

# The National Association of Broadcasters

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## NAB REPORTS

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### NAB MEMBERSHIP MUST GROW

The Code of Fair Competition for the Radio Broadcasting Industry provides that the Code Authority must at some future date recommend a permanent form of Code Authority for administration of the Code.

If the purpose of self-enforcement is to be subserved, the National Association of Broadcasters must become the administrative agency. The National Recovery Administration, although finding that the Association imposes no inequitable restrictions on membership, refused to repose administration in the NAB for the sole reason that less than half of all licensed stations were in membership. The NRA gave weight to the fact that the members of the NAB handled more than 80 per cent of all broadcast advertising, but this was not enough.

The advantages of self-enforcement are: (1) the industry enforcement machinery can be made an agency for education as well as punishment; (2) it prevents outside interference; (3) it will be well disposed and friendly; (4) it will not be arbitrary or bureaucratic.

The Government recognizes that it is going to enforce codes unless industry seizes its opportunity and shoulders itself the responsibility for enforcement.

For broadcasters to assume self-enforcement of the broadcasters' code the NAB must have a total membership of at least 400 stations by next spring. The membership today is nearing the 300 mark. This means that 100 new members must be signed up within the next few months.

It is up to every NAB member to point out to non-members the desirability of self-enforcement of the code. The NAB must not fail in its task of completely organizing the broadcasters. It is no longer a question of desirability of organization; it is a question of necessity.

### COMMUNICATIONS BILLS LOOM

As the result of a conference held this week it is expected that radio legislation soon will be introduced in Congress along the lines of a Communication Commission. While no official statement has been made, there is strong indication that this is in accordance with the ideas of President Roosevelt.

Secretary of Commerce Roper, chairman of the Interdepartmental Communications Committee, called the conference, and those attending included Senator Dill of Washington, Representative Rayburn of Texas, Dr. Splawn, and General Charles McK. Saltzman.

Following the conference Secretary Roper stated that it had been called to acquaint the members of Congress who are chairmen of the Senate and House Committees having jurisdiction over radio with the report of the Roper committee which was submitted to the President some weeks ago.

Secretary Roper said that generally the two members of Congress were in accord with the report submitted. Both Senator Dill and Mr. Rayburn, it is understood, said that they preferred to initiate their own radio bills and it is expected that this will be done soon, to be followed by extended hearings on the subject. The bills, it has been indicated, will be along the lines of the report.

Secretary Roper's Communications Committee, at the request of the President, will continue its investigation work with special reference to broadcasting, and this, it is reported, at the special request of the President. The information will be submitted to the President and be available to the Congressional committees at the proper time.

### LET'S ALL PULL TOGETHER

The theory underlying the National Industrial Recovery Act is that industry will organize itself for the purpose of self-regulation.

In radio broadcasting, limited to 585 stations, that means in one strong central organization is required.

During the past several weeks there have been ill-advised attempts to undermine the national structure and divide the industry against itself. Should any of these attempts succeed the consequences would be disastrous. No one not familiar with the many problems which confront the industry today can accurately appraise the necessity for maintaining a united front. Never before were there greater advantages in organization. The NAB pleads with every member for his loyal cooperation in building up membership on one hand and averting defection from the ranks on the other.

### SYKES PROMISES ONE-YEAR LICENSES

Appearing before the House Appropriations Committee, Judge Eugene O. Sykes, chairman of the Federal Radio Commission, said the Commission has been considering the extension of broadcast licensing terms.

The NAB has consistently fought for longer license terms and has urged the Commission to grant the full statutory period of three years to stations.

Congressman Woodrum of Virginia, chairman of the subcommittee holding the hearings, asked Judge Sykes if the Commission is "still licensing stations for 60 days and 6 months."

"Six months for broadcasting stations; yes, sir," Judge Sykes replied.

"You are still doing that?" Woodrum asked.

"Yes, sir. We are considering now whether to extend that for a longer period of time. Commercial licenses are for 1 year, and broadcasting is for 6 months," Judge Sykes replied.

