

# The National Association of Broadcasters

NATIONAL PRESS BUILDING \* \* \* \* \* WASHINGTON, D. C.

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## NAB REPORTS

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### NAB AWAITING ASCAP BOARD MOVE

Plans for litigation looking toward a dissolution of the American Society of Composers, Authors and Publishers have been momentarily suspended by a request from E. C. Mills, general manager of the American Society of Composers, Authors and Publishers, for a conference with Hon. Newton D. Baker, general counsel for the National Association of Broadcasters in copyright matters. The Board of Directors of the Society met Thursday to pass on the questions raised by Mr. Mills' request and on the NAB proposal for the adoption of a "per piece" plan for the payment of royalties, coupled with an immediate revision of the existing contracts by eliminating the sustaining fee and the percentage on gross revenue and the substitution thereof of a percentage of the receipts on programs using ASCAP music.

### NEWS BROADCASTS ARE RESTRICTED

Rigid policies governing the broadcasting of news bulletins and the publication of radio programs were adopted during the week at the annual meetings of the Associated Press and the American Newspaper Publishers Association held at New York.

A resolution adopted by the Associated Press membership and regulations promulgated by the Board of Directors thereunder virtually prohibit the broadcasting of news bulletins collected by that organization. It is believed that both the United Press and the International News Service will follow the policies laid down by the Associated Press.

The action governing the publication of radio programs in daily newspapers was taken by the membership of the ANPA at its April 25th meeting.

The resolution, sponsored by James G. Stahlman, publisher of the Nashville, Tenn., *Banner* and president of the Southern Newspaper Publishers Association, and adopted by the Associated Press, is as follows:

"Be it resolved, That it is the sense of this meeting that the Board of Directors shall not allow any news distributed by The Associated Press, regardless of source, to be given to any radio chain or chains; and be it further

"Resolved, That no member newspaper of The Associated Press shall be allowed to broadcast its local news or news furnished by The Associated Press, other than brief bulletins covering events of major local, national or international importance with credit to The Associated Press and the member newspaper, and then only over an individual radio station located at or near the place of publication of the member paper broadcasting; and be it further

"Resolved, That it is the sense of the meeting that the Board of Directors shall promulgate at once rules and regulations covering the hours of such news bulletin broadcasts so as to distinguish between morning and evening members, fix a schedule of additional assessments to be applicable solely to those member papers which broadcast Associated Press news, the revenue from which shall be applied to a pro rata reduction of assessments paid by non-broadcasting members; take all steps necessary to protect the news report of The Associated Press from pilfering or such other illegal use by radio news commentators or others; and define the meaning of 'brief bulletins' in conformity with the text and spirit of this resolution; and be it further

"Resolved, That all resolutions, heretofore adopted by the membership in conflict with this resolution, be and the same are hereby rescinded and declared null and void."

The following day the Board of Directors of the Associated Press announced the following regulations to carry out the resolution:

"Recognizing that any action at this time must be tentative, the Board prescribes the following regulations:

"Resolved that Associated Press news of major local, national and international importance may be broadcast only by a member over a broadcasting station located at the place of publication in a brief

bulletin form of not more than 30 words each, and one bulletin only on any one subject. Sports events need not be subjected to the 30-word or one-subject limitations. Such bulletins shall be broadcast only within the hours of publication of the member, with full credit to the Associated Press and the member newspaper broadcasting.

"Such broadcast of bulletins shall in no way be connected with commercial programs; that extraordinary service material, which is not subject to limited hours of publication, is excepted, but such matters shall be subject to the 30-word limitation. And be it further resolved that all resolutions heretofore adopted by the Board concerning broadcasting inconsistent with this resolution, be rescinded.

"That concerning the recommendation of the membership that added assessments be imposed upon members broadcasting, this question involving many complications, is deferred for future study.

"In pursuance of its policy to protect the news reports of the Associated Press, the suit now pending in the Federal court to prevent the unauthorized use by radio of such news reports will be vigorously prosecuted."

