

The National Association of Broadcasters

NATIONAL PRESS BUILDING * * * * * WASHINGTON, D. C.
JAMES W. BALDWIN, Managing Director

NAB REPORTS

Vol. 4 -- No. 40
AUG. 13, 1936

Copyright, 1936. The National Association of Broadcasters

IN THIS ISSUE

	Page
Common Antenna System.....	1473
Utah Station Recommended.....	1473
Commission Refuses to Extend Effective Date.....	1473
New Texas Station Recommended.....	1473
Securities Act Registrations.....	1473
Recommends Cedar City Station.....	1473
Full Time Recommended for KGFG.....	1473
Recommendation Favors Watertown Station.....	1473
Two New Stations Recommended.....	1474
Federal Trade Commission Action.....	1474
Case Closed by FTC.....	1475
Federal Communications Commission Action.....	1475

COMMON ANTENNA SYSTEM

The Federal Communications Commission has issued the following statement in connection with the use of a common antenna system by two broadcast stations, or a broadcast station and another radio station:

The Broadcast Division has received requests from various broadcast licensees for authority to use a common radiating system for two or more radio stations.

The Broadcast Division, on July 17, 1936, made the following ruling in this regard:

Two or more broadcast stations owned by the same licensee may be permitted to use a common antenna, but different licensees will not be authorized to use a common antenna since both licensees under such conditions of operation cannot have complete control of all the apparatus which directly controls the external effects of the station.

UTAH STATION RECOMMENDED

The Cache Valley Broadcasting Company applied to the Federal Communications Commission for a construction permit for the erection of a new station at Logan, Utah, to use 1200 kilocycles, 100 watts power, and unlimited time on the air.

Examiner George H. Hill, in Report No. I-274, recommended that the application be granted. He found that there is need for the service of the proposed new station, that no objectionable interference would result from any present or proposed stations, and that its erection would be in the public interest.

COMMISSION REFUSES TO EXTEND EFFECTIVE DATE

The Federal Communications Commission has refused to extend the effective date of Rule 132. In this connection it issued the following official announcement this week:

The Commission has received several requests for a postponement of the working date of Rule 132, adopted on November 12, 1935. This rule requires that the equipment in use at broadcast stations shall be provided with safety features in accordance with the National Electrical Code and that it shall be constructed and operated in accordance with the requirements of good engineering practice. The Broadcast Division on July 2, 1936, decided that no extension of the date of required compliance would be granted.

NEW TEXAS STATION RECOMMENDED

The Gulf States Broadcasting Company applied to the Federal Communications Commission for a construction permit for the erection of a new broadcasting station to be located at Corpus Christi, Texas, to use 1330 kilocycles, unlimited time on the air, and 250 watts with 500 watts LS.

Examiner George H. Hill, in Report No. I-272, has recommended that the application be granted "subject to the Commission's ap-

proval of a proper transmitter site." The Examiner found that there is a need for the service proposed to be rendered by the applicant, that "no objectionable interference would result to any existing service for the operation of the proposed station," and that the granting of the application would be in the public interest.

SECURITIES ACT REGISTRATIONS

The following companies have filed registration statements with the Securities & Exchange Commission under the Securities Act:

Superior Oil Corp., Tulsa, Okla. (2-2356, Form A-2)
General Reserves Corp., New York City. (2-2357, Form C-1)
Dayton Rubber Manufacturing Co., Dayton, Ohio. (2-2359, Form A-2)
Consumers Oxygen Company, Inc., New Orleans, La. (2-2360, Form A-1)
Affiliated Fund, Inc., Jersey City, N. J. (2-2361, Form A-1)
Allied Stores Corporation, Paterson, N. J. (2-2362, Form A-2)
Hunter Steel Company, Pittsburgh, Pa. (2-2365, Form A-2)
Upson-Walton Company, Cleveland, Ohio. (2-2366, Form A-2)
Celotex Corporation, Chicago, Ill. (2-2367, Form D-1A)
Celotex Corporation, Chicago, Ill. (2-2368, Form E-1)
F. M. Johnson, Shreveport, La. (2-2371, Form A-1)
J. R. C. Moseley, Shreveport, La. (2-2372, Form A-1)
Alconquin Hotel Corporation, Cumberland, Md. (2-2373, Form E-1)

RECOMMENDS CEDAR CITY STATION

Harold Johnson and Leland M. Perry applied to the Federal Communications Commission for the erection of a new broadcasting station at Cedar City, Utah, to use 1310 kilocycles, 100 watts, and unlimited time.

Examiner George H. Hill, in Report No. I-275, recommends that the application be granted. The Examiner found that there is need for such a station, that no objectionable interference would result and "the programs proposed to be broadcast by the applicants appear to be well balanced and would serve public interest."

FULL TIME RECOMMENDED FOR KGFG

Broadcasting Station KGFG, Oklahoma City, Okla., operating on a frequency of 1370 kilocycles, 100 watts, and sharing time, applied to the Federal Communications Commission to use the same frequency and power but to operate full time. Also the station applied for authority to transfer the control of the corporation from Hale V. Davis to Harold V. Hough through the sale of 133⅓ shares of the corporate stock.

Examiner John P. Bramhall, in Report No. I-270, recommended that the station be granted authority to use full time instead of sharing and that the stock transfer be allowed to proceed. The Examiner found that by the station's using full time there will be interference with KCRC during simultaneous operation; however, the Examiner believes that "the number of people served and the public good derived from the granting of this application will transcend any interference that might obtain in the service area of Station KCRC." The Examiner found also that the exchange of ownership "would be in the public interest."

RECOMMENDATION FAVORS WATERTOWN STATION

Black River Valley Broadcasts, Inc., applied to the Federal Communications Commission for a construction permit for the erection of a new broadcasting station at Watertown, N. Y., to use 1420 kilocycles, 100 watts and 250 watts LS, with unlimited time on the air.

Examiner Melvin H. Dalberg, in Report No. I-271, recommends that the application be granted. The Examiner states from the testimony taken "that there exists a definite need in the area sought to be served for local broadcast facilities and the program material

proposed seems to be of a satisfactory nature for a station of the power requested." He states further that no interference will result either with any existing station or any proposed station.

TWO NEW STATIONS RECOMMENDED

The Albert Lea Broadcasting Corporation applied to the Federal Communications Commission for a construction permit for the erection of a new broadcasting station at Albert Lea, Minn., to use 1200 kilocycles, 100 watts power, and unlimited time on the air. Also, the Winona Radio Service filed a similar application for constructing a new station at Winona, Minn.