"That requires a great deal of work on the part of the Commission, going over those things every time, does it not?" he was asked.

"Yes, sir; that is true," Judge Sykes said. "Just as soon as we think the time is propitious we will probably extend for 1 year the licenses of broadcasting stations. We have been trying to work up to that point for some time."

### THE SUBJECT OF DUES ONCE MORE

It is always a distasteful task to mention dues in these bulletins. But the new system of dues has produced less revenue than had been anticipated. Whether the system will prove adequate or not—despite expense curtailment—remains to be seen. One thing is certain, the NAB cannot further curtail its operations without seriously sacrificing its effectiveness. At any rate, the new dues schedule will be given an adequate test in practice and you are urged again to give prompt consideration to the payment of January dues.

### FRIDAY MEETING POSTPONED

The members of the Federal Radio Commission have been hearing testimony in the application of Station WIS, Columbia, S. C., for full time on the clear channel of 1050 kilocycles, now assigned to Station KNX, Los Angeles, Calif., and for that reason postponed the usual Friday meeting.



## DEPRECIATION RATES STUDIED

Information requested by the Internal Revenue Bureau for the purposes of formulating a schedule of depreciation rates for broadcasting station equipment is now being compiled by E. M. Elkin, KDKA, chairman of the NAB Tax Committee, and the Managing Director. A meeting was held in Pittsburgh last Sunday and another meeting to finish the report is scheduled for New York Tuesday. The Bureau is urging haste, and it is expected the report will be filed next Wednesday.

## BANKERS CODE LIFTS RESTRICTIONS

The Banking Code Committee representing the American Bankers Association has issued a memorandum removing the prohibition against radio advertising which was contained in the Manual for Regional Bankers NRA Committees.

This provision was made the subject of a protest filed by Philip G. Loucks, Managing Director of the National Association of Broadcasters, with the National Recovery Administration.

"This was not the intention of the Banking Code Committee, and we feel certain that the majority of bankers will correctly construe the reference in the Manual on the subject of advertising media," Frank W. Simmonds, secretary of the Banking Code Committee, stated in a memorandum to secretaries of state bankers associations and clearing house associations. "On the other hand, it of course does not lie within the proper province of the Banking Code Committee to say to banks that they shall use any particular media. This is a matter which must in each instance be decided by the individual bank or by the local clearing house group which under the terms of the Code are permitted a very wide latitude in self-government while being required to adhere to the fundamental principles of the Code. In any event, please be advised that the reference in the Manual for Regional Bankers NRA Committees should not be construed as banning the use of calendars and other legitimate advertising media by banks."

## LEGISLATURES ADJOURN

The 1933 regular session of the New Jersey Legislature adjourned on January 9, 1934, and the regular 1934 session convened on the same day. The first special session of the 1933 Minnesota Legislature adjourned on January 6.

## LIQUOR ADVERTISING BILL HITS SNAG

The McMaster bill (H. 931) to permit newspapers, billboards, radio broadcasts, and all other mediums of advertising to advertise beverages allowed to be sold according to law was recommitted to the Judiciary Committee by the South Carolina House on January 9. The Senate had previously passed the bill, with amendments.

## F. R. C. ANNUAL REPORT AVAILABLE

The Seventh Annual Report of the Federal Radio Commission was received by Congress this week. The report reviews the work of the Commission during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1933, but contains no recommendations for new legislation.

"The prediction made in the Commission's last report that the very high frequencies would be the final locus for visual broadcasting appears to be justified," says the report. "A number of licensees have given up their licenses specifying the lower frequencies and others have stated that they were satisfied that the lower frequencies were unsuitable, but desired to continue research in these bands for a short period to complete certain problems in progress.

"The quality of pictures, which it has been demonstrated is possible to transmit on the very high frequencies, has steadily increased, and some laboratory productions are capable of holding sustained interest. Pictures need no longer be confined to 'close ups,' but larger scenes may be transmitted. The art, however, has not as yet progressed to a stage which would justify the adoption of standards by the visual broadcasting industry. Although much progress has been made in the laboratory, visual broadcasting is still in the experimental stage."