The resolution governing the publication of radio programs was contained in the report of the Association's radio committee and submitted by E. H. Harris, publisher of the *Palladium-Item*, Richmond, Ind., and chairman of the committee. The resolution is as follows:

"Therefore be it resolved that it is the sense of this association that in the future newspapers should not publish such programs free of charge and should publish them, when offered, only as advertising matter, to be paid for as other advertising is paid for."

While it was said by an official of the association that the resolution is not binding upon members of the association, it was pointed out that since the passage of a similar resolution last year numerous papers have banned free radio programs.

### FOOD AND DRUGS ACT REVISION

Representatives of broadcasters, publishers, and other advertising media attended the conference called by Assistant Secretary of Agriculture Tugwell Saturday (April 29) to discuss proposed revision of the Federal Food and Drugs Act. The Department is seeking the help of manufacturers, agencies and media in the draft of a revision of the food and drugs act which will prevent false and misleading advertising of food and drug products. Following the series of conferences now in progress it is expected the Department will send to Congress a bill amending the present law wherein the Department feels the law is deficient. The National Association of Broadcasters, the National Broadcasting Company and the Columbia Broadcasting System were represented at the conference.

### COMMISSION ALLOCATES ACTIVITIES

The Radio Commission this week reallocated the activities of the various members of the Commission inasmuch as there is now a full membership of the Commission for the first time since General Seltzman resigned last July.

Under the plan adopted, Judge Sykes, the chairman will have charge of administrative matters. Colonel Brown, Commissioner from the Second Zone, was made vice chairman of the Commission and will continue in charge of field operations.

Commissioner Hanley, the new member, will have charge of the Legal Division, while Commissioner Lafount will have charge of the Examiners' Division and the Press Service. Commissioner Starbuck will continue in charge of the Engineering Division.

The Commission announced also this week that George B. Porter, who has been Assistant General Counsel of the Commission since November 1, 1931, will be the Acting General Counsel in place of Duke M. Patrick, who recently resigned to take up private law practice.



In the organization plan Chief Examiner Yost and Examiners Pratt and Hyde, all Republicans, are to be replaced, although successors have not yet been announced. There is a likelihood that the post of chief examiner will not be filled due to the fact that appropriations for the next fiscal year have been materially reduced and it is possible also that at least three field offices will be closed for the same reason. Reduced appropriations may result in other dismissals from the Commission.

#### STAY ORDER IN WMMB-KFAB CASE

The Court of Appeals of the District of Columbia on Friday granted the petition of Station WGN, Chicago, Ill., for a stay order against the decision of the Federal Radio Commission authorizing Station WBBM, Chicago, and Station KFAB, Lincoln, Nebr., to synchronize their operation. Station WGN has filed an appeal in the Court alleging that the synchronization of the two stations would cause interference.

#### MISSOURI TAX BILL KILLED

Adjournment of the Missouri Legislature on April 26, 1933, marked the death of H. 616, which had passed the House but died in the Senate. The bill would have imposed a tax of one per cent on advertising, except newspapers.

#### BEER ADVERTISING PERMITTED IN N. C.

Several states have started the machinery to permit advertising of beers and wines, which is now prohibited by statutes that were on the books prior to enactment of the Federal 3.2 beer act. In North Carolina the measure (S. 492) became law on April 6, 1933. In addition to states previously reported, Texas with S. 523 and Michigan with S. 101 are the most recent states to take under consideration repeal measures of this kind.

#### ILLINOIS GROSS RECEIPTS TAX

Two bills have been introduced in the Illinois Legislature to supplement the three per cent sales tax in the matter of revenue raising. H. 789 provides a three per cent tax on the gross receipts of corporations, and H. 725 would impose upon all natural persons engaged in any profession, trade or occupation a tax of one and one-half per cent on gross receipts over three hundred dollars. Included in a list of businesses covered by the tax are "radio announcers, radio engineers and radio repairmen."

#### RECOMMENDS MORE TIME FOR WHBC

Station WNBO, Silver Haven, Pa., asked to change its time from specified hours to unlimited; WCAE, Pittsburgh, asked to move locally; and WHBC, Canton, Ohio, asked to increase its power from 10 to 100 watts. Report No. 471 (Hyde, e.). Recommended denying application of WNBO for unlimited time, granting WCAE permission to move transmitter locally, and granting of power increase to WHBC.

