

# The National Association of Broadcasters

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PHILIP G. LOUCKS, Managing Director

## NAB REPORTS

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### ACTION ON COPYRIGHT UNION DEFERRED

The Senate Foreign Relations Committee on Wednesday postponed action until a later date on the International Copyright Union treaty.

The Department of State has consistently urged adherence by the United States to the international copyright treaty which would grant copyright on all literary and artistic works simultaneously throughout most of the civilized world.

When the treaty was up for consideration a year ago it was opposed by spokesmen for labor, newspaper publishers, book publishers, motion picture interests, broadcasters and other users of copyrighted works.

The treaty would make necessary broad revision of our existing copyright statutes providing for automatic copyright, that is, copyright without notice or registration, and would grant to the author or composer a right to prevent a mutilation of his work which might be prejudicial to his honor.

In deferring action on the treaty the Senate Committee directed the Department of State to call a conference of interested groups for the purpose of agreeing upon a bill to revise the copyright laws which would enable the United States to adhere to the treaty.

The groups which opposed the measure last year again voiced their objection to the measure, asking that no action be taken on the treaty until our domestic law was amended. The State Department has been engaged in drafting such amendments to our copyright laws and undoubtedly these will be made the basis of the conferences to begin shortly.

Nearly all interested groups are desirous of having revision of our antiquated copyright statutes but there is apparently a wide divergence of opinion as to the form such revision should take. For example, all users of copyrighted musical works are opposed to the statutory minimum of \$250 which gives copyright owners, banded together, the power to arbitrarily fix license fees.

The question of copyright revision has been before Congress for many years but efforts to secure changes in the law have always been frustrated.

The conferences scheduled at present constitute the most important development in connection with the general subject of copyright in recent years.

Whether or not the Department of Justice, which has instituted an anti-trust suit against the American Society of Composers, Authors and Publishers, will participate in the State Department conferences is not known at this time.

### RADIO ADVERTISING CONSIDERED

The following letter, addressed to Philip G. Loucks, Managing Director of the NAB, was received this week from George Dock, Jr., public relations adviser for the Federal Home Loan Bank Board:

"I am very glad that you called up this morning to protest against my recent letter, quoted in the press, with regard to the value of newspaper advertising in giving the public the facts about federal savings and loan associations. My opinion as to the advantages of newspapers as an advertising medium was specifically qualified to embrace their local character and field of operation, and has no bearing on the superiority of spot radio in reaching a wider public or of the radio networks and magazines in covering the entire nation.

"Incidentally, the point may be misunderstood from the newspaper article which you mentioned that federal funds are to be spent under this program for newspaper space for federal savings and loan associations. This is not at all the case. Every penny of newspaper space used for federal savings and loan advertising must be paid for entirely by the individual associations which place the advertisements. The same principle applies to the use of radio time, direct mail or any other form of advertising. Our only part

in this advertising program is to prepare at every small cost, and send out to all associations some basic material which they can use if they see fit for direct mail, newspaper, radio or outdoor advertising. Many of the associations are using none of our material but are preparing all of their own advertising in their own offices. We strongly encourage this practice, our own part being simply to help these institutions in getting promptly under way as mutual thrift and lending agencies in the service of their local communities.

"As I mentioned on the telephone, there are some 700 federal savings and loan associations so far chartered and in operation, in about 650 different towns and cities. More than 600 of these associations are new organizations, whose small share capital and operating income could not permit the expenditure of more than a few dollars a month for advertising. Some cannot yet afford to advertise at all.

"In the initial stages of these associations during the past year, the use of direct mail advertising was imperative. Their immediate task was to enlist the savings of a nucleus of small and large investors personally known to the organizers. No money was available to reach a larger audience.

"As a result of such direct mail advertising, most of the new associations have recently increased their share capital and are getting into a position where they can afford to undertake broader advertising, in carrying out their program to make their merits clear to the people of the communities. As you perhaps know, a federal savings and loan association must confine its lending operations almost entirely within a 50-mile radius of its own offices.

"Some of the larger federals now in operation represent conversions from long-established building and loan associations. They, accordingly, have more substantial capital, and are able to do more extensive advertising than the new associations which represent so great a majority of all federals so far in operation. Many of the converted institutions are using paid radio advertising, and report splendid results. In fact, several of these converted federals have been using radio advertising consistently for years, even prior to their conversion into federal savings and loan associations, and we would urge their continuance of radio because it has proved profitable.

