

COST ACCOUNTING COMMITTEE - H. K. Carpenter, Station WHK, Cleveland; Walter J. Damm, WTMJ, Milwaukee; M. R. Runyon, WABC, New York City; H. F. McKeon, WJZ, New York City; R. W. Hoffman, WHFC, Chicago; Lewis Weiss, WJR, Detroit; J. H. Ryan, WSPD, Toledo; J. L. Kaufman, WINS, New York City; I. Z. Buckwalter, WGAL, Lancaster, Pa.

ENGINEERING COMMITTEE - J. A. Chambers, WLW, Cincinnati; C. W. Horn, WEAJ, New York City; E. K. Cohan, WABC, New York City; E. L. Gove, WHK, Cleveland; John E. Durrell, KJBS, San Francisco; J. H. DeWitt, Jr., WSM, Nashville; Frank B. Falknor, WBBM, Chicago; Carl Myers, WGN, Chicago; John E. Fetzer, WKZO, Kalamazoo; Lynne C. Smeby, KSTP, St. Paul; John V. L. Hogan, W2XR, New York City; H. Harvey, KFAB, Lincoln, Nebr.; WLIT, James M. Nassau, Philadelphia; WIL, L. A. Benson, St. Louis; Hugh McCartney, WCCO, Minneapolis; Jim Middlebrooks, WAPI, Birmingham.

TAX COMMITTEE - E. M. Elkin, KDKA, Pittsburgh; P. J. Hennessey, WJZ, New York City; Sydney M. Kaye, WABC, New York City; A. Z. Moore, WKJC, Lancaster, Pa.; Edgar T. Bell, WKY, Oklahoma City; WJDX, Wiley P. Harris, Jackson, Miss.; Gerald King, KFVB, Hollywood, Cal.; Birt Fisher, KOMO, Seattle, Wash.

COMMERCIAL COMMITTEE - Arthur B. Church, KMBC, Kansas City, Mo.; Edwin M. Spence, WPG, Atlantic City, N.J.; John Karol, WABC, New York City; Ed Kobak, WJZ, New York City; Roy L. Harlow, WAAB, Boston; John Elmer, WCBM, Baltimore, Md.; I. R. Lounsberry, WGR, Buffalo; C. D. Mastin, WBNF, Binghamton, N. Y.; J. H. Ryan, WSPD, Toledo, Ohio; John L. Clark, WLW, Cincinnati; Robert A. Street, WCAU, Philadelphia, Pa.; Nathan Lord, WAVE, Louisville, Ky.; H. K. Carpenter, WHK, Cleveland; John F. Patt, WGAR, Cleveland; W. W. Gedge, WMBC, Detroit, Mich.; Gayle V. Grubb, WKY, Oklahoma City, Okla.; Martin B. Campbell, WFAA, Dallas.

Also, Hugh A. L. Halff, WOAI, San Antonio; H. W. Slavick, WMC, Memphis; S. E. Adcock, WROL, Knoxville; E. W. Carr, WDNC, Durham, N. C.; George F. Isaac, WGN, Chicago; D. E. Kendrick, WKBF, Indianapolis; J. O. Maland, WHO, Des Moines; Charles G. Burke, WDAY, Fargo, N. D.; Walter J. Damm, WTMJ, Milwaukee; Lester E. Cox, KGBX, Springfield, Mo.; G. C. Hamilton, KFBK, Sacramento, Cal.; H. J. Quillian, KOMO, Seattle, Wash.; Arthur J. Kemp, KHJ, Los Angeles, Cal.; Earl J. Glade, KSL, Salt Lake City, Utah; Arthur F. Kales, KECA, Los Angeles, Cal.; Ralph R. Brunton, KJBS, San Francisco, Cal.

Also, William S. Hedges, WEA, New York City; Stanley Hubbard, KSTP, St. Paul, Minn.; Paul Keston, WABC, New York City; LeRoy Mark, WOL, Washington, D. C.; Fred Palmer, WBNS, Columbus, O.; Glenn Snyder, WLS, Chicago, Ill.; J. C. Henrahan, KSO, Des Moines, Ia.; S. G. Persons, WSFA, Montgomery, Ala.; Guy Earle, KNX, Hollywood, Cal.; C. W. Myers, KOIN, Portland, Ore.