The Examiner found that the operation of WNBO on full time would be likely to cause serious interference with Stations WHBC and WNBO. He found that the moving of the transmitter of WCAE would be a constructive step and that "the new location offers advantages that should result in a more uniform field intensity over the natural service area of the station."

In the case of Station WHBC, Examiner Hyde found that the service of that station would be materially improved by the use of 100 watts instead of 10 watts as at present. Another important consideration, says the Examiner, "favoring the granting of the application is the fact that this 10-watt station is the only station in an important industrial community having a population over 100,000 and a trade area of still greater population."

#### HOUSE RADIO SUBCOMMITTEE NAMED

Representative Bland, Virginia, chairman of the House Committee on Merchant Marine, Radio and Fisheries, has announced the appointment of the following subcommittee on radio for the duration of the present Congress: Representative Briggs, Texas, chairman; Ramspeck, Georgia; Crosby, Iowa; Willford, Iowa; Brown, Kentucky; Lehlback, New Jersey; Edmonds, Pennsylvania; and Mr. McCandless, Delegate from Hawaii.

#### HEARING ON POLICE RADIO BILLS

Hearings were held on Thursday and Friday of this week before the House Committee on Merchant Marine, Radio and Fisheries on two police radio bills introduced by Representative Ludlow of Indiana.

One of these bills prohibits the installation of short wave sets in automobiles, while the other provides for the obtaining of a license for the installation of any set in an automobile. No very vigorous opposition was made to the bills. The Radio Commission

objected to the wording of one of the bills. Those appearing included police officials and representatives of the aviation industry.

#### RECOMMENDS EXTENDING WAPI PERMIT

Application by Station WAPI, Birmingham, Ala., for the extension of time for the commencement and completion of its construction permit to increase its power from 5,000 to 25,000 watts (Report No. 473, Yost, e.). Recommended that permit be modified to begin construction work by June 17, 1933, and complete it December 17, 1933.

The Examiner found that the station is financially able to make the construction but that it was justified in delaying the work because of economic conditions.

The present owners, the Examiner found, were not entirely to blame for the delay, and he found that "preliminary steps have been taken to comply with the terms of the existing construction permit."

#### FAVORS RENEWAL WBSH LICENSE

Renewal application by Station WBSH, Huntsville, Ala., and application by Hutchens Company for voluntary assignment of the station license to WBHS, Inc. (Report No. 472, Pratt, e.). Recommends that applications be granted.

The Examiner states that although there have been some irregularities in the past operation of the station, "these appear to have been remedied and said station, now off the air pending decision in this case, is under complete control and management of radio Station WBHS, Inc." He suggests that the license be renewed and the voluntary assignment be allowed.

#### GRANTS MORE TIME TO WMBH

The Radio Commission on Friday reversed Examiner Pratt in his Report No. 462 in which he recommended that the application for additional time for Station WMBH, Joplin, Mo., be denied. The Commission granted some additional time but not all that the station asked for.

The Commission found that the station is rendering a well-designed local service and "through the use of additional hours would be enabled to extend and improve such service." It was also found that there is substantial need for the additional time and "the public benefit which would result from the operation of Station WMBH until 9:30 p. m. fully warrants a limited extension of the time during which slight interference is experienced."

#### DUAL TRANSMITTER OPERATION DENIED

The application of Station WEBR, Buffalo, N. Y., for authority to operate two transmitters alternatively was refused by the Radio Commission, sustaining Examiner Hyde in his Report No. 465.

The Commission states in its opinion that the operation of the station's main and auxiliary transmitters as proposed would not comply with Rule 149 of the Commission's regulations and it further found that "the granting of the application would not serve public interest."

#### AUDITORY PERSPECTIVE DEMONSTRATED

The Bell Telephone Laboratories, in cooperation with Leopold Stokowski and the Philadelphia Symphony Orchestra, demonstrated new developments in program transmission over wire lines before the National Academy of Sciences, Washington, D. C., April 27.