"In our opinion, any federal savings and loan association whose size and financial position justifies it, would benefit by the use of paid radio advertising. With that possibility in view among an increasing number of associations as time goes by, we have already laid plans for direct cooperation with all the federal associations in the preparation of local radio programs which will present the salient points of the federal savings and loan plan to the listening public, just as we have done in the past in the form of direct mail, and are doing now with regard to newspaper advertising. In other words, while we now advocate newspapers as the best immediate medium that is within the means of most federals, we are giving equal attention to radio as a subsequent step.

"The problem of media is largely a matter of cost. While hundreds of radio stations throughout the country have been most generous in contributing time to speakers dealing with federal savings and loan associations, it is only reasonable to look forward to the time when a considerable number of these thrift and home-financing institutions can afford to set up appropriations for regular paid radio broadcasting programs on a weekly or daily basis as an important integral part of their public relations effort.

"I hope this letter may make clear that my statement as to the merits of newspaper advertising in the light of the present stage of development of the federal savings and loan associations was in no way meant as a reflection against radio advertising in approaching the somewhat wider market involving a heavier advertising outlay. As I mentioned on the telephone, I was closely connected with one of the regular weekly radio programs for several years, have often had occasion to recommend radio advertising, and consider it one



of the main potential methods by which the federal associations can develop their usefulness to the public. On the other hand, I hope that you will agree that under the circumstances which I have pointed out, newspaper space represents the most economical and efficient way in which these local institutions can undertake the immediate job of building beyond the small circle of personal and business acquaintances who form the initial organization of any such thrift institution."

### WLW DECISION DEFERRED

Argument on the appeal of WLW against a decision of the FCC reducing WLW's night power from 500 kilowatts to 50 kilowatts was heard by the District of Columbia Court of Appeals on Monday, February 11. The court withheld its decision for a period of one week to allow it to examine the documents filed in the case, and continued the stay order previously granted until that time.

Counsel for WLW contended that the Commission had acted contrary to law in failing to renew its authority to use 500 kilowatts without a hearing. Counsel for the Commission argued that the matter was purely a political question and not one for the Court's consideration.

### CODE AUTHORITY MEETS

The Code Authority for the Radio Broadcasting Industry, at its meeting on February 9, 1935, instructed the Executive Officer to present a plan for consideration at the next meeting looking to the creation of regional Code Authorities. The purpose of this plan is to facilitate the work of the Code Authority in expediting settlement of complaints.

### SECURITIES ACT REGISTRATION

The following companies have filed registration statements with the Federal Securities and Exchange Commission under the Securities Act:

Standard Capital Company, Wilmington, Del. (2-1275, Form A-1)  
George N. Armsby et al., New York City. (2-1276, Form F-1)  
Murwood Gold Mines, Ltd., Toronto, Canada. (2-1277, Form A-1)  
Federal Woods Products Corporation, Pikesville, Tenn. (2-1278, Form A-1)  
Gyro Air Lines, Inc., Denver, Colo. (2-1279, Form A-1)  
Northwestern Natural Gas Committee, Seattle, Wash. (2-1280, Form D-1)  
Bondholders Committee, Adlon Apts., St. Louis, Mo. (2-1281, Form D-1)  
M. M. Halligan, St. Louis, Mo. (2-1282, Form E-1)  
Cavalier Oil Company, Houston, Tex. (2-1283, Form A-1)  
Salt Dome Oil Corporation, Houston, Tex. (2-1284, Form A-1)  
Corporate Equities, Inc., New York City. (2-1285, Form C-1)  
Massachusetts Investors Trust, Boston, Mass. (2-1286, Form A-1)

### COMMISSIONERS CONFIRMED

Federal Communications Commissioners Sykes, Brown, Case, Stewart, Walker and Payne were confirmed by the Senate February 7.

### PRESIDENT SIGNS BILL

President Roosevelt announced Wednesday that he had signed a bill containing an appropriation of \$480,000 deficiency for the Federal Communications Commission.

### ARNOLD APPOINTED CHIEF EXAMINER

Col. Davis G. Arnold, of Rhode Island and Washington, was appointed this week by the Communications Commission to be the Chief Examiner to head the Examiners' Division. The Examiners' Division will be a separate department reporting directly to the Commission.