Examiner R. H. Hyde, in Report No. I-273, recommended that both applications be granted "subject to conditions limiting the operating time of the proposed stations to daytime hours." In the case of the Albert Lea station the Examiner found that there is a need for additional radio service in the applicant's area and that the operation of the proposed station during daytime hours "will not interfere with the fair and efficient service of any other station." He found that there is also need for more service in the Winona area and "the operation of the proposed station simultaneously with Station KFJB during nighttime hours would result in interference, restricting the service of KFJB." However, he states that the operation of the proposed station in daytime hours would not cause any interference.

FEDERAL TRADE COMMISSION ACTION

Complaints

The Federal Trade Commission has alleged unfair competition in complaints issued against the following firms. The respondents will be given an opportunity for hearing to show cause why cease and desist orders should not be issued against them.

No. 2821. In an amendment to its complaint against **Henry Loeb, Jr., and Martha Huffman**, selling tobacco products under the trade name **West Memphis Cigarette Co., West Memphis, Ark.**, the Commission further charges those respondents with entering into a conspiracy with retailers and consumers of cigars and cigarettes to suppress and restrain competition in interstate commerce by evading payment of the Tennessee tobacco tax.

The respondents, in carrying out the conspiracy, the amendment alleges, sell and ship to merchants in Memphis or Shelby County, Tennessee, cigars and cigarettes in cartons and boxes which do not bear the Tennessee tobacco tax stamp, and which products are resold to the public without such stamps being affixed thereto, and with the tax unpaid.

Among the merchants with whom the respondents are alleged to have so conspired are A. A. Balin, Harry H. Horner, Lester G. Green, J. T. Holmes, Miss Willie H. Jackson, Mack Milstead, Charles E. Sturgios, R. D. Turner, and Browder Pharmacy.

Another allegation in the amendment to the complaint is that the respondents conspired with various persons, including J. H. Gary and an individual named Garner, to form "pools" in the places of their employment for the purchase of the unstamped tobacco products of the respondents, and it is charged that the heads of "pools" so formed did buy the respondents' unstamped products and distributed them to the employees of the Goldsmith & Company department store and the National Bank of Commerce, both of Memphis, and to the employees of other places of business.

No. 2886. Operating hatcheries at **Milltown and Huntingburg, Ind.**, under the trade names **Atz' Hatchery, Atz' Blue Mound Hatchery, and Atz' Mammoth Hatchery**, Nolan, Gusta and John Edward Atz are charged with unfair competition in the sale of baby chicks, in a complaint.

Among the false representations the respondents are alleged to make in magazines having a nation-wide circulation are that their baby chicks are hatched from the eggs of old hens and from eggs produced by poultry flocks that have been "blood-tested" for 11 or 12 years; that they are of various breeds, and "are hatched by the thousands daily for immediate delivery."

Alleging that there is a preference among purchasers for baby chicks hatched from the eggs of old hens and from eggs of flocks that have been blood-tested, for a period of several years, the complaint charges that many of the respondents' chicks are hatched from the eggs of pullets; that the flocks are not blood-tested, as advertised, and that the respondents do not have certain specified breeds for immediate delivery in all cases. In many instances, according to the complaint, the respondents do not make any shipments at all to purchasers, do not notify such purchasers of their inability to fill orders, and do not refund money forwarded with orders.

No. 2888. A complaint has been issued charging four **California** corporations with violation of Section 5 of the Federal Trade Commission Act, by representing "Acme Beer" as superior to other beer products because it is made under a "non-fattening formula" and lacks properties for producing or otherwise bringing about increase in body fat and weight.

The respondents are **Cereal Products Refining Corporation**, 762 Fulton St., **San Francisco**, and **Acme Brewing Company**, 2080 East 49th St., **Los Angeles**, which manufacture "Acme Beer," and their selling and distributing agents, **Bohemian Distributing Company, Ltd.**, 2060 East 49th St., **Los Angeles**, and **California Brewing Association**, 763 Fulton St., **San Francisco**.

Using newspapers, radio broadcasts, billboards and labels for advertising purposes, the respondents represent, the complaint alleges, that the non-fattening quality of "Acme Beer" is due to a formula peculiar to it as distinguished from other beer products; that it contains certain ingredients which cause it to have the tendency to "slenderize," and that for these reasons it is different from and superior to beer sold by competitors.

The complaint charges that all beer, including "Acme," cannot be truthfully represented as non-fattening for all people and without properties for inducing increase in weight, unless consideration is given to the individual dietary habits, physiological idiosyncrasies and fat-producing tendencies of beer consumers.

No. 2890. Unfair competition through use of a lottery scheme in the sale of candy to the public is alleged in a complaint issued against **Queen Anne Candy Company**, 1039 Sixth Ave., South, **Seattle, Wash.**

Sales are made by means of a punch board, according to the complaint, and purchasers who punch winning numbers from the board are said to receive a box of candy, while those selecting other numbers receive nothing for their money.

Stipulations and Orders

The Commission has issued the following cease and desist orders and stipulations:

No. 1732. **S. Buchsbaum & Co., 243 East Huron St., Chicago**, in connection with the sale of jewelry, will cease branding any of its products with the word "Gold" or any combination containing that word to imply that such product is composed of gold in whole or in part, when such is not the fact.

No. 1733. **Maurice L. Rothschild, Inc., 304 South State St., Chicago**, selling wearing apparel, agrees to discontinue the use in advertising matter, or in any manner, of the words "Lamb's Wool" to describe the interlinings of women's coats which are not interlined with lamb's wool.

No. 1734. **Gamble-Skogmo, Inc., with headquarters at 615 Third St., N., Minneapolis**, operates a chain of stores for the sale of general merchandise. The respondent corporation stipulates that in advertising the storage batteries it sells, or in tables or schedules purporting to constitute a comparison of its storage batteries with those of competitors, it will discontinue erroneous or inaccurate representations concerning the prices of such batteries or the length of time for which they are guaranteed by their makers, and will stop advertising misleading tabulations alleged to follow the factory specifications and ratings of the Society of Automotive Engineers, but which in fact differ materially from such specifications and ratings.

No. 1735. **The National Perforator Co., Inc., 1017 North Front St., Philadelphia**, engaged in selling and repairing check perforating machines, signed an agreement to cease misrepresenting the business or status of its competitors, especially the American Perforator Company and the Cummins Perforator Company, both of Chicago, and to discontinue representations tending to deceive purchasers as to the identity of the company with which they are dealing.