The orchestra played at the Academy of Music in Philadelphia, and the music was reproduced before a large audience in Washington. The illusion of auditory perspective was obtained by using two microphones, each connected to an individual wire line and loud speaker. Special high-quality circuits were used throughout, and 23 wire circuits, including spares for emergency use, were required between Washington and Philadelphia. The system used was said to reproduce faithfully all frequencies between 35 and 16000 cycles, with a volume range of 80 decibels (power range of 100,000,000 to 1). The fidelity of reproduction achieved was far in advance of anything before attempted for sound picture or radio reproduction, and the stereoscopic effect, or auditory perspective, added considerably to the success of the demonstration.

No statement has been forthcoming as to the possible commercial application of the principles and apparatus used in the demonstration. The application to broadcasting is, of course, difficult under present conditions inasmuch as two complete transmitters and receivers would be required for the auditory perspective effect.

#### SECURITIES ACT IS REPORTED

The Senate Committee on Banking and Currency on April 27 reported favorably to the Senate the Securities Bill (S. 875, Report No. 47), which provides, among other things, certain regulation respecting the advertising by radio of securities.



Section 8 of the bill as reported to the Senate prescribes the rules governing the advertising of securities as follows:

"It shall be unlawful to carry, transmit, or cause to be carried or transmitted, in interstate commerce, by use of the United States mails or by any means or instruments of transportation or communication, any written, printed, or other graphic communication or document, or any radio communication, announcing, offering, or advertising for sale any securities subject to the provisions of this Act, unless such communication or document contains the following information concerning the security so offered:

"(a) The name of the issuer and names of the underwriting syndicate, if any, amount of capitalization authorized and paid up, location of principal place of business, and, if incorporated, place of incorporation.

"(b) A brief description of the security offered, including the amount of the issue, a description of its rights with reference to dividends or fixed returns and voting power and relative position with reference to other outstanding securities having prior rights which must be specified as well as the amount of capital stock and other securities, commissions, discounts, rebates, and bonuses.

"(c) The price at which it is offered to the public and the net amount to be returned to capital investment, as well as the maximum amount of commission or other form of remuneration to be paid in cash or otherwise, directly or indirectly, for or in connection with the sale or offering for sale of such securities.

"(d) The owner of the property constituting the basis of the issue.

"(e) A statement showing—

(1) The issuer's assets and liabilities.

(2) Profits and losses during year immediately preceding the offering.

"(f) A statement to the effect that additional information may be secured from the Federal Trade Commission at Washington, District of Columbia: Provided, that in any case where, by reason of limited size of such written, printed, or other graphic or radio communications, it is impracticable to set forth all the foregoing information, there shall be set forth such parts thereof or such other information as the Commission may by rules or regulations prescribe in the interest of the protection of the public and for the prevention of false or deceptive representations in the offer for sale or sale of such securities in interstate commerce or by use of the mails: Provided further, that any written, printed, or other graphic communication or document, or any radio communication, announcing, offering, or advertising for sale any securities offered by a foreign government or political subdivision thereof shall contain such information of the character referred to in the registration statement, or such additional information, as the Commission may prescribe by rules or regulations in the interest of the protection of the public and for the prevention of false or deceptive representations in the offer for sale or sale of such securities in interstate commerce or by use of the mails.

"The information referred to in this section, when written, printed, or otherwise graphically expressed, shall be placed in a conspicuous part of all communications, documents, or other literature describing or mentioning the securities advertised or offered for sale. Copies of all such written or printed or other graphic communications or documents, as well as transcripts of all radio advertising, referring to the sale of securities subject to the provisions of this section shall, before distribution of such communications to prospective purchasers is begun, be filed with the Commission together with a reference to the original registration of the securities so offered.

"A statement containing the information required by this section shall also be delivered to each purchaser with the delivery of the security or securities to which it relates, whenever the security is sold by the issuer, or by his or its agents or representatives.

"The information required under the provisions of this Act contained in all registration or other statements, copies, prospectuses, advertisements, circular letters, and communications, and other documents shall be made available to the public under such regulations as the Commission may prescribe."