Colonel Arnold has served on the legal staff of the Commission since September 1, 1934. He has had wide experience in legal and organization work which, the Commissioners believed, especially qualified him for the task of setting up and prosecuting the work of the Examiners' Division.

### FURTHER COMMISSION APPROPRIATIONS

The Senate this week, without discussion, passed the Wheeler resolution providing for an appropriation of \$750,000 for the Fed-

eral Communications Commission with which to carry on its investigation of the American Telephone & Telegraph Company and other telephone companies and their subsidiaries.

A favorable report on a similar resolution has already been made to the House.

Senator King of Utah, during the passage of the resolution in the Senate, made an effort to have the amount reduced to \$500,000, but Senator Wheeler was insistent on the full amount and that was the way it finally passed.

### AMEND COMMUNICATIONS ACT

The Senate this week passed S. 1336, which allows the Federal Communications Commission to employ a chief accountant and not more than three assistants. The chief will be paid \$9,000 a year salary. The Commission has been unable to employ a chief accountant because no provision was made in the original law for this position.

### LICENSE RENEWAL APPLICATIONS DUE

According to FCC Rule 27, renewal applications from stations operating on the following frequencies are due March 1: 1300, 1320, 1330, 1340, 1350, 1360, 1380, 1390, 1400, 1410, 1430, 1450, 1460, 1470, 1480, and 1490 kilocycles.

### FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION ACTION

#### HEARING CALENDAR

Monday, February 18, 1935

KFBK—James McClatchy Co., Sacramento, Calif.—C. P., 1490 kc., 5 KW, unlimited time. Present assignment: 1310 kc., 100 watts, unlimited time.  
NEW—Radio Service, Inc., Riverside, Calif.—C. P., 820 kc., 100 watts, daytime.  
NEW—Radio Service, Inc., Redlands, Calif.—C. P., 820 kc., 100 watts, daytime.  
NEW—Metro Broadcasting Co., East Los Angeles, Calif.—C. P., 820 kc., 100 watts, limited with WHAS.  
NEW—Arthur Westlund and Jules Cohn, Santa Rosa, Calif.—C. P., 1500 kc., 100 watts, unlimited time.  
NEW—A. H. Sconberg, Salinas, Calif.—C. P., 1500 kc., 100 watts, unlimited time.  
NEW—Bailey Brothers, San Diego, Calif.—C. P., 1420 kc., 100 watts, unlimited time.  
NEW—W. L. Gleeson, Salinas, Calif.—C. P., 1210 kc., 100 watts, unlimited time.  
NEW—J. C. and E. W. Lee, Riverside Broadcasting Corp., Riverside, Calif.—C. P., 820 kc., 250 watts, daytime.  
NEW—Fred L. Packard and A. Rosenberg, Los Angeles, Calif.—C. P., 1160 kc., 250 watts, daytime.  
KGfJ—Ben S. McGlashan, Los Angeles, Calif.—C. P., 1200 kc., 100 watts night, 250 watts day, 250 watts from 12 midnight to 6 a. m.; unlimited time.  
NEW—Hauser Radio Co. (C. R. Hauser and John McGinniss), Ventura, Calif. (P. O. Los Angeles)—C. P., 1210 kc., 100 watts, unlimited time.  
NEW—Richard Field Lewis, Del Monte, Calif.—C. P., 1210 kc., 100 watts, daytime.

Wednesday, February 20, 1935

NEW—Alexandria Broadcasting Co., Inc., Alexandria, La.—C. P., 1370 kc., 100 watts, unlimited time.  
NEW—Evangeline Broadcasting Co., Lafayette, La.—C. P., 1310 kc., 100 watts, unlimited time.

### APPLICATIONS GRANTED

WJMS—WJMS, Inc., Ironwood, Mich.—Granted C. P. to move 1420 transmitter locally in Ironwood.  
WREC—WREC, Inc., Memphis, Tenn.—Granted C. P. to make 600 changes in equipment.  
NEW—Milwaukee Broadcasting Co., Milwaukee, Wis. (site to be 1310 determined).—Granted C. P. for new station to operate on 1310 kc., 100 watts, daytime.  
WMFD—Richard Austin Dunlea, Wilmington, N. C.—Granted 1370 modification of C. P. to extend completion date from 2-11-35 to 4-11-35.  
KIUJ—J. H. Speck, Santa Fe, N. Mex.—Granted modification of 1310 C. P. for approval of transmitter site and change studio to



same location; also extend commencement date to within 10 days after this date.