Copies of the report are for sale by the Superintendent of Documents, Washington, D. C. The cost is 15 cents per copy.

## HOUSE CONSIDERS F. R. C. APPROPRIATION

The House of Representatives this week in taking up the independent office supply bill included the appropriation for the Federal Radio Commission for the fiscal year beginning July 1 next. The total appropriation for the Commission for the coming year as provided for in the bill was \$666,885. The appropriation for this year was \$640,000, making an increase of \$26,885. This, it was explained to the House Appropriations Committee by Judge Sykes, chairman of the Commission, includes the 5 per cent increase in salaries effective July 1 next for employees of the Commission.

## SECURITIES ACT REGISTRATION

The following companies filed registration statements with the Federal Trade Commission under the Securities Act during the current week:

Crowley, Milner and Company Debenture Holders Reorganization Committee, Detroit, Mich. (2-540).

Dawes Gold Mines, Inc., Lovelock, Nev. (2-541).

Mariposa Gold Mining Company, San Francisco, Calif. (2-542).

Neustadt Brewing Corporation, Stroudsburg, Pa. (2-543).

Western Dairies, Inc., Los Angeles, Calif. (2-544).

Western Dairies, Inc., and Voting Trustees for Common Stock of Western Dairies, Inc., Los Angeles, Calif. (2-545).

Alaska Exploration & Mining Co., Ltd., Inc., Pullman, Wash. (2-546).

International Gold, Inc., Pasadena, Calif. (2-547).

Bear Gulch Placer Company, Washington, D. C. (2-548).

Stephenson Hotel Corporation, Hotel Freeport, Freeport, Ill. (2-549).

Nation-Wide Securities Company, Baltimore, Md., and Jersey City, N. J. (2-550).

Committee for the Protection of Preferred Stockholders of Pressed Steel Car Company, McKee's Rocks, Pa. (2-551).

Max McGraw and Others, Chicago, Ill. (2-552).

Diversified Royalties, Ltd., Los Angeles, Calif. (2-553).

Dodge Cork Company, Inc., Lancaster, Pa. (2-554).

J. A. Auchter, et al., Milwaukee, Wis. (2-555).

Norman F. Lightbart, et al., Evanston, Ill. (2-556).

American Beverage Corporation, New York City (2-557).

Bondholders' Protective Committee for Fifth Avenue Realty Corporation, New York City, N. Y. (2-558).

Affiliated Distributing Group, Inc., Jersey City, N. J. (2-559).

Production Control Machines Corporation, Wilmington, Del. (2-560).

Continental Distillers & Importers Corporation, New York City (2-561).

Tonawanda Brewing Corporation, Tonawanda, N. Y. (2-562).

Mica Corporation, Chicago, Ill. (2-563).

Kentucky Consolidated Gas Company, Baltimore, Md. (2-564).

Arizona Gold Manganese Company, Phoenix, Ariz. (2-565).

Newark Mortgage Company, Newark, N. J. (2-566).

Beverages, Inc., Boston, Mass. (2-567).

Down Town Realty Company, Milwaukee, Wis. (2-568).

Down Town Realty Company, Milwaukee, Wis. (2-569).

Soaring Plane Corporation, Los Angeles, Calif. (2-570).

Queen City Textile Corporation, Allentown, Pa. (2-571).

Appleton Building Company, Milwaukee, Wis. (2-572).

Tiger Placers Company, Tiger, Colo. (2-573).

Cole Gold Mines, Ltd., Red Lake, Ontario (2-574).



Abba Gold Mining Corporation, Los Angeles, Calif. (2-575).  
 Gallatin Brewing Company, Bozeman, Mont. (2-576).  
 Fuller Cleaning & Dyeing Company, Cleveland, Ohio (2-577).  
 Tampax Sales Corporation, Denver, Colo. (2-578).  
 Eagle Gold & Platinum Mining Co., Inc., Vancouver, B. C. (2-579).