#### POST OFFICE FAN MAIL RULING

Extending its previous holding, the Post Office Department has ruled that fan mail under certain conditions may be forwarded to the advertiser outside the mails and without the payment of first-class postage.

The following questions were submitted by the attorneys for Station WGN, Chicago, Ill., to the Post Office Department for answer:

"1. Suppose WGN delivered mail to the Chicago office of the advertising agency handling the advertiser's account, could the

agency after opening and tabulating the letters forward them to the advertiser by express? Would it make any difference in this situation if the letters were unopened prior to being forwarded to the advertiser?

"2. In some cases the advertising agency handling the advertiser's account has an employee stationed in the main office of the advertiser. Suppose WGN delivered the mail unopened to the advertising agency in Chicago and the advertising agency expressed such mail to its employee in the advertiser's main office who, upon receipt thereof would turn it over to the advertiser unopened. This is a bona fide arrangement between advertiser and agency now prevailing on numerous accounts. It would seem that under these conditions a package of mail sent by express does not have the character of 'letters' within the purview of the private express statutes.

"3. Suppose that the advertiser had a branch office of its own in Chicago, could such a branch office forward mail delivered to it by WGN to the advertiser's main office by express?

"4. Suppose WGN used the branch offices of the *Chicago Tribune* as forwarding headquarters, could the mail be sent by express to such offices and then turned over to the advertiser or advertising agency? This situation appears to be analogous to that involved in the Department's prior rulings on the subject."

The answers made by the Post Office Department, under date of March 16, were as follows:

"With regard to Mr. Scharfeld's first query, viz., whether the fact that the previous rulings of the Department relating to fan mail were rendered in response to requests of chain stations would have any bearing upon the matter or whether such rulings would apply with equal force in the case of independent or non-chain stations, the answer is that no distinction is made between the two classes of stations. The issue in all such cases is the same: whether the matter proposed to be forwarded outside the mails falls within the category of 'letters' within the meaning of the private express statutes.

"Responding to Mr. Scharfeld's specific inquiries, his first question is whether WGN might deliver mail to the Chicago office of the advertising agency handling advertisers' accounts which would open and tabulate the letters and forward them to the advertiser by express. This plan would be objectionable. The second part of the first inquiry is whether it would alter the situation if the letters were unopened prior to being forwarded to the advertiser. The answer is yes. If the letters are not to be opened prior to the time they reach the advertiser, they may be sent by express or by fourth class or parcel post rates.

"The second, third and fourth inquiries all involve similar methods of procedure. It does not matter whether the fan mail is handled by an advertising agency, a branch office of the advertiser, or a branch office of the broadcasting station or the newspaper which owns same. If the fan mail is to be opened by some person before it reaches the advertiser, it may not be sent outside the mails to such person without payment of postage. If, on the other hand, it is handled one time or several times before it reaches its ultimate destination, viz., the office of the sponsor of the program, but is not opened by anyone before it reaches such sponsor, it may be sent otherwise than by 'letter' without violation of the private express statutes."

#### COMMISSION POSTPONES 1430 KC. HEARING

The hearing previously scheduled for May 15, 1933, involving the applications of WHEC, Rochester, N. Y.; WOKO, Albany, N. Y.; WHP, Harrisburg, Pa.; WCAH, Columbus, Ohio; and WFEA, Manchester, N. H., for licenses authorizing continued use of 1430 kc. channel with full time has been postponed indefinitely.

Special temporary experimental authorization to operate unlimited time and simultaneously was granted to these stations, pending a decision on the hearing but not continuing later than November 1, 1933.

#### WJSV SPECIAL AUTHORITY CONTINUED

WJSV, Washington outlet of the Columbia Broadcasting System, was granted special experimental authority to operate for a period of 90 days from May 1, at its present transmitter location on the Mount Vernon Highway.

WJSV has installed a directional antenna system to minimize interference claimed to exist at the Naval Research Laboratory, without disturbing its Washington coverage.