WFI—WFIL Broadcasting Co., Philadelphia, Pa.—Granted modification of license to change hours of operation from sharing with WLIT to unlimited, and change call letters.

WAGF—John T. Hubbard and Julian G. Smith, d/b as Dothan Broadcasting Co., Dothan, Ala.—Granted C. P. to make changes in equipment, increase day power from 100 to 250 watts, and change hours of operation from daytime and specified hours Sunday to daytime only.

WHEF—The Attala Broadcasting Corp., Kosciusko, Miss.—Granted 1500 C. P. to move transmitter locally 200 feet from present location.

WKRC—WKRC, Inc., Cincinnati, Ohio.—Granted extension of 550 special experimental authority to operate with 1 KW day and night for period ending September 1, 1935; frequency 550 kc., unlimited.

W9XEJ—Perkins Bros. Company, Portable-Mobile, Sioux City, Iowa.—Granted license to cover C. P., 31100 to 40-4600 kc., 2.7 watts.

W6XAI—Pioneer Mercantile Co., Bakersfield, Calif.—Granted 1550 license to cover C. P. (exp. broadcast), 1550 kc., 1 KW, unlimited.

W9XAL—First National Television Corp., Kansas City, Mo.—Granted modification of license for an additional transmitter.

NEW—E. R. Irey and F. M. Bowles, Portable (Calif.).—Granted C. P. (exp. broadcast pickup), frequencies 31100, 34600, 37600 and 40600 kc., 30 watts.

WHDF—The Upper Michigan Broadcasting Co., Calumet, Mich.—1370 Granted special temporary authorization to operate from 8:15 to 9:15 p. m., CST, February 15th, in order to broadcast local election results. Also to operate 6:30 to 9:15 p. m., CST, February 18th.

#### SET FOR HEARING

NEW—P. A. McBride, Ironton, Ohio.—C. P. for new station; 1500 1500 kc., 100 watts, unlimited time.

KOL—Seattle Broadcasting Co., Inc., Seattle, Wash.—C. P. to 1270 make changes in equipment and increase day power from 2½ to 5 KW.

KOOS—H. H. Hanseth, Inc., Marshfield, Ore.—Modification of 1390 C. P. to change frequency from 1200 kc. to 1390 kc.; change time of operation to daytime only, or until 7 p. m. when sunset occurs before 7 p. m.; and extend commencement date from 11-10-34 to 10 days of grant and completion date from 2-11-35 to 60 days thereafter.

WBCM—James E. Davidson, Bay City, Mich.—Modification of 1410 license to increase day power from 500 watts to 1 KW.

KVL—KVL, Inc., Seattle, Wash.—Modification of license to change 1070 frequency from 1370 kc. to 1070 kc. and surrender 100 watts night-time operation and increase day to full-time operation.

KTFI—Radio Broadcasting Corp., Twin Falls, Idaho.—Modification of license to change frequency from 1240 kc. to 630 kc.

KFRC—Don Lee Broadcasting System, San Francisco, Calif.—610 C. P. to increase night power from 1 KW to 5 KW and and move transmitter to site subject to Commission's approval; to be heard before the Broadcast Division en banc on March 27, 1935.

NEW—Head of the Lakes Broadcasting Co., Virginia, Minn.—1370 C. P. for new station; 1370 kc., 100 watts, unlimited time (site to be determined).

WEBC—Head of the Lakes Broadcasting Co., Superior, Wis.—1290 C. P. to make changes in equipment and increase power from 1 KW night, 2½ KW day, to 1 KW night, 5 KW day.

WMBG—Havens & Martin, Inc., Richmond, Va.—C. P. to change 1350 frequency from 1210 kc. to 1350 kc.; change power from 100 watts night, 250 watts day, to 500 watts; install new equipment; and change transmitter location to intersection of Broad Street Road and Staples Mill Road, near Richmond, Va., employing directional antenna.