Ex Officio Members - J. Truman Ward, President, NAB; Philip G. Loucks, Managing Director, NAB; James W. Baldwin, Executive Officer, Code Authority for the Radio Broadcasting Industry.

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CONGRESS BROADCAST MUST AWAIT NEW SPEAKER'S CONSENT

Unless some tentative agreement can be reached with Representative Byrns, of Tennessee, and the other candidates for Speaker of the House of Representatives, the networks may be kept in hot water on the question as to whether or not they will be able to broadcast the opening of the new Congress Thursday, January 3.

Hitherto permission to station mikes at various points in and around the House and Senate floors has been sought and obtained from the Speaker of the House of Representatives, usually a hold-over from the previous session. This year, because of the death of Speaker Rainey, with a Speaker yet to be elected, both the National Broadcasting Company and Columbia Broadcasting System must wait until the eleventh hour before obtaining actual permission. Although both systems are now completing usual plans to broadcast the event, there is no one in authority now to say "yes" or "no." Consequently both chains must obtain final word on January 2, if the election of Majority Leader Byrns as Speaker is conceded at that time.

With Bob Trout for Columbia in the House library room, and Carleton Smith for NBC in the House record room, both systems will handle the event as in former years with additional mikes stationed at strategic points to bring listeners accounts of actual election of the new Speaker; administration of his oath of office; swearing in of new members, and adoption of various resolutions. The broadcast at present is scheduled for 11:30 A.M. January 3, with possibility of a broadcast of the joint session the following day.

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ABS NETWORK EXECUTIVES MEET IN N. Y.

The American Broadcasting System set a precedent in network radio practise last Tuesday when, for the first time, an entire network was fully represented at a meeting of the owners and operators of the stations affiliated with the system. The meeting was called in New York by George B. Storer, President of ABS, for a discussion of efficient coordination of operations and for a round table exchange of mutual problems relating to the new network and the member stations, as well as coordination of station and network promotion and rate practices.

The delegates at the session were from the entire territory of the ABS network, extending from Washington to Boston and Buffalo in the East and North and to St. Louis and Chicago in the West, and including the principal markets of the nation. Mr. Storer presided at the meeting, which was held in the Waldorf Astoria Hotel.

The results of and the listener and station reactions to the first six weeks of operation of the new network were an important part of the discussion. The station owners and operators expressed their views with relation to their local broadcast areas, the developments they are effecting individually and as network units.

Attending the meeting with Mr. Storer as representatives of ABS, were James K. Norris, Vice-President and Treasurer; Fred Weber, Vice-President in Charge of Network Operations; Albert A. Cormier, new Vice-President in Charge of Sales, and Edward Ale-shire, recently appointed Vice-President in Charge of Sales Research and Development.

The representatives of the affiliated stations were: Alfred Pote, Managing Director and Operator, and William Pote, WMEX, Boston, Mass.; William S. Cherry, Jr., President, WPRO, Providence, R. I.; William J. Pape, President, WLXBS, Waterbury, Conn.; Benedict Gimbel, Jr., President, WIP, Philadelphia, Pa.; Clair R. McCollough, President, WDEL, Wilmington, Del.; John Elmer, President, WCBM, Baltimore, Md.; H. J. Brennen, President, KQV, Pittsburgh, Pa.; Robert M. Thompson, Commercial Manager, KQV, Pittsburgh, Pa.; H. H. Howell, President, WEBR, Buffalo, N. Y.; Roy Albertson, General Manager, WEBR, Buffalo, N. Y.; Ralph G. Matheson, Treasurer, WHDH, Boston, Mass.; Harold E. Smith, President, WABY, Albany, N. Y.; Ralph L. Atlass, President, WIND-WJJD, Chicago, Ill.; William A. Clark, Manager, WFBE, Cincinnati, Ohio; James L. Hughes, General Manager, WHBF, Rock Island, Ill.; L. A. Benson, President, WIL, St. Louis, Mo.