#### FEDERAL RADIO COMMISSION ACTION HEARING CALENDAR

NEW—WBEN, Inc., Buffalo, N. Y.—Application for CP for new visual broadcasting station to use 20 watts, unlimited time, on 43000-46000, 48500-50300, and 60000-80000 kc. will be heard Tuesday, May 2, at 10 a. m.



- W1XAL—Shortwave Broadcasting Corp., Boston, Mass.—Application for license for 5 KW relay broadcasting station to use 6040, 11790, 15250, and 21460 kc. will be heard Friday, May 5, at 10 a. m.
- NEW—William Avera Wynne, Greenville, N. C.—Application for CP for new station to use 100 watts on 1420 kc., daytime, will be heard Friday, May 5, at 10 a. m.
- KFH—Radio Station KFH Company, Wichita, Kan.—Application for modification of license to authorize use of 1 KW on 1300 kc., unlimited time (instead of sharing with WOQ), will be heard before the Commission, sitting en banc, Wednesday, May 3, 1933, at 10 a. m.

#### APPLICATIONS GRANTED

##### First Zone

- WBAL—Consolidated Gas and Electric Light & Power Co., Baltimore, Md.—Granted extension of synchronous operation with WJZ to 5:30 p. m. April 29. (Synchronous operation normally terminates at 4 p. m. Saturday.)
- WHAM—Stromberg-Carlson Telephone Mfg. Co., Rochester, N. Y.—Granted modification of license to use former main transmitter as auxiliary.
- WARD—United States Broadcasting Corp., Brooklyn, N. Y.—Granted temporary renewal of license, subject to such action as the Commission may take on pending application for renewal, and designated application for hearing.

##### Second Zone

- WSEN—The Columbus Broadcasting Corp., Columbus, Ohio—Granted construction permit to move transmitter locally.

##### Third Zone

- KTSA—Southwest Broadcasting Co., San Antonio, Tex.—Granted modification of license to reduce day power from 2½ KW to 1 KW and to increase time to unlimited. (Facilities of KFUL.)
- KFUL—The News Publishing Co., Inc., Galveston, Tex.—Granted consent to voluntary assignment of license to Southwest Broadcasting Co.
- KUOA—Southwestern Hotel Company, Fayetteville, Ark.—Granted consent to voluntary assignment of license to KUOA, Inc.
- KUOA—KUOA, Inc., Fayetteville, Ark.—Granted modification of license to change frequency from 1390 kc. to 1260 kc. and increase hours of operation from specified to unlimited, daytime. Also granted construction permit to install new equipment and move transmitter locally.
- KLRA—Arkansas Broadcasting Company, Little Rock, Ark.—Granted special temporary authority to use auxiliary tube in last radio stage in conjunction with interlocking switch, for period May 1 to November 1, said auxiliary tube and licensed output tube not to be used at same time.

##### Fourth Zone

- KFNF—Henry Field Company, Shenandoah, Iowa—Granted extension of special authority from May 1 to June 1, 1933, to use time assigned to but not used by KUSD and WILL.
- WSUI—State University of Iowa, Iowa City, Iowa—Granted special temporary authorization to operate from 4 to 6 p. m., CST, May 3, 5, 15 and 19, 1933, and from 10 p. m. to midnight, CST, May 12. (Station now assigned specified hours and does not share time with any other station.)
- WDGY—Dr. Geo. W. Young, Minneapolis, Minn.—Granted license covering installation new equipment, 1180 kc., 1 KW, limited time.
- KLPM—John B. Cooley, Minot, N. Dak.—Granted renewal of license, 1240 kc., 250 watts, specified hours.
- KSTP—National Battery Broadcasting Co., St. Paul, Minn.—Granted renewal of license for the regular period, provided station is to be operated on an experimental basis, and that licensee will reduce its power to 10 KW day and night at any time without a hearing, upon 10 days' notice.

##### Fifth Zone

- KOA—National Broadcasting Company, Inc., Denver, Colo.—Granted modification of construction permit to extend completion date of CP from May 17 to November 17, 1933.
- KREG—The Voice of the Orange Empire, Inc., Ltd., Santa Ana, Calif.—Granted authority to install automatic frequency control.