KPRC—Houston Printing Co., Houston, Tex.—Special experimental 920 authority to increase night power from 1 to 5 KW. (Licensed on 920 kc., 1 KW night, 2½ KW day, unlimited time. Has special authority to use 5 KW day.) To be heard before the Broadcast Division March 27, 1935.

KMAC—W. W. McAlister, San Antonio, Tex.—Special experimental 940 authority to move transmitter to location near San Antonio, make changes in equipment, change frequency from 1370 kc. to 940 kc., increase power from 100 watts to 1 KW, and increase hours of operation from sharing with KONO to

unlimited. Formerly requested 1290 kc.; now amended to request 940 kc. under S. A.

NEW—Centennial Broadcasting Corp., Dallas, Tex. (exact transmitter site to be determined).—C. P. for new station; 1200 1200 kc., 100 watts, unlimited (formerly filed in name of Neth L. Leachman and amended as to name January 2, 1935).

NEW—Harold Rieth, Goshen, Ind.—C. P. (exp. visual broadcasting), 42000-56000, 60000-86000, 2000-2100, 2750-2850 kc., 30 watts (amended 11-24-34 to change class of station; formerly requested gen. exp. frequencies). To be heard March 20, 1935.

#### ACTION ON EXAMINER'S REPORT

NEW—Ex. Rep. No. 1-17: T. B. Lanford, R. M. Dean, and L. M. 1500 Sepaugh, d/b as Calcasieu Broadcasting Co., Lake Charles, La.—Granted C. P. for new radio broadcasting station at Lake Charles, La., to operate on frequency 1500 kc., 100 watts, unlimited time, sustaining Examiner R. H. Hyde.

#### MISCELLANEOUS

Iowa State Medical Society—Denied petition to intervene at the hearing of the application of Norman Baker for a permit to erect a radio broadcasting station at Muscatine, Iowa, to operate on 1170 kc., 5 KW power, daytime. Action does not preclude Commission from offering any competent evidence which petitioner may have available for the hearing.

KFBB—Buttrely Broadcast, Inc., Great Falls, Mont.—Motion over- 610 ruled to disallow protest filed by stations WDAF, Kansas City, and KFRC, San Francisco, against the granting of application for special experimental authorization on 610 kc.

KFBB—Buttrely Broadcast, Inc., Great Falls, Mont.—Suspended 610 grant of permission for experimental authorization to operate on 610 kc., and application designated for hearing because of protests of KFRC, San Francisco, and WDAF, Kansas City.

WDGY—Dr. Geo. W. Young, Minneapolis, Minn.—Denied request 1180 to operate temporarily with the present antenna pending the decision of the Commission on application to change the location of the station and install a directional antenna and operate unlimited time on the present assignment of 1180 kc.

In the Matter of the Application of John Brownlee Spriggs for 1200 renewal of license, for assignment of license, and for C. P. to remove station to Elco, Pa.—It appearing that the licensee has filed under date of January 26, 1935, a voluntary surrender of the radio station license now held by him to operate station WNBO, at Silverhaven, Pa., to become effective as of March 1, 1935, it was ordered that said surrender of license be accepted and that the applications now pending before the Commission, hereinbefore described, be dismissed and the pending hearings thereon cancelled. It was further ordered that the temporary license under which said station is now operating be terminated as of 3 a. m., EST, March 1, 1935.

WFIL—WFIL Broadcasting Co., Philadelphia, Pa.—Granted ex- 560 tension of special temporary experimental authority to operate on 560 kc., 1 KW power night, sharing with WLIT, for the period beginning January 28, 1935, and ending in no event later than 3 a. m., EST, March 1, 1935.

WHBI—May Radio Broadcast Corp., Newark, N. J.—Granted special 1250 temporary authority to use the transmitter now licensed to station WNEW as the main transmitter of station WHBI, and to use the present licensed transmitter of WHBI as an auxiliary transmitter of WHBI, pending action on modification of license, but for a period not to exceed 30 days.

WNBR—Memphis Broadcasting Co., Memphis, Tenn.—Renewal of 1430 license removed from hearing docket and granted for regular period because application of WTJS for WNBR's facilities has heretofore been dismissed.

WNOX—WNOX, Inc., Knoxville, Tenn.—Granted extension of 560 special temporary authority to continue to operate on frequency of 560 kc. for the period beginning February 3, 1935, and ending in no event later than 3 a. m., EST, April 1, 1935, and pending commencement of program tests of station WIS on frequency of 560 kc.