According to the stipulation, salesmen of the respondent corporation represented, among other things, that the American Perforator Company and the Cummins Perforator Company had gone out of business; that they had been consolidated with the respondent corporation, and that the latter was the only company that could repair the machines of the two other companies.

No. 1736. **Frank Jones Chemical Works, Inc., 57 Lexington Ave., Brooklyn**, selling a plating compound designated "Krome Plate," agrees to stop using the words "Krome Plate" as a trade name for its product; the word "Krome" or any imitation of the word "chromium" to imply that the product contains chromium, when such is not the fact, and the word "Plate" in any manner to give the impression that use of the product constitutes a means of plating metal articles, when this is not true.

No. 1737. The Theon Co., Inc., 25 West 18th St., New York City, in the sale of various manicure preparations, including a product designated "Nailtone" which consists of a "massage cream" and a "nourishing cream," will stop using the word "nourishing" as part of the trade name of any of its products which do not feed or nourish the nails, and will cease representations that its preparations remove corrugations or rings from the nails, or prevent them from breaking.

No. 1738. Decorative Cabinet Corporation, 221 McKibbin St., Brooklyn, is engaged in the manufacture and sale of cardboard cabinets and agrees to cease and desist from the use in advertising of the words "cedar-lined" to describe cabinets which do not have a cedar wood lining of the thickness, substantial quantity or per cent by weight of such wood as to afford the protection against moths which is generally recognized by the public to be characteristic of cedar and cedar-lined products.

The respondent corporation also will stop representing, among other things, that its cabinets are of multiple-ply construction, the inner or any ply of which is composed of cedar, when such is not the fact.

No. 1739. Benjamin Peram Scott, trading as American Institute of Technology, 4709 Woodward Ave., Detroit, and Iver M. Holton, stipulate that in the sale of correspondence courses in "electronics," which includes instruction in photo-electric cell, radio and television engineering, they will stop representing, when such are not the facts, that students will be regularly coached by engineers connected with the school, that they must receive classroom and laboratory instruction at the respondents' school or be given a pre-graduation examination there, that the school is under Government supervision and that previous to being given employment students must pass a Federal examination in "electronic" engineering, and that upon graduation a picture of the student and notice of his graduation will appear in newspapers.

The respondents also will discontinue claims that graduates obtain positions paying \$125 a month or more or that some have obtained positions paying \$20,000 annually.

No. 1740. Seaver Exterminating System, 185 North Wabash Ave., Chicago, is engaged in selling a vermin exterminator, together with a purported correspondence course of instruction in the extermination of vermin, one of the conditions for the purchase of such course being that the customer buy certain quantities of the respondent corporation's "Miracle Rat & Mice Exterminator." Under the stipulation, the respondent will stop advertising that the founder of the system has "astounded America"; that students can earn up to \$15,000 a year; that the founder of the system has not had a failure in his 31 years' experience; that rats will not come back within a year, or that the complete lesson material is sent to subscribers immediately upon receipt of the subscriptions, when such is not the fact.

No. 2460. Under an order to cease and desist entered against Kenneth Hauer, 408 Augusta St., Cincinnati, trading as Hauer Distilling Co., he is directed to cease representing through use of the word "Distilling" in his trade name, in advertising matter, or on labels, that he is a distiller of spirituous beverages; that he manufactures by the process of distillation the spirituous beverages he sells; or that he owns or operates a plant where such beverages are distilled, unless he actually does own or operate such a plant.

The order excludes from its provisions gin manufactured by a process of rectification, whereby alcohol purchased but not produced by the respondent is redistilled over juniper berries and other aromatics.

No. 2506. Use of lottery schemes to promote sale of candy has been ordered discontinued in an order to cease and desist entered against **Barager-Webster Co., 810 First Ave., Eau Claire, Wis.**

The order prohibits the respondent corporation from selling to wholesalers, jobbers or retailers assortments of candy designed to be used, without alteration of the contents of such assortments, to conduct a lottery in the resale of the candy to consumers.

The respondent corporation also is directed to cease supplying dealers with push cards, either with assortments of candy or separately, designed for use in selling the candy to the public.

No. 2606. Savage Candy Co., 2158 Lawrence St., Denver, Colo., has been ordered to discontinue selling to wholesalers, jobbers and retailers candy so assembled in assortments that a lottery scheme is involved when such candy is resold to the public.

The order to cease and desist prohibits the respondent corporation from supplying dealers with push cards designed for use in selling the candy at retail, and from packing in the same assortment of candy pieces of uniform size and shape having centers of a different color, together with larger pieces and a box of candy

which are to be given to purchasers who, by chance, procure a piece of candy with a center of a particular color.

No. 2619. An order has been issued directing the Cosner Candy Company, 2015 Arapahoe St., Denver, Colo., to discontinue selling to wholesalers, jobbers and retailers candy so packed that its resale to the public involves a lottery or gaming device.

The order prohibits the respondent company from supplying dealers with assortments of candy designed to be used in conducting a lottery when the candy is sold to the public; from furnishing dealers with display cards informing purchasers that the candy is being sold by lot or chance, and from placing in the hands of dealers push cards designed for use in selling the candy to the public at retail.

No. 2826. Charles N. Miller Company, 16 Medford St., Boston, has been ordered to cease and desist from selling to dealers assortments of candy so packed that a lottery scheme or game of chance is involved when resold to the public.

The respondent company admitted all the material allegations of the complaint to be true except to deny that it was selling the assortments complained of when the complaint was brought, or thereafter, stating it had discontinued the sale of such assortments prior to issuance of the complaint. The company consented to issuance of the Commission's findings of fact and order to cease and desist.

No. 2887. Mislabeling of leather luggage in violation of section 5 of the Federal Trade Commission Act is alleged in a complaint issued against Israel Zaveloff and Harry Bernstein, 130 Bleeker St., New York City, trading as Everlast Suit Case & Bag Co.

The respondents are alleged to label certain of the luggage they manufacture and sell with the words "Warranted Genuine Leather," when, the complaint charges, such products are manufactured from split cowhide leather, described as the under side of the hide, and not from top grain leather, which is superior in quality and durability.

The public generally believes the word "leather" to mean the top or hairy side of the hide, according to the complaint, which alleges that the label "Warranted Genuine Leather" on the respondents' luggage represents to purchasers that the material with which such luggage is covered is top grain leather, otherwise described as the outside of the hide.

CASE CLOSED BY FTC

No. 2642. The Federal Trade Commission has entered an order closing, without prejudice, its case against the Buff and Polishing Wheel Manufacturers' Association, New York City, and 32 member companies of the association and one non-member company engaged in the manufacture of cotton buff and polishing wheels.