#### APPLICATIONS SET FOR HEARING

- NEW—Radio Investment Co., Inc., Newark, N. J.—CP for facilities of WBMS, 1450 kc., 250 watts; shares ¼ time with WHOM.

- NEW—Raymond M. Brannon, Fremont, Nebr.—CP for new station, 1500 kc., 100 watts, daytime; facilities of KFOR.
- WABI—1st Universalist Society of Bangor, Me.—Modification of license to increase hours of operation from specified to unlimited time.
- WFI—WFI Broadcasting Co., Philadelphia, Pa.—Modification of license to increase power from 500 watts to 1 KW. (Shares with WLIT.)
- WLIT—Lit Bros. Broadcasting System, Inc., Philadelphia, Pa.—Modification of license to increase power from 500 watts to 1 KW. (Shares with WFI.)

#### APPLICATIONS RECEIVED

##### First Zone

None.

##### Second Zone

- WJSV—Old Dominion Broadcasting Co., Alexandria, Va.—License to cover construction permit to move transmitter from Mt. Vernon Hills to Mt. Vernon Memorial Highway, Alexandria, Va., and install new transmitter.
- WOBV—WOBV, Inc., Charleston, W. Va.—Modification of license to increase power from 250 watts night, 500 watts day, to 500 watts day and night.
- WJBU—Bucknell University, Lewisburg, Pa.—Construction permit to move station to Sunbury, Pa., amended to change transmitter site locally and change type of antenna.
- WRAK—WRAK, Inc., Williamsport, Pa.—Modification of license to change hours of operation from sharing with WJEQ to unlimited time (facilities of WJEQ, Williamsport, Pa.).

##### Third Zone

- KUOA—Southwestern Hotel Company, Fayetteville, Ark.—Construction permit to make changes in equipment and move transmitter locally amended to request transmitter location as "site to be determined subject to approval of Commission" (filed in name of KUOA, Inc.).

##### Fourth Zone

- WMBH—W. M. Robertson, Joplin, Mo.—License to cover construction permit to install new transmitter.
- WSBC—WSBC, Inc., Chicago, Ill.—Modification of license to change specified hours of operation.
- WCRW—Clinton R. White, Chicago, Ill.—Modification of license to change specified hours of operation.
- WKBF—Indianapolis Broadcasting, Inc., Indianapolis, Ind.—License to cover construction permit to move transmitter locally.

##### Fifth Zone

- KOL—Seattle Broadcasting Company, Inc., Seattle, Wash.—Modification of license to change frequency from 1270 kc. to 850 kc., resubmitted without change.
- NEW—Eastern Oregon Broadcasting Company, Inc., La Grande, Ore.—Construction permit to erect a new station to use 1500 kc., 100 watts, unlimited time, facilities of KOAC, Corvallis, Oregon, in terms of quota units, amended as to transmitter location, equipment, and to increase daytime power to 250 watts.

#### APPLICATIONS RETURNED

- WDEL—WDEL, Inc., Wilmington, Del.—Modification of license to increase night power to 500 watts experimentally. (Request of applicant.)
- KGKB—East Texas Broadcasting Co., Tyler, Tex.—Construction permit to make changes in equipment and increase day power from 100 watts to 250 watts. (Request of applicant.)
- NEW—William Ellis Phillips, San Diego, Calif.—Construction permit for a new station, 1420 kc., 100 watts, unlimited time. (Rule 6a, c, and d, Rule 151, equipment and transmitter location.)

#### APPLICATIONS DISMISSED

- KQW—Pacific Agricultural Foundation, San Jose, Calif.—Construction permit, 1010 kc., 1 KW day, 1 KW night experimentally.
- NEW—Hart and Parsons, d/b as Gateway Broadcasting Co., Roanoke, Va.—Construction permit, 1410 kc., 250 watts, share with WHIS.
- KFAC—Los Angeles Broadcasting Co., Los Angeles, Calif.—Modification of license, 780 kc., 500 watts, 1 KW until local sunset, unlimited time.