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SAID HE WAS "DEAC"

The following appeared in the column of Kay Ware, who covers the night clubs for the Washington Post:

"The Heigh-Ho Club entertained Ina Claire, Glibert Miller and members of the cast in local play Monday night. Assistant Stage Manager James Donohue keeps watchful eye on Miss Claire.

"Also floating around that evening was a gentleman who presented himself as Milton H. Aylesworth, of New York, NBC-RKO president. Introduced himself to James Struthers, dancing there, to Pete Macias, neither of whom could identify him as the original. Every time someone who knew Mr. Aylesworth tried to find him, he had disappeared."

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POWEL CROSLY SCORES VICTORY IN NIGHT BASEBALL

Breaking down a barrier which they themselves had set up against the innovation several years ago when it became the rage among the minor leagues, the club owners of the National League in New York voted to admit night baseball on a limited scale.

Powel Crosley, Jr., radio manufacturer and owner of the "Cincinnati Reds" was the leader in the night opening movement.

Under the new rule, as it was explained by President Ford C. Frick, each club is privileged to stage up to seven night games at home during the course of the 1935 championship season.

"Powel Crosley, owner of the Cincinnati Reds, led the fight for the acceptance of night baseball and scored a rather amazing victory in view of the league's set stand against the matter several years ago when it swept like wildfire through the minor leagues", John Drebing writes in the New York Times.

"Crosley, however, fortified with weighty statistics which showed the tremendous disadvantage under which clubs of the smaller cities in the circuit operated, apparently carried the day by the sheer force of his argument. In Cincinnati, during 1934, he pointed out, 70 per cent of the Reds' gross home attendances for the year was recorded on only fifteen playing days, these including opening day, Sundays and holidays."

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I. T. & T. SHOWS \$1,457,398 NINE MONTHS' PROFIT

The International Telephone and Telegraph Corporation reported this week for the nine months ended on Sept. 30, a consolidated net income of \$1,457,398 after all charges, minority interest and other deductions. This was equal to nearly 23 cents a share on 6,339,002 shares of stock. For the same period last year the company reported a net loss of \$239,223. Gross earnings in the nine months this year amounted to \$57,493,173, compared with \$52,416,203 in 1933, and included \$266,363 of non-recurring income. Operating revenues of communications companies and gross profit on sales of manufacturing companies totaled \$50,854,849 per the period, and other revenues included \$2,933,323 income from Spanish National Telephone Company as interest, dividends and fees for service, and \$1,465,047 from affiliated companies.

The Postal Telegraph and Cable Corporation reported for the nine months a net loss of \$1,051,280 after all interest charges, including non-recurring income of \$266,363, comparing with a net loss of \$1,142,079 for the same period in 1933.

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"O. H." ADVISES XMAS SHOPPERS

Christmas shoppers will get a suggestion, and some practical advice about how to select a new radio set as a gift when they hear Orestes H. Caldwell, editor of Radio Retailing and former Federal Radio Commissioner, over an NBC-WEAF network on Monday, December 17.

New radio receiving sets will bulk large in the gift buying which is expected to make this the biggest Christmas shopping season since 1929, according to reports of manufacturers. Caldwell will explain briefly the essential qualities of a good set and the tests to make to assure that the buyer's requirements are met. He will speak at 6:35 P.M., E.S.T., from the NBC studios in Radio City.