Issued December 5, 1935, the Commission's complaint had charged the association and the respondent companies with entering into a combination and an agreement to suppress competition in the sale of their products and to enhance the prices thereof to purchasers.

The order states that the case was closed because it appeared to the Commission that "the practices charged in the complaint were carried on under the authority conferred by a code formulated and approved under the National Industrial Recovery Act," and that there is no evidence "that the practices charged in the complaint have been indulged in by the respondents since the decision of the United States Supreme Court in the case of A. L. A. Schechter Poultry Corporation, and others, v. United States (295 U. S. 495), it being the policy of the Commission not to proceed against respondents for practices authorized and engaged in prior to May 27, 1935 (the date of the above decision), pursuant to codes formulated and approved under the National Industrial Recovery Act."

In closing the case, the Commission reserved the right to reopen it should the facts warrant.

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION ACTION

HEARING CALENDAR

Thursday, August 20

HEARING BEFORE AN EXAMINER

(Broadcast)

NEW—Farnsworth Television Incorporated of Pennsylvania, Springfield, Pa.—C. P., 42000-56000 and 60000-56000 kc., 1 KW, unlimited time.

The following action has been taken subject to ratification of the Broadcast Division of the Commission at its next regular meeting:

SPECIAL AUTHORIZATIONS

- KGFF**—KGFF Broadcasting Co. Inc., Shawnee, Okla.—Granted special temporary authority to operate station without an approved frequency monitor for a period not to exceed 15 days.
- KDYL**—Intermountain Broadcasting Corp., Salt Lake City, Utah—Granted special temporary authority to operate without a plate voltmeter for a period not to exceed 3 weeks.
- WBRC**—Birmingham Broadcasting Co. Inc., Birmingham, Ala.—Granted special temporary authority to operate without a plate voltmeter for a period not to exceed 10 days.
- WGNV**—Peter Goelet, Chester Township, N. Y.—Granted special temporary authority to operate simultaneously with station WGBB from 1:30 to 3:00 p. m.; with station WFAS from 3 to 5 p. m.; with WBRB from 5 to 7 p. m., EDST, on Aug. 12, 1936, or to operate simultaneously with WFAS from 1:30 to 5 p. m., and with station WBRB from 5 to 7 p. m., EDST, on Aug. 13, in order to broadcast Hambletonian Races.
- KGKB**—East Texas Broadcasting Co., Tyler, Tex.—Granted extension of special temporary authority to operate from 7 a. m. to 2 p. m., and from 4 to 10 p. m., CST, during August, 1936, instead of the hours now licensed pending compliance with Rule 131.
- WIOD**—WMBF—Isle of Dreams Broadcasting Corp., Miami, Fla.—Granted special temporary authority to operate a 50 watt portable test transmitter between the hours of 1 and 6 a. m., EST, for a period not to exceed 3 weeks beginning July 31, 1936, in order to determine new transmitter site.
- WBPU**—Transcontinental & Western Air, Inc., Aboard regularly licensed aircraft NC-13711—Granted special temporary authority to operate regularly licensed airplane transmitter, KHDEV, aboard NC-13711, as broadcast pickup (relay broadcast) station on Aug. 1, 2, 8, 9, 15, 16, 22 and 23, to make traffic surveys. Frequency of 2790 kc., 80 watts.
- WBPA**—The National Life & Accident Ins. Co., Nashville, Tenn.—Granted special temporary authority to operate portable mobile relay broadcast transmitter for period Aug. 8 and ending not later than Aug. 16, for the purpose of relay broadcast from a moving train "The Pan American" for re-broadcast over station WSM; frequency 2102 kc., 20 watts.
- W3XEX**—WTAR Radio Corp., Norfolk, Va.—Granted extension of special temporary authority to conduct service tests at its new location at WTAR transmitter building, for period July 30 to Aug. 13, pending action on formal application for modification of C. P. and license to cover same.
- KCMO**—Lester E. Cox, Thomas L. Evans & C. C. Payne, Kansas City, Mo.—Granted extension of special temporary authority to use and operate the 100 watt transmitter formerly used by KGBX in Springfield, Mo., transmitter to be located in the Commerce Trust Building, in Kansas City, Mo., for the period July 31 and ending not later than Aug. 29, 1936.
- WKP**—WQP—RCA Communications, Inc., Rocky Point, N. Y.—Granted extension of special temporary authority to operate point to point telegraph station WKP and WQP to communicate with broadcast pickup station WOEH aboard NC-223-Y, for the period beginning July 30 and ending not later than Aug. 28, for contact control service to facilitate reception of program material by Riverhead, N. Y., receiving station for delivery to NBC network. Frequency WKP 6950 kc., WQP 13900 kc., 40 KW.
- KEC**—KEI—KKL—RCA Communications, Inc., Bolinas, Cal.—Granted extension of special temporary authority to operate point to point telegraph stations KEC, KEI and KKL to communicate with broadcast pickup station WOEH aboard plane NC-223-Y for the period July 30 to Aug. 28, 1936; frequencies 5265 kc. KEC; 9490 kc. KEI; 15475 kc. KKL, 40 KW.
- WFAB**—Fifth Ave. Broadcasting Corp., New York City—Granted special temporary authority to operate station without an approved frequency monitor for a period not to exceed 30 days from Aug. 12, instead of July 17 as granted July 17.
- KUTA**—Utah Broadcasting Co., Salt Lake City, Utah—Granted special temporary authority to operate a 100 watt portable test transmitter in vicinity of Salt Lake City, between the hours of 9 a. m. and 6 p. m., MST, for a period beginning Aug. 1 and ending in no event later than Aug. 15, in order to determine suitable transmitter site.
- WHBF**—Rock Island Broadcasting Co., Rock Island, Ill.—Granted extension of special temporary authority to maintain the main studio of WHBF at Rock Island, for a period August 5 and ending not later than Sept. 3, 1936.
- WMFF**—Plattsburg Broadcasting Corp., Plattsburg, N. Y.—Granted special temporary authority to operate station without an approved frequency monitor for a period not to exceed 30 days.
- WSYR**—WSYU—Central New York Broadcasting Corp., Syracuse, N. Y.—Granted special temporary authority to operate a 100 watt portable test transmitter between the hours of 12 midnight and 6 a. m., EST, for a period not to exceed 10 days.
- KFBB**—Buttery Broadcast Inc., Great Falls, Mont.—Granted special temporary authority to operate without an approved frequency monitor for a period not to exceed 30 days.
- WFIL**—WFIL Broadcasting Co., Philadelphia, Pa.—Granted extension of special temporary authority to operate on 560 kc., with power of 1 KW at night, during month of August, 1936, pending filing of and action on license application to cover C. P.
- WSBC**—WSBC, Inc., Chicago, Ill.—Granted special temporary authority to use transmitter and studios of station WEDC for a period not to exceed 1 week beginning July 30, in order to move and install new equipment of WSBC.
- KOOS**—Pacific Radio Corp., Marshfield, Ore.—Granted special temporary authority to operate station without an approved frequency monitor for a period not to exceed 40 days.
- WMFJ**—W. Wright Esch, Daytona Beach, Fla.—Granted extension of special temporary authority to use RCA Victor, Type 100-E, transmitter, pending completion of construction and installation of such transmitter, for period July 31 to August 30.
- WIP**—Penna. Broadcasting Co., Philadelphia, Pa.—Granted special temporary authority to operate a 50 watt portable test transmitter between the hours of 1 and 6 a. m., EST, for the period Aug. 5 and ending no later than Aug. 9.
- W6XAI**—Pioneer Mercantile Co., Bakersfield, Cal.—Granted extension of special temporary authority to operate without an approved frequency monitor for a period of 15 days.
- W2XKI**—National Broadcasting Co. Inc., New York City, N. Y.—Granted extension of test period for 30 days from July 19.
- W2XK**—National Broadcasting Co. Inc., New York City, N. Y.—Granted extension of test period for 30 days from July 28.
- WKBV**—Knox Radio Corp., Richmond, Ind.—Granted extension of program test period for 30 days from Aug. 4, pending action on license application.
- WNBD**—WDSU, Inc., New Orleans, La.—Granted temporary authority to operate broadcast pickup station WNBD (over station WDSU) as licensed Aug. 3 to 16, inclusive, to broadcast from ferry.
- WHIO**—The Miami Valley Broadcasting Corp., Dayton, Ohio—Granted extension of program test period for 30 days from July 28.
- WIEK**—WIEL—Atlantic Broadcasting Corp., New York City, N. Y.—Granted temporary authority to operate broadcast pickup stations as licensed Aug. 5 to 10 inclusive, in connection with tests and air show of Army maneuvers at Camp Knox.
- KGKO**—Broadcast Station KGKO, Wichita Falls, Tex.—Granted temporary authority to operate station without antenna ammeter for period of 10 days.
- KSTP**—Nat'l. Battery Broadcasting Co., St. Paul, Minn.—Granted C. P. for approval of transmitter site and installation of vertical radiator; 1460 kc., 10 KW night, 25 KW day, unlimited time.
- KWTO**—Ozarks Broadcasting Co., Springfield, Mo.—Granted modification of C. P. approving transmitter site and vertical radiator.
- KRRV**—Red River Valley Broadcasting Corp., Sherman, Tex.—Granted modification of C. P. approving transmitter and studio sites and changes in equipment.
- KWJJ**—KWJJ Broadcast Co. Inc., Portland, Ore.—Granted extension of temporary authority to operate on 1040 kc., limited time, and resume operation from 9 to 3 a. m., PST, for the period Aug. 1, 1936 to Feb. 1, 1937.
- WJAG**—The Norfolk Daily News, Norfolk, Neb.—Granted extension of temporary authority to operate on 1060 kc., with power of 1 KW, and limited time for the period Aug. 1, 1936 and ending Feb. 1, 1937.
- WTIC**—The Travelers Broadcasting Service Corp., Hartford, Conn.—Granted extension of special experimental authority to