#### APPLICATIONS RECEIVED

##### First Zone

WMFF—Plattsburg Broadcasting Corp., Plattsburg, N. Y.—License 1310 to cover construction permit (1-P-B-3221) as modified to erect a new station on 1310 kc., 100 watts, daytime.



NEW—Hearst Radio, Inc., Albany, N. Y.—Construction permit to 970 erect a new station to operate on 970 kc., 1 KW, unlimited.

### Second Zone

NEW—Morton S. Zaller, Lakewood, Ohio.—Construction permit 1500 to erect a new station to operate on 1500 kc., 100 watts, unlimited.

WCOL—WCOL, Inc., Columbus, Ohio.—Construction permit to 1210 make changes in equipment and move transmitter from 8 East Long Street, Columbus, Ohio, to 33 N. High Street, Columbus, Ohio.

WHIO—Miami Valley Broadcasting Corp., Dayton, Ohio.—License 1260 to cover construction permit (B2-P-119) as modified to move transmitter and studio and install new equipment.

### Third Zone

NEW—Samuel Nathaniel Morris, Stamford, Tex.—Construction 1420 permit to erect a new station to operate on 1420 kc., 100 watts, specified hours. Requests facilities of KFPL. (Previous amendments withdrawn.)

WPTF—WPTF Radio Co., Raleigh, N. C.—Modification of special experimental authorization to increase power from 1 KW 680 to 5 KW for period ending 2-1-35. Amended requesting period ending 8-1-35.

NEW—Pope Foster, Mobile, Ala.—Construction permit to erect a 1500 new station to operate on 1200 kc., 100 watts, daytime. Amended requesting 1500 kc., 100 watts, unlimited time.

NEW—Palm Beach Broadcasting Service (Robert H. Eaves and 1370 F. E. Neel), West Palm Beach, Fla.—Construction permit to erect a new station to operate on 1370 kc., 100 watts, unlimited. Amended to change transmitter location from 635 Clementis, West Palm Beach, Fla., to 208 Evernia, West Palm Beach, Fla.; studio at same address.

NEW—Pampa Daily News, Inc., Pampa, Tex.—Construction permit 630 to erect a new station to operate on 630 kc., 100 watts, unlimited.

NEW—G. D. Goff, Tampa, Fla.—Construction permit to erect a 1500 new station to operate on 1500 kc., 100 watts, unlimited.

NEW—H. K. Glass, M. C. Kirkland, Eustis, Fla.—Construction 1310 permit to erect a new station to operate on 1310 kc., 100 watts, 8 a. m. to 6 p. m., EST. Amended to change hours of operation to 6 a. m. to local sunset.

WDOD—WDOD Broadcasting Corp., Chattanooga, Tenn.—Authority 1280 to determine operating power by direct measurement of antenna.

KCRC—Enid Radiophone Co., Enid, Okla.—Construction permit 1370 to make change in equipment.

WIOD—WMBF—Isle of Dreams Broadcasting Corp., Miami, Fla.—970 Construction permit to change frequency from 1300 kc. to 970 kc., install new equipment, and increase power from 1 KW to 5 KW; also move studio from 208 South Miami Avenue, Miami, Fla., to 600 Biscayne Boulevard, Miami, Fla.

NEW—Florida Capitol Broadcasters, Tallahassee, Fla.—Construction 1310 permit to erect a new station to operate on 1310 kc., 100 watts, unlimited time.

### Fourth Zone

WTAQ—Gillette Rubber Co., Eau Claire, Wis.—Voluntary assignment 1330 of license to WHBY, Inc.

KABR—Aberdeen Broadcasting Co., Aberdeen, S. Dak.—License to 1420 cover construction permit (4-P-B-3205) for new station to operate on 1420 kc., 100 watts, daytime.

WTAQ—Gillette Rubber Co., Eau Claire, Wis.—Construction 1330 permit to install directional antenna; move transmitter from Washington Township, Wis., to U. S. Highway No. 41, West DePere, Wis., studio from Eau Claire, Wis., to Bellin Building, Green Bay, Wis.; and change hours of operation from simultaneous day with KSCJ, specified hours night, to unlimited time.

WRJN—Racine Broadcasting Corp., Racine, Wis.—Construction 1370 permit to install new equipment and increase day power from 100 watts to 250 watts.