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DECISIONS OF THE FCC BROADCAST DIVISION

December 11 - APPLICATIONS GRANTED - WKBO, Keystone Broadcasting Corp., Harrisburg, Pa., C.P. to make changes in equipment and increase daytime power from 100 to 250 watts; WMBF, Howitt-Wood Radio Co., Inc., Binghamton, N. Y., C.P. to make changes in equipment and increase power from 100 watts to 100 watts night, 250 watts, LS; WKBZ, Karl L. Ashbacker, Muskegon, Mich., C.P. to make changes in equipment and increase power from 100 watts to 100 watts,

250 watts, LS; WIBU, Wm. C. Forrest, Poynette Wis., C.P. to make changes in equipment and increase day power from 100 to 250 watts; KRE, 1st Congregational Church, Berkeley, Cal., C.P. to make changes in equipment and increase day power to 250 watts; KLO, Interstate Broadcasting Corp., Ogden, Utah, C.P. to install new equipment; WSPA, d/b as The Voice of South Carolina, Spartanburg, S. C., modification of C.P. approving transmitter site in Spartanburg; KFRO, Voice of Longview, Longview, Tex., modification of C.P. to make changes in equipment and move station to about $\frac{1}{2}$ mi. city limits of Longview on Greet St.; WIBA, Badger Broadcasting Co., Inc., Madison, Wis., 60 day extension of special temp. experimental authority to use 1 KW night; WMAQ, National Broadcasting Co., Inc., Chicago, Ill., modification of C.P. extending commencement date to Dec. 3, 1934 and completion date to April 4, 1935.

Also, KLZ, The Reynolds Radio Co., Inc., Denver, Colo., modification of C.P. extending commencement date to Dec. 1, 1934, and completion date to April 1, 1935; KGIX, J. M. Heaton, Las Vegas, Nevada, modification of C.P. extending completion date to Feb. 2, 1935; WSUI, State University of Iowa, Iowa City, Ia., modification of license increasing daytime power from 500 watts to 1 KW, and change hours of operation from specified to unlimited; WFEA, New Hampshire Broadcasting Co., Manchester, N. H., license covering increase in day power from 500 w. to 1 KW, unlimited time; WNBX, WNBX Broadcasting Corp., Springfield, Vt., license covering increase in power and hours of operation of daytime only to daytime until sunset at Erie, Pa., and changes in equipment, 1260 kc., 1 KW; WHDL, Tupper Lake Broadcasting Co., Inc., Olean, N. Y., license covering move of station from Tupper Lake to Olean, N. Y., 1420 kc., 100 w. daytime.

Also, WBNS, WBNS, Inc., Columbus, O., license covering local move, 1430 kc., 500 w. night, 1 KW day, unlt'd.; WIBM, WIBM, Inc., Jackson, Mich., license to cover changes in eqpt. and increase in daytime power to 250 watts, 1370 kc., 100 w. night, unlt'd.; WJBK, Jas. F. Hopkins, Inc., Detroit, Mich., license covering changes in eqpt. and increase in daytime power, 1500 kc., 100 w. night, 250 w. day, unlt'd.; WRAK, WRAK, Inc., Williamsport, Pa., license covering local move, making changes in eqpt., and increasing daytime power to 250 watts, 1370 kc., 100 w. night, unlt'd.; KYW, Westinghouse E. & M. Co., Philadelphia, Pa., license covering move of station from Chicago to Philadelphia, and installing new eqpt., 1020 kc., 10 KW, unlt'd. time; KGRS, E. B. Gish (Gish Radio Serv.), Amarillo, Tex., license covering changes in eqpt. and increase in daytime power from 1 KW to $2\frac{1}{2}$ KW, 1410 kc., 1 KW night, specified hours; WJBC, Kaskaskia Broadcasting Co., Bloomington, Ill., license covering move of station from LaSalle, Ill. to Bloomington, Ill., 1200 kc., 100 w., shares with WJBL.

Also, KFWB, Warner Bros. Broadcasting Corp., Hollywood, Cal., license covering changes in eqpt. and increase in day power from 1 KW to $2\frac{1}{2}$ KW, 950 kc., 1 KW night, unlimited; KOIN, KOIN, Inc., Portland, Ore., license covering changes in eqpt. and increase in daytime power from 1 KW to $2\frac{1}{2}$ KW, 940 kc., 1 KW night, unlt'd.; WFBL, Onondaga Radio Broadcasting Corp., Syracuse, N. Y., modification of license increasing day power from $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 5 KW.

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