## STATUS OF OUTLAW STATIONS

The Federal Radio Commission is much gratified over the results accomplished so far in its warfare against the operators of unlicensed radio stations. It proposes to keep up the fight until the air lanes are cleared of all so-called "air pirates."

Between July 1, 1933, and December 31, 1933, the federal courts rendered decisions in 16 cases, based on indictments of operators of unlicensed stations by the government, the Legal Division of the Commission, of which George B. Porter is acting general counsel, cooperating with the Department of Justice. Convictions were obtained in nearly all those cases.

The cases disposed of were:

U. S. v. J. S. Conn, Bellmawr, N. J.—Arrested February 17, 1933, for operation of unlicensed station. Plead guilty July 1, 1933. Fined \$200.

U. S. v. Robert Partridge, Seattle, Wash.—Indicted July 21, 1933, for operation of unlicensed broadcasting station. Plead guilty. Sentence suspended.

U. S. v. Harry Lyman, John W. Roberts, Frank Fitzgerald, Margate City, N. J.—Arrested March 3, 1933, for operating unlicensed radio station. All plead guilty July 20, 1933. Each fined \$25.

U. S. v. C. C. Brookings, Will Covington, H. D. Apgar, El Dorado, Ark.—Indicted for operation of broadcasting station without license. Brookings and Covington plead guilty August 19, 1933. Sentence suspended. Apgar dismissed.

U. S. v. Norman Cohen, Bridgeport, Conn.—Indicted June 26, 1933, for operation of unlicensed broadcasting station. Trial September, 1933. Found guilty. Fined \$25.

U. S. v. Curry Jackson, Abilene, Tex.—Unlicensed operation of broadcasting station. Trial November 16, 1933. Found guilty. Sentenced to 10 days in jail.

U. S. v. Albert Cox, Temple, Tex.—Indicted for unlicensed operation of broadcasting station. Trial November 20, 1933. Found guilty. Sentenced to 12 months in jail. Sentence suspended. \$100 fine.

U. S. v. Fred Bitterman, Temple, Tex.—Indicted for unlicensed operation of broadcasting station. Trial November 20, 1933. Found guilty. Sentenced to 12 months in jail. Sentence suspended. \$100 fine.

U. S. v. Mr. and Mrs. E. J. Turner and Dick Saye, Denton, Tex.—Indicted for operation of unlicensed broadcasting station. Trial November 27, 1933. All defendants found not guilty.

U. S. v. Ben O. Bracken, Camden, Ark.—Indicted for operation of unlicensed station. Plead guilty December 8, 1933. Sentenced 18 months in jail. Sentence suspended.

U. S. v. Henry Clay Allison, Fort Worth, Tex.—Indicted for operation of unlicensed broadcasting station. Trial December 11, 1933. Found guilty. Fined \$250 for operation of station without operator's license.

U. S. v. Mr. and Mrs. F. H. Meier, Plainview, Tex.—Indicted for operation of unlicensed broadcasting station. Mr. Meier plead guilty December 14, 1933. Sentenced to three years. Suspended. Mrs. Meier dismissed.

U. S. v. E. J. Turner, Plainview, Tex.—Indicted for operation of unlicensed broadcasting station. Trial December 14, 1933. Found not guilty.

U. S. v. Chas. L. Fower and Miller Hogan, Macon, Mo.—Indicted April 29, 1933, for operation of unlicensed broadcasting station. Fower plead guilty. Fined \$150. Hogan dismissed.

U. S. v. Chester Ross, Boston, Mass.—Indicted December 11, 1933, for operation of unlicensed broadcasting station. Plead guilty. Fined \$200 and forfeiture of apparatus.

U. S. v. Morris Browne and Joseph Marks (WAR), Brooklyn, N. Y.—Arrested for operating radio station in automobile August 11, 1933. Indictment returned. Marks plead guilty. Sentenced 3 years. Suspended. Browne indictment nolle prossed.