WDGY—Dr. George W. Young, Minneapolis, Minn.—Construction 1180 permit to increase power from 1 KW to 1 KW, 2½ KW day; change hours of operation from limited to unlimited; and make changes in equipment. Also move transmitter, exact

site to be determined. Amended to make further changes in equipment and increase power from 1 KW, 2½ KW day, to 1 KW, 5 KW day (this already granted on C. P. 1-8-35).

WKBB—Sanders Brothers Radio Station, East Dubuque, Ill.—1500 Authority for transfer of control of corporation from R. W. Hoffman to Walter E. Klauer.

WLBF—WLBF Broadcasting Co., Kansas City, Kans.—Transfer 1420 of control of corporation from WLBF Broadcasting Co. to the Kansas City Kansan.

NEW—Evansville on the Air, Inc., Evansville, Ind.—Construction 1370 permit to erect a new station to operate on 1370 kc., 100 watts, unlimited.

### Fifth Zone

Louis Wasmer, Inc., Mobile.—Construction permit to erect a new general experimental station to operate on 34600, 40600 kc., 2 watts.

KMPC—Beverly Hills Broadcasting Corp., Beverly Hills, Calif.—710 Modification of license to change hours of operation from limited time to unlimited time.

KGIX—J. M. Heaton, Las Vegas, Nev.—Modification of construction 1420 permit (5-P-B-2660A) as modified to install new equipment, increase day power from 100 watts to 250 watts, and change specified hours, requesting extension of completion date to 60 days after grant.

KGfJ—Ben S. McGlashan, Los Angeles, Calif.—Construction permit 1200 to make equipment changes and increase power from 100 watts to 100 watts, 250 watts day (250 watts 12 midnight to 6 a. m.). Amended to omit request for 250 watts 12 midnight to 6 a. m.

W10XEV—Nichols and Warinner, Inc., Portable-Mobile.—License to cover construction permit to erect a new general experimental station to operate on 31100, 34600, 37600, 40600 kc., 2 watts.

KHQ—Louis Wasmer, Inc., Spokane, Wash.—Construction permit 590 to increase power from 1 KW, 2 KW day, to 1 KW, 5 KW day; and move transmitter from Sprague Avenue and Post Street, Spokane, Wash., to site to be determined.

KPCB—Queen City Broadcasting Co., Seattle, Wash.—Authorization 710 to install automatic frequency control.

KFWB—Warner Bros. Broadcasting Corp., Hollywood, Calif.—950 Construction permit to install new equipment and increase day power from 2½ KW to 5 KW. Amended to make changes in proposed equipment.

KIEV—Cannon System, Ltd., Glendale, Calif.—Modification of 850 construction permit for changes in equipment and increase of power from 100 watts to 250 watts, requesting to move transmitter from corner Broadway and Glendale Blvd., Glendale, Calif., and studio from 701 E. Broadway, Glendale, Calif., to 5454 N. San Fernando Road, Glendale, Calif.; and make changes in authorized equipment. Amended to omit request for move of transmitter and studio.

KGGM—New Mexico Broadcasting Co., Albuquerque, N. Mex.—1230 Construction permit to move transmitter and studio from Sixth and Central Avenues (Franciscan Hotel) to 420 Vassar Avenue, Albuquerque, N. Mex., also make changes in the antenna system. Amended to change proposed location from 420 Vassar Avenue to 5th and Central, Albuquerque, N. Mex.

### APPLICATIONS RETURNED

KGRS—E. B. Gish (Gish Radio Service), Amarillo, Tex.—Construction 1410 permit to make changes in equipment and increase day power from 2½ KW to 5 KW (request of applicant).

WIOD—WMBF—Isle of Dreams Broadcasting Corp., Miami, Fla.—940 Construction permit to change frequency from 1300 kc. to 940 kc.; increase power from 1 KW to 1 KW night, 2½ KW day; install new equipment; and change studio from 208 South Miami Avenue to 600 Biscayne Blvd., Miami, Fla. (request of applicant).

### ERRATA

On page 724 NAB REPORTS for February 7, 1935, the applications of WSAR, WSIX, Brownsville Broadcasting Co., WBAA and WRBZ were erroneously reported as having been granted, whereas a heading "Set for Hearing" should have appeared above these applications.