RENEWAL OF LICENSES

The following stations were granted renewal of licenses for the regular period:

- operate unlimited time simultaneously with KRLD, Dallas, Tex., on a frequency of 1040 kc., with power of 50 KW for period Aug. 1, 1936 to Feb. 1, 1937.
- WESG—The Cornell University, Elmira, N. Y.—Granted extension of special temporary experimental authority to operate daytime to sunset at New Orleans on frequency of 850 kc., with power of 1 KW for period Aug. 1, 1936 to Feb. 1, 1937.
- KTHS—Hot Springs Chamber of Commerce, Hot Springs, Ark.—Granted extension of special temporary authority to operate on frequency of 1060 kc., with power of 10 KW simultaneously with station WBAL from 6 a. m. to LS from Aug. 1, 1936 to Feb. 1, 1937.
- KRLD—KRLD Radio Corp., Dallas, Tex.—Granted extension of special temporary experimental authority to operate simultaneously with station WTIC, Hartford, Conn., for period Aug. 1, 1936, and ending not later than Feb. 1, 1937.
- WBAL—The WBAL Broadcasting Co., Baltimore, Md.—Granted extension of special temporary experimental authority to operate on 1060 kc., with power of 10 KW simultaneously with station KTHS from 6 a. m. to sunset at Hot Springs and alone from sunset at KTHS to 9 p. m., EST, to operate synchronously with WJZ on 760 kc., with power of 2.5 KW from 9 p. m., EST, to midnight employing directional antenna system for period Aug. 1, 1936 to Feb. 1, 1937.
- WOEH—National Broadcasting Co., Inc., Aboard Douglas Airplane NC-223-Y.—Granted extension of special temporary authority to operate regularly licensed temporary broadcast pickup station WOEH, piloted by Howard Hughes and accompanied by NBC operator announcer, as pickup station on frequencies in addition to licensed frequencies to describe flight from Los Angeles to Nome to Siberia and return to New York via Nome and California. Operation extended for period July 30 and ending not later than August 28; frequencies 1606, 2020, 2102, 2760, 4797.5, 6425, 8655, 12862.5 kc., 100 watts.
- WFAA—A. H. Belo Corp., Dallas, Tex.—Granted extension of special temporary authority to use joint call letters WFAA-WBAP and waive the requirements of Rule 156 for period August 1, 1936, to December 1, 1936, in order to broadcast programs of Central Exposition of the Texas Centennial Celebration in Dallas and the Frontier Celebration in Fort Worth.
- WBAP—Carter Publications, Inc., Fort Worth, Tex.—Granted extension of special temporary authority to use joint call letters WFAA-WBAP and waive the requirements of Rule 156 for period August 1, 1936, to December 1, 1936, in order to broadcast programs of Central Exposition of the Texas Centennial Celebration in Dallas and the Frontier Celebration in Fort Worth.
- KWLC—Luther College, Decorah, Iowa.—Granted modification of special temporary authority to remain silent for period August 8, 1936, to August 31, 1936, inclusive, and to operate a minimum of 1 hour per week for period September 1 to September 9, 1936, in order to observe summer vacation.
- KGFG—Oklahoma Broadcasting Co., Inc., Oklahoma City, Okla.—Granted extension of special temporary authority to operate station without an approved frequency monitor for the period July 30 to August 28, 1936.
- WMAZ—Southeastern Broadcasting Co., Inc., Macon, Ga.—Granted special temporary authority to operate without antenna ammeter for a period July 21 to August 19, 1936.
- WWVA—West Virginia Broadcasting Corp., Wheeling, W. Va.—Granted special temporary authority to operate with a temporary antenna pending the rebuilding of towers demolished by storm, for period July 28 to August 26, 1936.
- KSCJ—Perkins Bros. Co. (The Sioux City Journal), Sioux City, Iowa.—Granted special temporary authority to use auxiliary transmitter, with 250 watts power, as main transmitter for period July 22 to August 10, 1936, pending installation of regular transmitter at new site.
- KFJR—Ashley C. Dixon, KFJR, Inc., Portland, Ore.—Granted extension of special temporary authority to operate station without an approved frequency monitor for period August 1 to August 7, 1936.
- KGfJ-W6XKG—Ben S. McGlashan, Los Angeles, Calif.—Granted special temporary authority to operate broadcast station KGfJ and high frequency broadcast station W6XKG to rebroadcast programs of Olympic Games for period August 3 to August 30, 1936.
- KMMJ, Clay Center, Nebr.; KMPC, Beverly Hills, Calif.; WLWL, New York City; WWVA and auxiliary, Wheeling, W. Va.
- WCAU (Aux.)—WCAU Broadcasting Co., Philadelphia, Pa.—Present license for auxiliary transmitter extended on a temporary basis only for the period ending September 1, 1936, pending receipt and action on application for renewal.
- WMFJ—W. Wright Esch, Daytona Beach, Fla.—Present license extended on a temporary basis for the period August 1, 1936, to September 1, 1936, pending receipt and action on renewal application.
- WRDO—WRDO, Inc., Augusta, Me.—Present license extended on a temporary basis for the period August 1, 1936, to September 1, 1936, pending receipt and action on renewal application.
- WWAE—Hammond-Calumet Broadcasting Corp., Hammond, Ind.—Present license extended on a temporary basis for the period August 1, 1936, to September 1, 1936, pending receipt and action on renewal application.
- WCBD—WCBD, Inc., Waukegan, Ill.—Present license extended for a period of 3 months from August 1, 1936, upon a temporary basis only subject to such action as may be taken on application for renewal and for transfer of control pending before it.
- WOCL—W. E. Newton, Jamestown, N. Y.—Present license extended on a temporary basis only for the period August 1 to September 1, 1936, subject to such action as may be taken upon application for renewal pending before the Commission.
- W2XBH—Radio Pictures, Inc., Long Island City, N. Y.—Present special experimental station license extended for a period of one month from August 1 to September 1, 1936, on a temporary basis only, pending action on renewal application.