## The Following Were the Cases Awaiting Prosecution January 1, 1934

U. S. v. Robert M. H. Verenocke, John Campbell, Patrick Fitzgerald, Arthur H. Stevens and N. D. Macris. Indictment returned Eastern District of New York, December 22, 1931. Case set for trial January 16, 1934.

U. S. v. George MacDonald, alias Geo. Griffin, et al. Arrested October 28, 1932, at Coney Island, N. Y., for operating station without operator's license. Indictment returned. Case set for trial January 16, 1934.

U. S. v. James Donald Hayes, Willard O. Bird and Chas. V. Horn. Arrested at Montauk, N. Y., for unlicensed operation of radio station May 5, 1933. Indictment returned. Will be placed on January, 1934, calendar for pleading.

U. S. v. John V. Prianti and Mark Mazzardri, Brooklyn, N. Y.—Arrested February, 1933. Indicted June, 1933, for unlicensed operation of radio station in automobile. Set for trial January 16, 1934.

U. S. v. Samuel Morris, Abilene, Tex.—Arrested for operation of unlicensed broadcasting station. Jury disagreed November 14, 1933. Reindicted December 4, 1933. Set for trial second Monday in April, 1934.

U. S. v. Alton W. Stewart, Brownwood, Tex.—Arrested for operation of unlicensed operation of broadcasting station. Equipment seized. Indicted December 4, 1933. Trial to be held fourth Monday in April, 1934.

U. S. v. Paul E. Gregg, Sewell Meyers, M. X. Morrow.—Injunction suit at Houston, Tex., for operation of broadcasting station without license. Tried November 24, 25, 1933. Awaiting decision of Court.

U. S. v. Henry Clay Allen, Fort Worth, Tex.—Injunction suit for operation of broadcasting station without license. Trial before Master in September, 1933. Master's report submitted recommending permanent injunction. Awaiting decision of Court.

Action is contemplated against other operators of unlicensed stations in the near future.

The Commission has just been advised by H. M. Tolden, U. S. Attorney at Houston, Tex., that Judge Kennerley has issued a permanent injunction against the operation of the Voice of Labor Broadcasting Station at Houston. This station has been operating for several months without a license using the frequency 1310 kc. with 5 watts power. It made the defense that because of the low power its signals did not extend beyond the border of Texas and did not interfere with the signals of any licensed station, and for that reason it did not come under the jurisdiction of the Federal Radio Commission. That contention, however, was unavailing before the Court.

Ben S. Fisher, Assistant General Counsel, was detailed to handle most of these cases for the Federal Radio Commission.

## FEDERAL RADIO COMMISSION ACTION

### HEARING CALENDAR

Monday, January 15, 1934

KJBS—Julius Brunton & Sons Co., San Francisco, Calif.—C. P., 1070 kc., 500 watts, 12:01 a. m. to LS (facilities of KFWI). Present assignment, 1070 kc., 100 watts, 12:01 a. m. to LS.

KQW—Pacific Agricultural Foundation, San Jose, Calif.—C. P., 1010 kc., 500 watts, 1 KW LS, unlimited time (facilities of KFWI). Present assignment, 1010 kc., 500 watts, unlimited time.

KROW—Educational Broadcasting Corp., Oakland, Calif.—Modification of license. 930 kc., 500 watts. 1 KW LS, unlimited time (facilities of KFWI). Present assignment, 930 kc., 500 watts, 1 KW LS, shares with KFWI.

Wednesday, January 17, 1934

### Oral Argument Before Commission en banc

WOKO—WOKO, Inc., Albany, N. Y.—Modification of license. 1430 kc., 500 watts, unlimited time. Present assignment, 1440 kc., 500 watts, simultaneous day, sharing night with WHEC.

WHEC—WHEC, Inc., Rochester, N. Y.—Modification of license, 1430 kc., 500 watts, unlimited time. Present assignment, 1440 kc., 500 watts, simultaneous day, sharing night with WOKO.