MISCELLANEOUS

NEW—National Battery Broadcasting Co., St. Paul, Minn.—Designated for hearing C. P. for new station, 920 kc., 1 KW, unlimited time, using directional antenna.

WELI—City Broadcasting Corp., New Haven, Conn.—Denied request for special authority to operate from local sunset to 8 p. m., EST, power 500 watts, for a period not to exceed 30 days.

KUSD—University of South Dakota, Vermillion, S. Dak.—The Commission reconsidered its action in designating for hearing applications for renewal of license and modification of license to change hours of operation from share KUSD and WILL ½ time, KFNF ½ time to share KFNF-KUSD ⅓ time, KFNF ⅔ time, dismissed said applications from hearing docket and granted renewal of license on a regular basis.

WNBC—State Broadcasting Corp., New Britain, Conn.—Denied special temporary authority to operate from local sunset to 8 p. m., EST, for a period not to exceed 30 days, for the purpose of disseminating political information.

The Broadcast Division denied the petition filed by the E. E. Long Piano Co., requesting that the Commission reconsider its action of July 2, 1936, in granting the application of Christina M. Jacobson, d/b as The Valley Electric Co., for a new station at San Luis Obispo, Calif. (site to be determined subject to Commission's approval), subject to Rule 131, and denying the application of the E. E. Long Piano Co. for a new station at San Luis Obispo.

The Broadcast Division denied the motion filed on behalf of Earl C. Anthony, Inc. (KFI), Los Angeles, Calif., requesting the Commission to remand the application of Radio Broadcasting Corp. (KTFI), Twin Falls, Idaho, for modification of license, for further hearing.

The Broadcast Division denied the motion filed on behalf of Southland Industries, Inc., requesting Commission to remand for further hearing the application of J. Laurance Martin, Tucumcari, N. Mex., for C. P.

The Broadcast Division granted the petition filed on behalf of the Pee Dee Broadcasting Co., of Florence, S. C., protesting the action of the Commission on July 2, 1936, in granting without a hearing the application of O. Lee Stone for C. P. for new station in Florence, and directed that said application be designated for hearing in accordance with provisions of Rule 104.4 and that the effective date of Commission's action on said application be postponed until the date of Commission's decision after hearing on the protest as contemplated by the rules.

The Broadcast Division denied the petition of O. Lee Stone (applicant for a new station at Florence, S. C., granted July 2, 1936, without hearing subject to Rule 104.4), praying the Commission to dismiss the protest filed by the Pee Dee Broadcasting Co. to said grant. The Broadcast Division granted the petition submitted by the Pee Dee Broadcasting Co. by way of answer to the aforesaid petition of Mr. Stone, in so far as it requests a hearing on said protest in accordance with provisions of Rule 104.4.

APPLICATIONS GRANTED

KRKO—Lee E. Mudgett, Everett, Wash.—Granted C. P. to install new transmitter.

KFVS—Hirsch Battery & Radio Co., Cape Girardeau, Mo.—Granted authority to install automatic frequency control.

WNLC—Thames Broadcasting Corp., New London, Conn.—Granted modification of C. P. to change type of equipment and antenna system.

WCLO—Gazette Printing Co., Janesville, Wis.—Granted modification of C. P. to change type of equipment.

WHLB—Head of the Lakes Broadcasting Co., Virginia, Minn.—Granted modification of C. P. approving transmitter site and make changes in equipment.

KHQ—Louis Wasmer, Inc., Spokane, Wash.—Granted modification of C. P. approving transmitter site and erection of vertical radiator.

KMA—May Seed & Nursery Co., Shenandoah, Iowa.—Granted modification of C. P. to change type of equipment and move transmitter.

WCMI—The Ashland Broadcasting Co., Inc., Ashland, Ky.—Granted modification of C. P. authorizing local move.

WKBB—Sanders Bros. Radio Station, E. Dubuque, Ill.—Granted license to cover C. P., 1500 ke., 100 watts, 250 watts LS, unlimited time.

WAAF—Drovers Journal Pub. Co., Chicago, Ill.—Granted license to cover C. P., 920 ke., 1 KW, daytime only.

WKBV—Knox Radio Corp., Richmond, Ind.—Granted license to cover C. P., 1500 ke., 100 watts night, 250 watts day, specified hours.

WJNO—Hazelwood, Inc., W. Palm Beach, Fla.—Granted license to cover C. P., 1200 ke., 100 watts, unlimited time.

WMBD—Peoria Broadcasting Co., Peoria, Ill.—Granted license to cover C. P., 1440 ke., 500 watts night, 1 KW day, unlimited time.

WNBD—WDSU, Inc., New Orleans, La.—Granted authority to operate broadcast pickup station WNBD, as licensed, for the period August 20 to 22, inclusive, in order to broadcast Louisiana State U. open golf tournament.

WAPI—WAPI Broadcasting Corp., Birmingham, Ala.—Granted authority to operate without antenna ammeter for period of 10 days from August 6, 1936.

WABG—Memphis Commercial Appeal, Inc., Memphis, Tenn.—Granted authority to extend service tests of station WABG for period of 30 days beginning August 6, 1936.

KIIQ—KMTR Radio Corp., Los Angeles, Calif.—Granted authority to operate broadcast pickup station KIIQ as licensed, from September 4 to 7, inclusive, to broadcast National Air Races from Los Angeles Municipal Airport. Also to operate station KIIQ as licensed, from August 8 to 12, inclusive, to cover the American Legion Convention in Los Angeles.

KWK—Thomas Patrick, Inc., St. Louis, Mo.—Granted authority to extend equipment test period for 10 days from August 9.

WIP—Pennsylvania Broadcasting Co., Philadelphia, Pa.—Granted extension of special temporary authority to operate a 50-watt portable test transmitter between the hours of 1 and 6 a. m., EST, for the period beginning August 10 and ending no later than August 19, 1936, in connection with construction of station's proposed new antenna.

WKAR—Michigan State College, E. Lansing, Mich.—Granted special temporary authority to operate with reduced hours for period August 8 and ending no later than September 17, in order to observe school vacation.

WCAX—Burlington Daily News, Inc., Burlington, Vt.—Granted special temporary authority to operate from 2 to 4:30 p. m., EDST, on August 14, and from 2 to 3:30 p. m., EDST, on August 15, in order to broadcast American Legion Convention and Parade.

KOIL—Central States Broadcasting Co., Council Bluffs, Iowa.—Granted special temporary authority to operate a 50- to 100-watt portable test transmitter between hours of 1 and 6 a. m., CST, for a period not to exceed 30 days, in order to determine new transmitter site for KOIL.

National Broadcasting Co., Inc., New York City.—Granted extension of authority to transmit programs to foreign countries for a period not to exceed 30 days from August 10, 1936, pending receipt and/or action on formal application.

W9XAF—The Journal Co., The Milwaukee Journal, Milwaukee, Wis.—Present license for special experimental station extended for a period of 1 month from August 1 to September 1, 1936, on a temporary basis only, pending the receipt of and action on renewal application.

KMA—May Seed and Nursery Co., Shenandoah, Iowa.—Granted petition for special temporary authority to operate unlimited time for a period ending in no event later than September 10, 1936, pending action on and completion of construction.

APPLICATIONS RECEIVED

First Zone

WJAR—The Outlet Co., Providence, R. I.—Construction permit **890** to make changes in equipment and increase power from 1 KW to 1 KW night, 5 KW day.

WJAR—The Outlet Co., Providence, R. I.—Construction permit **890** to move old W.E. D-94994 transmitter from The Outlet Co. Bldg., 176 Weybosset Street, Providence, R. I., to junction Newport and Ferris Ave., Rumford, E. Providence, R. I., for auxiliary purposes only.

WTHT—The Hartford Times, Inc., Hartford, Conn.—License to **1200** cover construction permit (B1-P-360) for a new station.

NEW—Harold Thomas, Pittsfield, Mass.—Construction permit for **1310** a new broadcast station to be operated on **1310 ke.**, 100 watts, 250 watts day, unlimited time.

WAWZ—Pillar of Fire, Zarephath, N. J.—Authority to install **1350** automatic frequency control.

WAWZ—Pillar of Fire, Zarephath, N. J.—Construction permit to **1350** install a new transmitter and antenna.

WHDL—Olean Broadcasting Co., Inc., Olean, N. Y.—Construction **1420** permit to install new equipment, change frequency from **1420 ke. to 1400 ke.**; increase power from 100 watts to 500 watts; and move transmitter from Exchange National Bank Bldg., corner Union and Laurens Streets, Olean, N. Y., to Town of Allegany, N. Y. Amended to change type of equipment and change requested power to 250 watts.

W3XEY—The Baltimore Radio Show, Inc., Baltimore, Md.—License to cover construction permit for a new general experimental station.

NEW—World Wide Broadcasting Corp., Boston, Mass.—Construction permit for a new experimental relay broadcast station to be operated on **6040 and 11790 ke.**, 5 KW.

Second Zone

WKZO—WKZO, Inc., Kalamazoo, Mich.—Construction permit to **590** install new equipment.

WIP—Pennsylvania Broadcasting Co., Philadelphia, Pa.—Extension of special experimental authorization to operate with 1 KW power for the period from 9-1-36 to 3-1-37.

NEW—Sharon Herald Broadcasting Co., near Sharon, Pa.—Construction permit for a new station to be operated on **780 ke.**, 250 watts, daytime.

NEW—David J. Mercier and George F. Warren, d/b as Northern **830** Broadcasting Co., Traverse City, Mich.—Construction permit for a new station to be operated on **830 ke.**, 500 watts, daytime.

NEW—The Louisville Times Co., Louisville, Ky.—Construction **1210** permit for a new station to be operated on **1210 ke.**, 100 watts, unlimited time.

WCMI—The Ashland Broadcasting Co., Inc., Ashland, Ky.—**1310** Modification of construction permit (B2-P-1099) for equipment changes and increase in power, to further request move of studio and transmitter from Hotel Henry Clay, Winchester Street at 16th, Ashland, Ky., to 20th and Greenup Streets, Ashland, Ky.