WCAH—Commercial Radio Service Co., Columbus, Ohio.—Modification of license, 1430 kc., 500 watts, unlimited time. Present assignment, 1430 kc., 500 watts, simultaneous day with WHP and WBAK, sharing night with WHP.

WCAH—Commercial Radio Service Co., Columbus, Ohio.—Modification of license, 1430 kc., 500 watts, 1 KW LS, unlimited daytime, sharing night with WHP.

WHP—WHP, Inc., Harrisburg, Pa.—Modification of license, 1430 kc., 500 watts, 1 KW LS, unlimited time. Present assignment, 1430 kc., 500 watts, 1 KW LS, specified hours day, sharing night with WCAH.

WFEA—New Hampshire Broadcasting Co., Manchester, N. H.—License, 1430 kc., 500 watts, unlimited time. Present assignment, 1430 kc., 500 watts, unlimited time (exp. C. P. only).

#### Thursday, January 18, 1934

KFYR—Meyer Broadcasting Company, Bismarck, N. Dak.—Modification of license, 550 kc., 1 KW, 2½ KW LS, unlimited time. Present assignment, 550 kc., 1 KW, 2½ KW LS, specified hours daily except Sundays; Sundays, unlimited time.

KFDY—South Dakota State College, Brookings, S. Dak.—Modification of license, 780 kc., 1 KW, specified hours. Present assignment, 550 kc., 1 KW, specified hours.

#### Friday, January 19, 1934

KGDM—E. F. Pepper, Stockton, Calif.—Modification of license, 1100 kc., 250 watts daytime and 12 p. m. to 6 a. m. (facilities of WPG and WLWL). Present assignment, 1100 kc., 250 watts, daytime.

### APPLICATIONS GRANTED

WHN—Marcus Loew Booking Agency, New York, N. Y.—Granted modification of license to increase hours of operation from sharing with WRNY and WQAO-WPAP to unlimited. (To consolidate WRNY and WQAO-WPAP, giving station WHN unlimited time.) Facilities WRNY and WQAO-WPAP.

WHN, WQAO-WPAP, WRNY—Marcus Loew Booking Agency, New York, N. Y.—Granted for month of February special experimental authority to operate stations WHN, WQAO-WPAP, and WRNY, using transmitter of WHN, make changes in equipment, increase power from 250 watts to 1 KW for period from 1 a. m. to local sunset and to operate at will during that period.

KGCR—Greater Kampeska Radio Corp., Watertown, S. Dak. (Inf. Appl.)—Granted authority to temporarily reduce power to such value that maximum percentage of modulation of at least 75 per cent can be satisfactorily obtained pending filing of application for construction permit and installation of equipment correcting defects in present transmitter.

### SET FOR HEARING

WMC—WMC, Inc., Memphis, Tenn.—C. P. to move studio from Hotel Gayoso, Memphis, Tenn., to U. S. Highway No. 51, Frankstown, Miss., increase power from 500 watts night, 1 KW day, to 1 KW night, 2½ KW day, employing directional antenna with minimum signal intensity toward station WTAR, Norfolk, Va.

WREC—WREC, Inc., Memphis, Tenn.—Modification of license to move studio from Hotel Peabody, Memphis, Tenn., to State line, Miss., south of Miss.-Tenn. State line on Highway No. 51; increase power from 500 watts night, 1 KW day, to 1 KW night, 2½ KW day.

### APPLICATIONS RECEIVED

#### First Zone

WINS—American Radio News Corp., New York, N. Y.—Modification of license to increase hours of operation from limited to unlimited on 1180 kc. (facilities of WNYC, New York, N. Y.).

WCNW—Arthur Faske, Brooklyn, N. Y.—Modification of construction permit granted to move station and install new equipment for approval of transmitter site at east side of E. 106th St., 155 feet south from the southeast corner of Glenwood Road and E. 106th St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

NEW—Boy Scouts of America, Troop No. 131 Bronx, Harry Goldman, Scoutmaster and Trustee, New York, N. Y.—Con-

struction permit to erect a new station to operate on 1350 kc., 250 watts, share time with WBNX (facilities of WBNX, New York, N. Y.).

WMEX—The Northern Corporation, Chelsea, Mass.—Modification of construction permit granted to erect a new station for approval of transmitter site at (4½ miles from center of Boston) Chelsea, Mass.

WHN—Marcus Loew Booking Agency, New York, N. Y.—Modification of license to consolidate Stations WRNY and WQAO-WPAP with Station WHN, unlimited time (facilities of WRNY and WQAO-WPAP).

WAAT—Bremer Broadcasting Corporation, Jersey City, N. J.—Modification of construction permit to increase power and change equipment; to move transmitter from 91 Sfp Ave. to 26 Journal Square, Jersey City, N. J., and amended to request extension of completion date from 2-1-34 to 5-1-34.

#### Second Zone

WAVE—WFIW, Inc., Louisville, Ky.—Modification of license to change name to WAVE, Inc.

WAVE—WAVE, Inc., Louisville, Ky.—License to cover construction permit authorizing move of station from Hopkinsville to Louisville, Ky.

WIBM—WIBM, Inc., Jackson, Mich.—Construction permit to install new equipment and change location of transmitter from Summitt St., (near) Jackson, and studio from Otsego Hotel, Michigan Ave., to 306 West Michigan, Jackson, Mich.

#### Third Zone

KGHI—Lloyd Judd Co., Little Rock, Ark.—Construction permit to move transmitter and studio from Marion Hotel, corner of Markham and La. Streets, to 319 West 2nd St., Little Rock, Ark.

WBBZ—James F. Kyler, Ponca City, Okla.—Consent to involuntary assignment of license of WBBZ from C. L. Carrell to James F. Kyler.

WBRC—Frank M. King, as Receiver of the Birmingham Broadcasting Co., Inc., Birmingham, Ala.—Consent to voluntary assignment of license of WBRC to Birmingham Broadcasting Co., Inc.

WPTF—WPTF Radio Company, Raleigh, N. C.—Extension of special experimental authorization to operate until 8 p. m., PST, 2-1-34 to 8-1-34.

#### Fourth Zone

KGFK—Red River Broadcasting Co., Inc., Moorhead, Minn.—Construction permit to move transmitter and studio from Moorhead, Minn., to Minnesota Point, Duluth, Minn.

WCAL—St. Olaf College, Northfield, Minn.—Construction permit to install new equipment and increase power from 1 KW night and day to 1 KW night, 2½ KW daytime.

KGBX—KGBX, Inc., Springfield, Mo.—Construction permit to install new equipment and change maximum rated carrier power from 250 watts to 100 watts.

WGES—Oak Leaves Broadcasting Station, Inc., Chicago, Ill.—Modification of license to change hours of operation to specified hours. Amended to request unlimited time and increased power from 500 watts to 1 KW (facilities of WCBD).

#### Fifth Zone

None.

### APPLICATIONS RETURNED

WODX—Frank M. King, as Receiver of the Mobile Broadcasting Corporation, Birmingham, Ala.—Consent to involuntary assignment of license (request of applicant).

KGBZ—Dr. George R. Miller, York, Nebr.—Special experimental authorization to use 1 KW between 5 a. m. and 6 a. m. daily except Sunday from 11-15-33 to 3-31-34. (License assigned.)

WHBL—Press Publishing Company, Sheboygan, Wis.—Construction permit to make changes in equipment. (Incomplete.)

WLBW—Broadcasters of Pennsylvania, Erie, Pa.—Modification of license to increase power from 500 watts night, 1 KW day, to 1 KW night and day. (Incomplete.)

WTMJ—The Journal Company (The Milwaukee Journal), Milwaukee, Wis.—Special experimental authorization to increase power from 1 KW night, 2½ KW to local sunset, to 5 KW experimentally. (Improper form.)