WEED—William Avera Wynne, Rocky Mount, N. C.—License to **1420** cover construction permit (B2-P-1059) for changes in equipment and increase in power.

W8XIH—WJR, The Goodwill Station, Portable-Mobile.—License to cover construction permit for a new general experimental station.

King—Trendle Broadcasting Corp., Detroit, Mich.—Authority to transmit programs from Station WXYZ to stations of the Canadian Radio Commission.

Third Zone

- WFOR—Forrest Broadcasting Co., Inc., Hattiesburg, Miss.—
680 License to cover construction permit (B3-P-1068) for new equipment and move of studio.
- NEW—R. W. Page Corp., Columbus, Ga.—Construction permit
950 for a new station to be operated on 950 kc., 250 watts, unlimited time.
- NEW—Columbia Radio Co., Inc., Columbia, S. C.—Construction
1200 permit for a new station to be operated on 1200 kc., 100 watts, unlimited time.
- WDAE—Tampa Times Co., Tampa, Fla.—Extension of special
1220 experimental authorization to operate with power of 2½ KW day, with equipment changes, from 10-1-36 to 4-1-37.
- KGFI—Eagle Broadcasting Co., Inc., Corpus Christi, Tex.—Con-
1500 struction permit to install new equipment and move trans-
mitter from Broadway and Leopard Street, Corpus Christi, Tex., to Ocean Drive, Corpus Christi, Tex. Amended to install vertical antenna.
- NEW—Wilton E. Hall, Portable-Mobile.—Construction permit for
a new relay broadcast station to be operated on 31100, 34600, 37600, 40600 kc., 0.5 watts.

Fourth Zone

- NEW—News-Tribune Co., Duluth, Minn.—Construction permit
630 for a new broadcast station to be operated on 630 kc., 250 watts, unlimited time.
- WCBF—WCBF, Inc., Waukegan, Ill.—Authority to make changes
1080 in automatic frequency control.
- WCLO—Gazette Printing Co., Janesville, Wis.—Modification of
1200 construction permit (B4-P-1038) for move of transmitter and increase in power, requesting further changes in authorized equipment.
- WSBC—WSBC, Inc., Chicago, Ill.—License to cover construction
1210 permit (B4-P-1037) for move of station and changes in antenna.
- KGBX—Springfield Broadcasting Co., Springfield, Mo.—Con-
1310 struction permit to make changes in equipment, increase power from 500 watts to 1 KW, and move studio from 508 St. Louis Street, Springfield, Mo., to Chamber of Commerce Building, Walnut and Jefferson Streets, Springfield, Mo.
- KSCJ—Perkins Brothers Co. (The Sioux City Journal), Sioux
1330 City, Iowa.—License to cover construction permit (B4-P-619) as modified for changes in equipment, move of transmitter, and change hours of operation.
- KCMO—Lester E. Cox, Thomas L. Evans and C. C. Payne,
1370 Kansas City, Mo.—License to cover construction permit (B4-P-1033) for new equipment, move of transmitter and studio.
- NEW—C. W. Corkhill, Sioux City, Iowa.—Construction permit for
1420 a new station to be operated on 1200 kc., 100 watts, unlimited time. Amended to change frequency from 1200 kc. to 1420 kc.
- NEW—WDZ Broadcasting Co., Portable-Mobile.—Construction
permit for a new relay broadcast station to be operated on 31100, 34600, 37600, 40600 kc., 10 watts.
- NEW—WDZ Broadcasting Co., Portable-Mobile.—Construction

permit for a new relay broadcast station to be operated on 31100, 34600, 37600, 40600 kc., 10 watts.

- NEW—WDZ Broadcasting Co., Portable-Mobile.—Construction
permit for a new relay broadcast station to be operated on 31100, 34600, 37600, 40600 kc., 2 watts.
- NEW—WDZ Broadcasting Co., Portable-Mobile.—Construction
permit for a new relay broadcast station to be operated on 31100, 34600, 37600, 40600 kc., 2 watts.
- NEW—WDZ Broadcasting Co., Portable-Mobile.—Construction
permit for a new relay broadcast station to be operated on 1622, 2058, 2150, 2790 kc., 40 watts.
- NEW—WDZ Broadcasting Co., Portable-Mobile.—Construction
permit for a new relay broadcast station to be operated on 1622, 2058, 2150, 2790 kc., 100 watts.

Fifth Zone

- KLZ—KLZ Broadcasting Co., Denver, Colo.—License to cover
560 construction permit (5-P-B-3274) for move of transmitter, new equipment, and increase in power.
- KLZ—KLZ Broadcasting Co., Denver, Colo.—Authority to de-
560 termine operating power by direct measurement of antenna.
- KJR—Fisher's Blend Station, Inc., Seattle, Wash.—Construction
970 permit to make changes in equipment and increase power from 5 KW to 10 KW.
- KOOS—Pacific Radio Corp., Marshfield, Ore.—Modification of
1200 construction permit (B5-P-940) for changes in equipment and move of transmitter, requesting further changes in equipment, change hours of operation from daytime to unlimited time, using 250 watts power, and extend commencement and completion dates from 6-24-36 and 12-24-36, respectively, to 60 days after grant and six months thereafter.
- KTW—First Presbyterian Church, Seattle, Wash.—Authority to
1220 make changes in automatic frequency control.
- NEW—Chauncey W. Hammond, Oakland, Calif.—Construction
1280 permit for a new station to be operated on 1280 kc., 500 watts, 1 KW day, unlimited time. Amended to change requested power from 500 watts night, 1 KW day, to 1 KW day and night.
- KGCX—E. E. Krebsbach, Wolf Point, Mont.—Modification of
1310 construction permit (B5-P-444) for new equipment, move of transmitter, change in frequency, increase in power, and change in hours of operation, requesting changes in authorized equipment and move of transmitter 1 mile from present authorized site, Wolf Point, Mont.
- KID—KID Broadcasting Co., Inc., Idaho Falls, Idaho.—Modifica-
1320 tion of construction permit (B5-P-559) for move of transmitter and increase in power, requesting to install a vertical antenna and to give exact transmitter site as near Idaho Falls, Idaho. Amended to give exact transmitter site as 2¾ miles southeast of Idaho Falls on the Ammon Highway, Booneville County, Idaho.
- KAST—Abraham Shapiro, Astoria, Ore.—Voluntary assignment of
1370 license from Abraham Shapiro to Astoria Broadcasting Co.
- KGGC—The Golden Gate Broadcasting Co. (Robert J. Craig),
1420 San Francisco, Calif.—Construction permit to install a new transmitter.